St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

VOL. XXXI. ST. LOUIS, FRIDAY, AUGUST 25, 1882. NO. 70.

TRY OUR WANT COLUMNS.

TRY OUR TEN CENT WANT COLUMNS.

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LATEST WAR NEWS

Telegrams From Active Parties.

New York, Aug. 23, 1882.

LEUBRIE BROS, St. Louis, Mo.

The firm of Fulton, Adams & Co. having closed their doors, their large stock of dry goods, notions, etc., was sold under the hammer, and I was the lucky purchaser. The inventory is now being completed and goods will go forward at once; meanwhile DISPOSE OF ALL SUMMER GOODS REGARDLESS OF COST.

LOU. LEUBRIE.

J. C. KIRKBRIDE'S DRUG STORE,

3500 Olive Street, St. Louis, Mo.

Allen and Herring's English Herbs and Extracts only used; also Wilson's Select Herbs, and only Squibb's Chloroform and Ergot used in Prescriptions.

A Select Stock of Hair Brushes, Combs, Soaps, Sponges, Mirrors, Perfumery, Fancy and Toilet Articles, both English and German.

Prescriptions Compounded by Graduates of Pharmacy, in English, German and French.

CHARTER OAK STOVES AND TINNERS' STOCK OF ALL KINDS FOR SALE BY EXCELSIOR MANUFACTURING CO.

JOHN C. HALL & CO. Established 1873 FIRE INSURANCE MARINE SAINT LOUIS

EUROPEAN STEAMERS.

HAMBURG LINE.

for England, France and Germany.

SUEVIA.....September 7 | *CIMBRIA.....August 26
WESTPHALIA...Sept..... 14 | GELLERT.....August 31
BOHEMIA..... Sept. 16 | SILESIA.....September 2

Steamers marked * take cabin passengers at the rate of $60 (no distinction being made between first and second cabins).

C. B. RICHARD & CO., Gen. Pass. Agts., 61 Broadway, New York.

Agents in St. Louis: Fourth National Bank, International Bank. J. P. White & Co., M. Jacoby.

Bicycles & Velocipedes

SIMMONS HARDWARE CO.

The McMahon Murder.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., August 25.—Information received here from Mount Pulaski is to the effect that the authorities are making but slow progress in the triple murder case in Logan county. The young man Rush is at large, and will probably be permitted to go. Search parties are still at work, but if they have found any clue they keep the fact quiet. The rewards offered now foot up $6,800, and will be increased by friends and various private parties to $10,000. The only thing that seems reasonably certain is that the murder was committed by some one living in the neighborhood.

Failures for a Week.

NEW YORK, August 25.—The business failures throughout the country reported to New York for the past seven days number 107, a slight increase on last week. Eastern States, 15; Western, 38; Southern, 20; Middle, 18; Pacific States and Territories, 11, and New York City, 5. The only assignments of any consequence in New York City are W. & J. Sirusz, shoes, and Billings & Co., pianos.

Two Nominees.

PHILADELPHIA, August 24.—A Knoxville, Tenn., special says William Rule was nominated for Congress yesterday by a portion of the delegates of the Second District and L. C. Houk by another set. Both are likely to run.

Last Edition.

THE WAR.

Arabi Pasha Sets a Price on De Lesseps' Head.

The Turks Disgusted With Dufferin—The British Advance.

ALEXANDRIA, August 25.—The enemy are pitching a number of tents in front of their positions, but this is believed to be a ruse to mark the withdrawal of troops. It is now known that the enemy are entrenching at Heliopolis, a few miles east of Cairo.

NOT A REBEL.

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 25.—Said Pasha and Assym Pasha, Turkish delegates to the conference, advanced fresh demands relative to the Military Convention with England, to the effect that the Turks should land at Alexandria and that the proclamation relative to Arabi Pasha, instead of declaring him a rebel, should summon him to submit to the Khedive.

ADVANCING.

ALEXANDRIA, August 25.—The British have occupied MAXOMA.

DE LESSEPS IN DANGER.

ALEXANDRIA, August 25.—It is rumored that Arabi Pasha accuses De Lesseps of having deceived him with false promises so as to be able to sell the Suez Canal to the English, and he has set a price on De Lesseps' head.

AN UNEASY AMBASSADOR.

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 25.—Neledoff, the Russian Ambassador here, finding it impossible, in the face of the decided attitude of Lord Dufferin, to get the stipulations of the military convention with Turkey and England examined and if necessary modified by the conference, is now endeavoring to have the document officially communicated to the conference as soon as it is signed. At the same time he wishes to extract from Great Britain a formal declaration that she will seek no exclusive advantage in Egypt, and will submit the final solution of the question to the decision of Europe. Neledoff has already obtained the support to his effort of at least one of his colleagues.

The Morning Budget.

ALEXANDRIA, August 24.—The project of English ladies to start for Egypt to relieve poor natives is a useless one. The poor have been enriched by plunder. Intelligence received at the palace states that the Boukal el Dakrur Railway has been cut a short distance south of El Kilah, supposed to be by Bedouins, to cut off Arabi Pasha's retreat to Upper Egypt. Sultan Pasha has recent advices that there is a strong feeling against Arabi in Upper Egypt on account of his exactions. The English will push on towards Cairo. Negotiations are pending to secure the release of twelve of the crew of the Austrian ship Nautilus, who were captured by the Arabs while on shore at Aboukir on Monday. The rebels are constructing new batteries on the line of the railroad to Cairo. The guns on Water Works Hill exchanged a few shots with them to-day. The absence of balloons is much regretted, as they would facilitate observations. While Arabi Pasha knows all of his opponents' moves, they know none of his. The troops at Fort Ghemileh are reported wavering in their allegiance to Arabi Pasha, and many are deserting. The Twenty-sixth Company of Royal Engineers arrived to-day and proceeded to Ramleh. A spy was captured to-day while attempting to pass the British lines. Two shells were fired from the British forty-pounders at the enemy, who were extending intrenchments, this afternoon. They were completely scattered. It is said that Ali Bey Jussef, Governor of the Citadel at Cairo, is willing to hand his charge over to the English in the name of the Khedive.

MALTA, August 24.—The transport Lydian Monarch, with the headquarters of the commissariat and the transport corps, arrived here on the way to Egypt. The Orontes, with sick and injured from Alexandria, has arrived.

SUEZ, August 24.—The transport Galatea arrived with troops from Bombay.

PORT SAID, August 24.—Several of Arabi Pasha's officers have arrived at Kantarah from the Egyptian camp at Salahieh to make submission to the British. A letter from the commandant at Fort Ghemileh has been received by the Sheikhs in the Arabs' Quarter, Port Said, charging them to warn the inhabitants to flee in consequence of a rumor that a black regiment was advancing on Port Said from Damietta. A British force, with some artillery, has been sent beyond the native quarter. Lord Charles Beresford arrived at Ismailia yesterday. Marice Bey, Zorab Bey and other Egyptian officers, who left for the front yesterday in company with Lord Charles Beresford, will be of immense service to the English staff when the inevitable collapse of Arabi's power begins, as they can discriminate between real traitors and those merely forced into rebellion.

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 24.—The Porte has filed a protest with Lord Dufferin against cutting off telegraphic communication with Egypt.

ISMAILIA, August 24.—The enemy shelled the cavalry while on the advance to-day, killing a few men. Rameses has been evacuated. The enemy are reported in force ten miles off. Occasionally they attack outpickets.

LONDON, August 24.—It is generally expected that the British will move forward in strength on Sunday.

The Field of Operations.

From the New York Herald.

The geography of the region to the westward of the Suez Canal, where the forces of Sir Garnet Wolseley are now operating, has been very unsatisfactorily laid down by the cartographers in general. Almost all of this territory between Ismailia and the Nile has been populated from the beginning of this century, and notably after the reign of Mehemet Ali began, and this was followed by the great improvements of internal canalization, the result of which was that numerous small settlements grew up, and those which were insignificant villages became flourishing cities supporting an active trade. This can best be illustrated by the fact that when Lane wrote his "Modern Egyptians" in 1834 Lower Egypt had a population of only 2,000,000, while in 1882 it has risen to 6,000,000. Much of this increase came from the importation of the natives of Syria, Arabia and the Soudan, not to speak of that nondescript class of men styled Levantines, and which is the generic name of that class of rascals who are neither Jew, Gentile nor Mohammedan. Of such a conglomerate people are the inhabitants of all the towns bordering the Suez Canal, and they originally built the several towns because this artificial waterway gave them support. In the transit of the canal, taking thirty-six hours for the largest class of vessels, there is a great deal of profitable bumboat traffic for the native merchants, not to speak of the almost constant employment to the industrious, who find a fair return for their labor in assisting in the repair and maintenance of the canal. It is interesting in this connection, and as showing the support given along the waterway, to quote from the official organ of the Suez Canal Company, under date of August 2, 1882, the statistics of navigation:

	Vessels.
Transit of vessels from July 1 to 10, 1882	71
Transit of vessels from July 11 to 20, 1882	78
Transit of vessels from July 21 to 31, 1882	89
Total July, 1882	238

The receipts for this period were 4,500,000f, or $900,000. It will be understood, therefore, that such towns as Shalouf, where the engagement of Monday took place, are kept alive only by employment given by the canal control. This little settlement is the place of anchorage for the dredges and the scows, and has a mixture of all kinds of civilization, evidenced by the bazaars, the drinking shops and the vile dens of frail women. Thereabouts can be seen the Chinaman, the keen-eyed East Indian, the Arab, the fellah, the impecunious Persee, the dilapidated Frenchman, the tropical contractor, and that potent individual about this pivotal country of the earth—the telegraph operator. The life in Shalouf, as at Kantarah and the other new villages along the canal, is of the most degraded and reckless description. Hashesh, opium, vile arakis and other destroying drugs and poisons are dispensed to the debauched inhabitants by Greeks, Italians and thrifty Copts, and the traveler can nowhere find any lower forms of physical corruption and pollution than in these new settlements—the product of, forsooth! a modern civilization. The towns along the canal which will form the basis of Sir Garnet Wolseley's operations between Port Said and Suez are first Kantarah, then Mariam, Serapeum, Toussoum and Snoulouf-Sabora. These towns are all important points along the canal, and each one possesses a physical advantage peculiar in itself.

The country from the canal to the Nile is one-third desert. The other two-thirds consist of alluvial soil and flooded territory, the larger portion of the aggregate of which in times of peace is under high cultivation. From Shalouf, the scene of the late action, westward to Cairo, the country is mountainous, if overgrown hills can be called mountains. At any rate they are mountains to the Egyptians. It is into this Geneffe range that the 2,500 Arabs retired when they were dislodged from Shalouf. This range, extending away to the citadel of Cairo, is the strongest natural position in Egypt, and is on almost a parallel of latitude with Suez at one extremity and Cairo at the other, with the almost due east and west railway running along the northern foothills. The possession of the railway and the passes to the northward will form, doubtless, the most interesting military struggle of the conflict, if the war does not end before such an event can transpire. To northward of this range, stretching away in a northeasterly direction to Kantarah, is a desert, bounded on the east by the Suez Canal. As before stated, it comprises about one third of the territory of Egypt. To westward of the diagonal line drawn from the Kantarah to Cairo lies the arable and cultivated land, dotted by thousands of little mud villages, and intersected by hundreds of canals for purposes of transport and irrigation, particularly the latter. The desert is the home of the roaming Bedouin, while the great alluvial tract is the paradise of the fellaheen. It should be said, however, that along the railway running due westward from Ismailia to tap the Cairo and Alexandria Railway there is a narrow belt of reclaimed desert land under high cultivation, and teeming with bright and prosperous settlements, shaded by palm groves. This is a delightful ride, and the traveler does not soon forget it.

The next important town north of Shalouf is Toussoum, and, like the others mentioned, it contains a resident and floating population of about 3,000. It serves as a canal station and railway station, as does Serapeum. Mariam is not far from Ismailia, already fully described in the Herald. It will thus be seen that the movement on the part of the British in occupying Kantarah, is to command the key to the cultivated country and the desert, where they confront, as it were, the Bedouins and the trained troops at once and the same time. The object of the occupation of Shalouf is likewise palpable, for it is the eastern key to the Cairo and Suez Railway, from which British troops can be marched either to southward or northward of the Geneffe range, the eastern spur of which is but ten miles from Suez. It should be remembered, too, that the line of British operations now facing the internal and hostile armies of Arabi extends the entire length of the canal—that is, ninety-six miles—and that three kinds of warfare may ensue—desert fighting with Bedouins to northward of the Geneffe range; fighting in the open, over a cultivated country, and marine warfare should there be any disturbance among the tribes to eastward of the Suez Canal, which Arabi has promised. The difficulties of desert transport, because of the necessity and scarcity of mules and camels (there are few horses to be obtained in Lower Egypt), will make any campaign over the arid waste a very onerous and dangerous undertaking. Nor will the operations on the fertile track to northward be like campaigning along the macadamized highways of France or Brussels, with a Strasbourg or a Paris as an ultimatum. Ophthalmia and malarial fevers alternate with the desert and garden spot scattered by stagnant pools, and at this season of the year it is difficult to take an entirely sanguine view of the sanitary result for the British troops.

The facts here described may be established by any modern topographical and geological map of the delta, which, when consulted, will readily explain the very simple campaign projected by Sir Garnet Wolseley when he took the long line of the Suez Canal as his base of operations, at the same time taking captive England's threatened highway to India.

Bad Crops.

CHICAGO, August 25.—Philadelphia specials publish some very unfavorable reports of the crops in New England, covering nearly all that section and all kinds of crops. A lack of rain is the chief cause. Crop reports from the West are uniformly favorable, the fine rains within the past two days helped corn wonderfully. On 'Change there was a general advance. Prices at 11 o'clock—Wheat ½@¾ higher, corn ½@¾ higher, oats no sale, except August, which was steady, pork 10@22½ higher, lard 5@10 higher.

The Warren Fund

NEWPORT, R. I., August 25.—Upwards of $3,000 already subscribed to the fund now circulated for the family of the late Gen. G. K. Warren.

THREE OF A KIND.

Robert Parker Literally Jerked to Death at Aiken, S. C.

Redden, a Negro, Expiates a Cowardly Crime.

The Bryant Execution—Hanging a Fourteen-Year-Old Girl.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

AIKEN, S. C., August 25.—Robert Parker, the wife murderer, was hanged here shortly after noon in the jail yard, which is enclosed by an eighteen foot wall. The condemned man stood on the ground and was jerked up by rope and a 500 pound weight. He was calm and unflinching. He said he was ready to die, and stuck to the statement that his wife was poisoned by his paramour, Mrs. Bates. Yesterday he asked to be allowed to help in the erection of the gallows, but he was refused. The hanging was private. The town was crowded.

THE CRIME.

Robert Parker, hanged here to-day, was an illiterate farmer, born in Aiken county, 24 years of age. His wife, Caroline, was a plain, unattractive woman of 40. Their six years of wedded life was unhappy, owing to the husband's dissolute habits. In the early part of 1881 the Parkers rented a small farm near this town from Mrs. Harriet Bates, a middle aged widow who lived near by, and with whom Parker soon became unduly intimate. On the afternoon of the 22d of December last, Parker leaving his wife at home, started out in company with Mrs. Bates to attend a "frolic" that night seven miles distant. About two hours after her husband's departure, Caroline appeared at the house of her sister-in-law, Sarah Parker, and complained of feeling very sick. She said she was afraid she had been poisoned by a sweetened drink of whisky which her husband had given her, and which he told her had been sent by Mrs. Bates to cure a headache, of which she had been complaining that morning. Caroline rapidly grew worse, and she soon died in great agony. When Parker arrived he exhibited symptoms of the most intense grief, and declared that Mrs. Bates had poisoned his wife. A Coroner's inquest was held. At the preliminary hearing Mrs. Bates was discharged, but Parker was committed. A druggist testified that Parker came to his store on December 17, and asked for strychnine, with which to poison dogs. He sold him four grains. Parker's side of the story was that his wife had been poisoned by Mrs. Bates, with whom, he said, she had quarreled. Parker in his testimony several times contradicted himself. He was defended by able counsel. The jury, after an absence of a few minutes, found a verdict of guilty, and Parker was sentenced to be hanged on the 25th day of August. Parker's mother visited the Governor in person and besought a commutation of sentence, but to no avail.

A Private Execution.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

JACKSONVILLE, FLA., August 25.—A Madison, Fla., special says Wm. Bryon, the assassin of Jack Moore, was hanged in the Jail yard here privately this afternoon.

BRYAN'S CRIME.

The crime for which William Bryan was hanged here to-day was the assassination at Troy, Lafayette county, of Mr. Jack Moore, a stranger from Thomasville, Ga., who had been for a few days stopping at a private boarding-house in Troy. He was on some pretense enticed away from Capt. Edward's store, one evening about dark. One Jackson Bass went with Mr. Moore. They took a pathway to the right of the main road, and about one hundred yards further on they come to a small pond with a thicket near by. After entering the thicket they came suddenly upon one William Bryan, who seems to have been there by appointment. After a short time several pistol shots were heard. As soon as the pistol shots sounded on the air, followed by cries for help, Capt. Edwards, Mr. Burch and other good citizens rushed to the scene of the murder. When they arrived Moore was gasping in the last agony. Circumstances immediately raised suspicion against Bass and Bryan. The two were arrested next morning. After their arrest they made a full confession. Bass admits that he held Moore while Bryan shot him, and that he (Bass) afterwards rifled the dead man's pockets. Moore had been seen to have a considerable amount of money on his person. The exact amount taken by the murderers is not known. The officer who searched Bass and Bryan secured from Bass some $35, Bryan, with fiendish ferocity, shot the unarmed and helpless man three times, once through the rear of the head, once in the right side and a third time in the back. Death was almost instantaneous.

A Respite.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

AMHERST, VA., August 25.—Judge Burks has just granted a writ of error and supersedeas in the case of McDaniel to the November term. He will not hang to day, although the gallows and all are prepared.

Executing a Child.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

PETERSBURG, VA., August 25.—Gov. Cameron refuses to commute the sentence of Mary Booth, aged fourteen, to hang on November 17 for poisoning Mrs. Gray and Mr. Jones.

In Delaware.

NEW CASTLE, DEL., August 25.—James Redden, colored, was hanged this morning for committing an assault on a little girl in February last.

He Denies It.

CHICAGO, August 25.—Mr. Merrell, general manager of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul line, denies any intention of inaugurating a war on the Iowa pool by means of a one-sided arrangement with the Union Pacific. His road was determined to maintain the rates.

Chosen.

LOUISVILLE, KY., August 25.—The Democratic Convention of the Third Kentucky District has nominated John E. Halsell for Congress, vice John W. Caldwell, who declined renomination.

A Dastardly Deed.

KINGSTON, ONT., August 25.—A Kingston and Pembroke passenger train was thrown from the track near here last night by an iron obstruction placed on the track by an unknown party.

CRIMINAL CARELESSNESS.

Investigating the Railroad Accident Near Belleville.

The Evidence Shows That Gross Neglect Was the Cause.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

BELLEVILLE, August 25.—The railroad accident near Belleville, which was published in yesterday's POST-DISPATCH, proves to have been a serious affair. The Belleville train on the Illinois and St. Louis road, which leaves St. Louis before noon, was run into by a wild engine at the bluffs, five miles west of Belleville.

"Jenks" Ensminger, the engineer of the train, was killed instantly. Engineer Stone, who had charge of the wild engine, could give no explanation, except that he did not know that the passenger train was in his neighborhood. Julius Barinchol, fireman on the passenger train was badly scalded. Coroner Bader began the inquest over the remains of the dead engineer, Jenks Ensminger, this forenoon. Up to noon three witnesses had been examined, and the balance of the day will be consumed before a verdict can be reached. The witnesses examined were Superintendent Sharman, Master Mechanic Hockett, and Stone, the engineer of the wild engine. The testimony shows that Superintendent Sharman, from his office in St. Louis, ordered the locomotive to be sent to the dyke on the east side of the river. Hockett, the master mechanic, gave Stone,

A NEW MAN,

who had never made a trip over the road, orders to take the locomotive to its destination. He also gave him a time card. Stone, the engineer, in his testimony claims that he left at 10 o'clock, but the register shows his departure an hour later. He claims that he set his watch by the office time and thought it was right. The fact is he left the roundhouse at 11:05 a. m., about the time the passenger train leaves St. Louis, and was bound to collide with it at some point near the Bluff if he failed to take the side-track. It is understood that witnesses will be introduced this afternoon to show that Stone, after leaving the city limits with his wild engine, ran it at

A RECKLESS RATE

of high speed, and it is said that on approaching the bluffs some alarmed miners flagged him, knowing that he would run into the Belleville train. Stone is a son-in-law of the master mechanic. The impression is gaining strength that there was criminal negligence on the part of Stone and that it is shared to a considerable extent by Hockett. Stone is in custody. Ensminger will be buried Sunday afternoon by the Masons. Young Barnickol, the brave fireman, is dangerously scalded, but there are hopes of his recovery. The engineer was cut in two, but he died with his hand on the lever that reversed his engine.

HE MEANS MISCHIEF.

Red Cloud on the Rampage and Threatening an Outbreak.

WASHINGTON, August 25.—The following has been received at the War Department:

FORT ROBINSON, NEB., August 24.

Red Cloud says he has given the Indian Department sixty days' notice, in which time he wants an investigation and the agent removed or he will with his followers put the agent off by force and the department must be responsible if an outbreak follows. Red Cloud is cool but determined and has quite a following, which I am informed is daily increasing. Something should be done at once to counteract this influence; otherwise trouble will surely follow, the extent of which cannot be foreseen. A little more strength here and at Fort Niobrara would be judicious, and should be ordered at once. This would strengthen the Indian Department without interference from us and might save us greater trouble and expense in the end.

[Signed] E. V. SUMNER,
Major Fifth Cavalry, commanding.

Red Cloud Making Trouble.

CHICAGO, August 25.—McGillcuddy, a Sioux Indian agent at Pike Ridge, is here consulting Gen. Crook. He says there will be trouble there unless the Government takes decisive action. Red Cloud has determined to become chief and is quietly organizing a confederation for that purpose. He says he would resign rather than risk imminent assassination. His resignation would be an injury to the service.

OLD SETTLERS.

Preparations for the Reunion at Mt Pulaski in September.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., August 25.—For some time arrangements have been making for a reunion of old settlers of Illinois, to embrace all of that class that can be brought together from all sections of the State. The place chosen is Mt Pulaski, Logan county, and the arrangements are so far perfected that the date is now decided upon, September 13. The secretary of the committee of arrangements, in a private letter to a friend in this city, says there have already been donated for the occasion eight fat oxen, 100 fat sheep and as many fat pigs, all to be barbecued, and that they have notice of old settlers from as far north as Galena, and as far south as Mound City. The secretary says: "We will be prepared to entertain a host rester than ever before assembled at a settlers' reunion in this or probably any other Western State."

FIVE MEN KILLED.

Destruction of the Railroad Elevator at Buffalo Last Night.

BUFFALO, N. Y., August 25.—The loss of life in the burning of the New York, Lake Erie and Western Railroad Company's Elevator is now definitely ascertained to be five, viz., John C. Bowman, engineer; John Kemp, machinist; Charles Anterbach, bin-sweeper; James H. Lee Jr., weigh-master, and Timothy Driscoll, sweeper. Two bodies were recovered this morning but are so frightfully charred as to be unrecognizable. Nothing positive is yet known as to the cause of the explosion, although the supposition is it was due to an explosion of gas. The entire loss is estimated at $410,000. The elevator is estimated worth $250 000. Wheat, corn and oats stored therein, $150 000; freight shed, $5,000; freight and lumber, $5,000. Insurance, $190,000 on the building, with a general insurance on the grain.

Officers Elected.

CLEVELAND, O., August 25.—The Delta Tau Delta Convention adjourned at noon, after electing Prof. E. G. Walker, of Adrian, Mich., Grand Worthy President; Prof. John H. Grove, of Delaware, O., Grand President; Prof. John N Study, of Greencastle, Ind., Grand Secretary; W. B. Best, of Meadville, Grand Corresponding Secretary; Frank Koester, of Meadville, Grand Treasurer; Charles F. Townsend, Ohio, Secretary of State, Orator; Hon G. S. Orth, of Indiana, Alternate; Will Carleton Poet; C. M. Snyder, of Philadelphia, Alternate; Rev A. J. Culp, of Toronto, O., Song-Writer; H. W. Collingswood, of Boston, Alternate. The next convention will be held in Indianapolis, August 24, 25 and 26, 1883.

FOREIGN.

England.

LONDON, August 25.—The Hillsdale crew have returned to Hammersmith to-day and are all well. They will begin training to-morrow for their race with the crew of the Thames Rowing Club, which will be rowed September 14th, after which the Hillsdales sail for home.

Poland.

WARSAW, August 25.—A renewal of the outrages against the Jews is reported from the interior of Poland. The assailants are encouraged.

Ireland.

DUBLIN, August 25.—Lord Spencer, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, has declined to interfere with Judge Lawson's course in the case of Gray.

A SIEGE.

Gov. Sprague Defending the Canonchet Estate with Armed Men.

PROVIDENCE, August 25.—F. D. Moulton, the purchaser of the Canonchet estate, was repulsed from the property yesterday by ex-Gov. Sprague. To-day Trustee Chafee, with his lawyer, went down to put Moulton in possession, and found the place occupied by men hired and armed by Sprague. An anomalous flag was flung on the house, with armed men on the roof, on the lawn and at the various entrances. After an interview with Sprague's boy, who said the entrance would be resisted by rifles, gatling guns and mitrailleuse, Trustee Chafee decided to withdraw and give the State of Rhode Island a chance to enforce the law.

CAUSED BY CARDS.

A Double Murder, Quickly Followed by a Lynching.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., August 25.—A Gazette special from Amma, Ark., says: A Mountainburg, last night, Tom Simcoe, David Pope and Frank Lane got into a quarrel while playing cards. Lane drew a knife and cut Pope in the abdomen, disemboweling him, and then fatally stabbed Simcoe in the breast. Pope lived one hour. Simcoe is still alive this morning. At last accounts Lane was in the hands of a mob and was believed to be already lynched.

Indications.

WASHINGTON, August 25.—Tennessee and Ohio Valleys, partly cloudy weather, rain; easterly to southerly winds; stationary or slight rise in temperature; stationary or lower barometer. Lake Region, local rains and partly cloudy weather; slightly warmer east to south winds, becoming variable; stationary or lower barometer. Upper Mississippi and Lower Missouri Valleys, slightly warmer, partly cloudy weather; local rains in southern portions; stationary or lower barometer.

Saratoga Races.

SARATOGA, August 25.—First race, three-quarters of a mile, Jake White first, Patti second, Lutestring third. Time, 1:14¾.

Second race, mile and five hundred yards, Fellowplay first, Tom Plunkett second, Frankie B. third. Time, 2:19.

Third race, one mile, Jake White first, Valparaso second, Montaine third. Time, 1:43½.

Fourth race, hurdle race, 1¾ miles, Revenge first, Charlemagne second, Glasgow third. Time, 3:19

Saloonkeepers Ahead.

PHILADELPHIA, August 25.—A Missouri Valley, Iowa, special, says: Despite the Governor's proclamation the saloons are openly carrying on business. The Prohibitionists doubt whether they can prosecute successfully since the Legislature failed to enact a penalty. A test case yesterday resulted in a complete victory for the saloon interest. The case was tried before Judge Donaldson.

Good Indians.

CHICAGO, August 25.—A Pembina, Dakota, special says: Collector McMurtle has returned from the peace council with the Chiefs Little Shell, Little Ball and Red Thunder and seventy-five Indians and half-breeds in the Pembina Mountains. He says the Indians pledge themselves not to interfere with the customs officers hereafter. They admit their mistake in previous interferences.

Unparalleled Earnings.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

PHILADELPHIA PA., August 25.—The gross earnings of the Eastern lines of the Pennsylvania Road reach the unparalled figures of $4,149,000 for the past month. For seven months of the year they were $26,800,000 and the net earnings, $9 837,000, a net gain for the month of a half million of dollars.

The Usual Way.

CHICAGO, August 25.—A confidential clerk of J. P. Peabody & Co., named O'Neil, having lived a wild life, drunk and played heavily, fled, leaving his accounts $3.000 to $5.000 short. He was arrested here yesterday while paying a visit to his mistress.

John Brown's Widow.

CHICAGO, August 25.—A number of prominent citizens are working vigorously to get up a fitting reception for the widow of John Brown and atone for the fiasco of Wednesday. Money will be collected for her benefit.

Fire in a Factory.

LOUISVILLE KY., August 25.—A fire in Nelson & Co.'s furniture factory, Nineteenth and Main streets, this afternoon, damaged the building and machinery to the extent of $500; covered by insurance.

Bought Up.

CHICAGO, August 25.—A Topeka (Kansas) special says the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad has bought the Leavenworth, Topeka and Southwestern Line.

Benson Chosen.

PHILADELHHIA, August 25.—A Connersville, Ind., special says: The Democrats of the Sixth Congressional District have nominated Luther Benson.

River Commission.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 25.—A meeting of the Mississippi River Commission will be held in New York on Monday, not here as previously reported.

More of Merrick.

WASHINGTON, August 25.—In the Star Route trials Merrick resumed his argument for the prosecution this morning.

DEMOCRATS IN COUNCIL.

A Lively Meeting of the State Central Committee.

Col. Geo. Knapp Asks "Why Hyde and I Were Left Out."

Senator Vest Delivers an Address—Reports and Interviews.

This morning at 11 o'clock the Democratic State Central Committee met in the ladies' ordinary of the Laclede Hotel. Contrary to its canons and traditions, but profiting by the example of the Republican Committee, an open session was declared for the morning hour. The number of prominent politicians present was unusually large, among whom were Senator-George G. Vest and F. M. Cockrell, Hon. Charles H. Morgan, the Barton county nominee for Congress; Col. John A. Cosgrove, the Boonville nominee for Congress; Calvin F. Burnes, St. Joseph, representing his brother, James N. Burnes, the St. Joe nominee for Congress; A. M. Dockery, the Gallatin nominee for Congress; Gens. James Harding and A. M. Sevier, of the Board of Railroad Commissioners; Hon. M. K. McGrath, Secretary of State, Jefferson City; Col. John M. Richardson, Carthage, member of the State Board of Immigration; W. E. Coleman, of Marshall, the nominee for State Superintendent of Public Schools; Chas. T. Perrie, Boonville; Gov. Chas. P. Johnson, David W. Caruth, D. H. Naylor, Col. Dorsheimer, H. C. Brokmeyer, Frank Ryan, Geo. W. Anderson, Frank Merryman, Judge Thayer, D. H Armstrong, George Knapp, Gov. Campbell, W. V Kent and John F. Williams.

The following members of the committee were in attendance:

First District—Dr. D. H. Shields, Marion county; Second—Henry A. Newman of Randolph; Third—J. P. Thomas, of Gentry; Fourth—A. P. Morehouse, of Nodaway; Fifth—R. E. Cowan, of Jackson; Sixth—John S. Elliott, of Cooper; Seventh—D. A. Ball, of Pike; Eighth—E. A. Noonan, of St. Louis; Ninth—R D Lancaster, of St. Louis; Tenth—Jasper Burks, of St. Francois; Eleventh—Sam Mosby, of Maries; Twelfth—D. P. Stratton, of Cedar; Thirteenth—John O'Day, of Greene; Fourteenth—C. C. Stokes, of Stoddard county.

Hon. John O'Day, chairman of the committee, called the meeting to order and announced that the purpose of the assembly was to hear reports from the various Congressional districts of the State, preparatory to a complete organization.

Col. George Knapp arose promptly in his place and inquired if he was a welcome guest, and, on being affirmatively answered, he read the secretary's call, dated August 19, inviting all Democrats to be present. He declared that the call had accidentally fallen into his hands last night, and both he and Mr. Hyde had received no official information whatever of the meeting. He desired to know why the committee had slighted and insulted its own paper, which had always worked for the Democratic party, without hope of reward and with no desire for any office. He considered the slight intentional and demand an explanation.

Mr. O'Day said that no list had been furnished the secretary, and nobody had been invited personally by ed the State officers and the candidates for Congress. The committee was not being run for the benefit of any man or set of men, and the Republican was recognized as a good Democratic newspaper.

Col Knapp was not satisfied but demanded an explanation from the secretary, and otherwise made himself disagreeable.

Senator Vest was called upon to address the meeting. He said he had very little knowledge of the political affairs in Missouri, having been absent from the State for eight months. "But," said he, "it is the same old fight; under new names and new banners, perhaps, but the same old contest of the people against fraud and corruption. The Republican party, which taunted the Democracy with giving up its principles in the support of Horace Greeley, nomified its officeholders in Virginia that any affiliation with Mahone would be the cause for instant dismissal from office. Yet when Mahone came into power the eloquence and money of the Administration were given to him, and on the floor of the Senate Mr. Sherman, who had issued the first order of dismissal, defended Mahone to the extent of his ability. David Davis, who had declared the Republican party to be a party of corruption, fraud and trickery, was elected President of the Senate and Vice-President of the United States by that same Republican party, although Mr. Davis had never retracted one word of his charges against them. Here in Missouri, under the leadership of Chauncey I. Filley, they are after the spoils and pounders of office." The one thing that impressed the Senator at Washington was an astonishment that the Democratic party had an existence at all. With heavy assessments upon office-holders against the Democratic party; with the manufacturers, by virtue of the iniquitous tariff system, against them; with the wealth of the corporations and nine-tenths of the newspapers against, and nothing but the people with them, it was a political miracle that the Democracy was enabled to live. The Senator concluded by offering his services to the committee for any duty during the campaign.

D. Shields, Edward McCabe and Col. John F. Williams, of the First District, reported that they were able to hoe their own row and needed no assistance. There was some talk of running Mahone Democrat against Hatch, but it would amount to nothing.

The Second District was passed.

J. B. Thomas, from the Third District, said he desired to make his report in executive session.

J. S. Elliott, W. E. Coleman and John Cosgrove, of the Sixth District, reported the Sixth was good for 3 000 majority.

D. A. Ball, of the Seventh, said there was no trouble in his district, as Judge Buckner would be easily elected. He was followed by Gov Campbell and Dr. Pollard, who spoke to the same effect.

A telegram was read announcing the nomination of Alexander in the Third District, which was received with applause.

Gov. Brokmeyer, of the Eighth District, said he was not familiar with the particulars of the organization in his district, but if the party worked harmoniously there would be little difficulty in electing the nominee.

Dick Lancaster, of the Ninth, reported that if a good man was nominated he could be elected. George Knapp said nothing had been done as yet. The Congressional Committee had a meeting last Saturday and would meet again the 2d of September, but nothing was arranged for action. Gov. Johnson said the only difficulty was the amount of heavy timber in the district. Mr. Broadhead said the Democracy should not shirk any issue that agitated the people. They should not dodge the Prohibition issue, nor the Greenback issue, nor even the female suffrage issue. The tendency of the Prohibitionists is to carry everything to Washington and there attempt to dictate to the public what they should drink. It is making war upon individual liberty, it is fostering centralization, it is striking at the fundamental principles of Democracy, and the speaker wanted it understood that if he was to enter actively into this campaign he wanted the privilege of making war upon Prohibition. D. H. Armstrong said the only salvation of the party at large was for each State to send a solid delegation to Congress. Let an effort be made to get out every vote. There were 140,000 votes not cast at the last election, and the effort should be to secure the fullest vote. He thought the committee should give no countenance to Independent Democrats, for when a man ceased to be dependent upon a party nomination he ceased to be a Democrat. Mr. Merryman said that, whether the nominee was a veteran or a young man, there would be harmony in the party.

Jasper N. Burks, of the Tenth District, said the Democrats of his section had harmonized and learned to pull together. He thought the Republicans intended to "open a bar'l" in Missouri this fall, but the Democrats were prepared for them. The Independent Democrats, he said, should be fired out, particularly the one who is running for Congress in the Tenth District. They needed speakers, but no Prohibitionists should apply.

Sam. Mosby, of the Eleventh District, said that Silver Bill Bland would be elected without difficulty.

D. P. Stratton, of the Twelfth District, reported such large accessions to the population of his district that there was no certainty about the result. The Greenbackers had nominated a Mr. Spring, of Cass county, but no apprehensions were felt in that direction, for Charlie Morgan would be elected.

Messrs. Thomas and Joseph Wisby, of the Thirteenth, said their district was the political Jonah which was thrown out to the Republican whale, but they had a splendid orator and a popular man in Judge R. W. Fyan, and if good speakers were sent out by the committee to assist they would undoubtedly crawl out of the bush.

Senator Cockrell was called on to address the meeting, but said he had nothing new to present.

At 12:30 the committee took a recess until 2:30 o'clock, when it agreed to go into executive session.

Views and Interviews.

Hon. F. M. Cockrell, U. S. Senator, Warrensburg, Mo., says that he finds the Greenbackers of Missouri less plentiful than at the last campaign, and he believes they will be exterminated with this election. The Johnson county district would roll up an immense majority for Alex. Graves, who is one of the most promising young lawyers of Central Missouri. The Senator had no hing to say regarding the administration of his law partner, Gov. Thos. T. Crittenden, possibly preferring to leave the matter to Judge Finney's political history. Senator Cockrell is unchanged in appearance since his last election, and is seemingly in excellent health. He says he is prepared to take the stump this fall and add whatever a rough he possesses to the general welfare of the Democracy, especially in the close districts.

Hon. Geo. G. Vest United States Senator, Sedalia, Mo., at the Laclede. He has grown more dignified and less approachable since his fame has covered the country. He dresses to better style and smiles less often, showing in his very attitude the refining influences of the Potomac atmosphere. The Senator said he returned from Washington in time to attend the reunion of ex-Confederates, but only participated in the proceedings as a spectator. He expects to comply with whatever demands may be made upon him during the pending campaign. Regarding political affairs, he said he did not believe the charges preferred against Senator Conkling and he thought that Conkling would be returned to the Senate. It was his opinion that no important convictions would be had in the Star-Route cases, for it was contrary to the Republican policy to convict officials. He said he pass-ge of the River and Harbor Appropriation Bill over the President's veto, was a great triumph for the Western and Southern States, where appropriations for improvements of commerce had been grossly neglected. The Mississippi is now placed on the highway to the importance which belongs to it.

Col. John M Richardson, Carthage, Mo., a member of the State Board of Immigration, said that the Southwest was filling up rapidly with the best class of settlers from Ohio, Pennsylvania, New York and Kentucky. Very few New Englanders are migrating to this State, as they seem desirous of remaining in their own parallel, which takes them to Minnesota in large numbers. In some respects Col. Richardson believes the soil of Minnesota to be very superior, as the ground is frequently frozen to a depth of nine feet, and the summer heat only gives continuous moisture by attracting the frost to the surface. The Colonel believes that Judge Fyan will be elected to Congress from the Springfield district, as there are three tickets in the field, while the Democrats and Republicans are about evenly balanced.

Gen Jas. Harding and A. M. Sevier, of the Board of Railroad Commissioners, put in an early appearance at the committee meeting. Gen. Harding produced a printed copy of his new report, showing an increase in railway mileage during 1881 of 238 miles. The total railway mileage of the State now aggregates 4 234 miles, as against 4,007 in 1880; 3 617 in 1879; 3,250 in 1878; 3,190 in 1877; 3,140 in 1876; 3 050 in 1875; 2 880 in 1874; 2 858 in 1873; 2 673 in 1872; 2 580 in 1871; 2,000 in 1870; 925 in 1865; 817 in 1860; 140 in 1855, and none in 1850 These figures show that twice the number of miles of road were constructed between 1870 and 1880 than were constructed between 1850 and 1870. The first railroad in the State was the Missouri Pacific, on which construction commenced July 4, 1851, and in 1852 the trains were running to Cheltenham. In 1853 the road had reached Pacific a distance of 37 miles, and in 1855 the road was opened to Jefferson City. The total earnings within the limits of the State, estimated on a mileage basis, for 1881, were $26,839,32fl, or on average $6,339 a mile, as against $6,681 in 1871. The legal passenger rate of three cents a mile is now the schedule rate on 2,337 miles of road. The report is a lengthy and interesting one, and Gen. Harding is very proud of his showing.

Hon. M. K. McGrath, Secretary of State, came down from Jefferson City and attended the meeting.

Charlie Perrie, formerly doorkeeper of the State Senate, came down from Cooper county and spoke hitherly of the political prospects.

Hon. Chas. H. Morgan, the new Democratic candidate for Congress, arrived from Barton county. He says he will carry his district easily and by an overwhelming majority.

Col. John Cosgrove, of Boonville, who has just received the nomination for Congress, says that Judge Thernon M. Rice will be his opponent. Cosgrove says that as a matter of fact Judge Rice, by combining the Republican and Greenback vote of his district, had a clear majority two years ago, but now the Democratic majority is 2,000 above the combination, leaving Rice no chance for re-election.

Ben Napier, the wheelhorse from Brunswick, hobnobbed with Senator Cockrell during the morning hours.

Edward McCabe, a prominent politician from Palmyra, Mo., was in the committee room together with J. B. Thomas, of Albany, Mo.

Joseph Winsby, member of the House from Marshfield, Mo., was an interested participant in the proceedings.

CITY PERSONALS.

Capt. Irwin Dugan, of Louisville, is visiting friends in the city.

Mr. J. J. Sylvester leaves for New York this evening to attend the monthly meeting of the Anthracite Coal Association.

John P. Ellis, of the legal firm of Dyer, Lee & Ellis, returned to town to-day after a month's camping around the lakes of Northern Minnesota.

Mr. E. S. Van Piper, of Moscow, Russia, registered to-day at the Southern. He was busily engaged throughout the morning and said he had no time to be interviewed. He is a merchant making a tour of this country in the interest of his trade.

A MERRY MILL.

A Prize Fight in the Shadow of the Police Station.

Billy Lynch Knocks Ed. Whelan Out in Ten Lively Rounds—East St. Louis News.

Coroner Bader was notified this morning to hold an inquest on the body of Mrs. Voling, residing near the Pittsburg dump. Mrs. Voling was attending to her household duties about 6 o'clock this morning, when she was seized with a sudden weakness, falling to the floor and dying almost instantly.

Henry Voss was arrested on a warrant by Constable Henry this morning charging him with obstructing the public highway. Voss resides near Cahokia and has built a fence across the county road; hence the arrest.

James Dorsey, a teamster, residing in St. Louis, accepted a situation at Frum's stables a few days ago while the teamsters were on a strike. Yesterday evening two of the men assaulted and beat him badly. Dorsey's injuries were dressed and he himself sent to St. Louis. Warrants were sworn out this morning.

Col. W. J. Underwood, candidate for Judge of the County Court, was in East St. Louis this morning. Mr Underwood has made a tour through the county and is perfectly satisfied with his prospects of election.

A LIVELY FIGHT.

The sporting element has been in a state of excitement for some time past over a mill between Billy Lynch and Edward Whelan, which had been arranged to take place last evening. The encounter was the result of a dispute between the two men about two months ago, when their friends came to the conclusion that the best way to settle the matter was by a prize fight, in which the disputants heartily concurred, as both had a little experience in the ring. The preliminaries were all arranged and the prospective fight kept very quiet, only about fifty of the sporting fraternity being informed, half of whom reside in St. Louis. About five o'clock last evening the men with their backers arrived at a saloon near the Little Rolling Mills, and an hour later all adjourned to Wheelove's Grove, a short distance from the saloon and immediately adjoining the new Cotton Compress Works. A ring was formed by tying a rope around trees, and all things were in readiness for the encounter. The stories regarding the stakes differ, some contending that $200 a side had been deposited, others that $25 was the amount, while many claim the aussie was simply to decide which was the better man, and that no money was wagered by the combatants. At any rate the betting on the grounds was lively, Whelan being the favorite. A few minutes after 6 the two men stripped to the waist and faced each other. The men were well matched in size, weight and age, neither being over 5 feet 10 inches, 145 pounds, and between 25 and 30 years of age. The first round lasted about ten minutes, each acting on the defensive, but finally resulted in favor of Lynch, his opponent being knocked down by a well-directed blow in the forehead. The next four rounds was a repetition of the first, but shorter, neither lasting over five minutes, and all except the third resulting in favor of Whelan. The sixth round was the most lively contested of the battle. Whelan was badly bruised when taking his place but was far from acknowledging his defeat, and seemed determined to retrieve his losses. Whelan opened the round by catching his antagonist over the right eye with his right hand and almost closing the eye, following up his advantage with a hard hit on the nose, bringing first blood. The round terminated in a wrestling match, which resulted in favor of Whelan, the round lasting nearly fifteen minutes. The seventh, eighth and ninth rounds were short and uninteresting, Lynch falling in each to avoid punishment. The tenth and last round resulted in Whelan being so badly punished as to be unable to respond when time was called, and victory was declared in favor of Lynch, the battle lasting one hour and thirty-five minutes. The scene of the battle is only half a mile from the police station, but failed to attract any of the police, although a large number from town heard of the mill after its commencement and witnessed the last rounds. Lynch has appeared in the ring on two previous occasions during the last two years, defeating O'Neil and Maloney, the latter being so badly punished as to be confined to bed for two months. Whelan is an employe of the Little Rolling Mill and has been in only one fight before.

MULES FOR EGYPT.

An English Officer Purchasing in St. Louis Stock for Alexandria.

An English gentleman, clad in a suit of fine linen, with a sack coat which belted loosely at the waist, and with a soldierly bearing, made his appearance this morning in the rotunda of the Southern Hotel, accompanied by a small, dark-featured, black-eyed man, who was costumed in a suit of dark brown velvet corduroy. The two seemed to have considerable important business, for they frequently consulted the telegraph office and had several messengers. About 9:30 o'clock they were joined by Mr. Newman, of the National Stock Yards, who seemed to have been previously acquainted, and whom they saluted in right royal fashion. Presently a reporter obtained Mr. Newman's left ear, and inquired:

"Who are the gentlemen?"

"The taller one," he replied, "is Lieut.-Col. Stibley, of the Royal Artillery, and the other is his veterinary surgeon, Dr. Cox."

"For what purpose are they here?"

"They have been sent here by the English Government to purchase mules for the service."

"The home service?"

"No; for Egypt. They have a chartered vessel lying at New York City to transport the mules direct to Alexandria. The animals are intended for the Egyptian campaign. The bulk of their purchases has already been arranged with me, and I am proceeding rapidly to the delivery. They will remain in the city until to-morrow night. The necessities of the occasion require to make no delay, or else their sojourn in St. Louis would be made more pleasant."

This is one instance where the war in Egypt has directly benefited the trade of this city.

The impression prevails that there are Ladies' Races at the Swimming Match on Saturday night. Such is not the case, but Ladies are admitted as spectators.

A Suit on Ice.

A hundred thousand dollar damage suit was filed this afternoon in the United States Circuit Court by a resident of Kentucky, John Cromie, against the Creve Cœur Lake Ice Company. Mr. Cromie alleges that he owned a quantity of land or close in the vicinity of Creve Cœur lake which, in winter, was covered with water. The Ice Company, he alleges, unlawfully entered upon this close and cut away 40,000 tons of ice valued at $100,000 which was removed and appropriated by the ice company to the injury of plaintiff. His attorneys are Henry A. & A. C. Clover.

A Scoundrel Caught.

George Dildines, a slick thief and confidence operator, traveling under several aliases, was arrested by Officer Murphy on Fifth and Chestnut streets about noon to-day and identified by several victims as a man for whom the police have been on the lookout for about three months. Dildines' mode of operation is to visit a business house, make several purchases and orders the goods to be delivered at some hotel. The messenger is met in the hallway and requested to wait while Dildines goes to his room with the goods and gets the money. The messenger waits till tired, and, upon investigation, finds that Dildines is a fraud and has escaped through the rear door. A large package of pawn tickets for watches, chains, clocks, ladies' lockets, furnishing goods, etc., amounting to over $100, were found on his person, with unpaid bills due Stephe Williamson, 420 Walnut street, J. F. Beccard, 620 Market street, and several others, from whom complaints have been received. Messrs. Beccard and Williamson identified the man, but Dildine admits his guilt, offering as his reasons poverty and lack of the necessaries of life.

THE COLLECTOR OF CUSTOMS.

C. M Whitney Duly Installed in His Office—Retirement of St. Gem.

C. M. Whitney, the new Collector of the Port and Surveyor of Customs, at the close of business yesterday afternoon stepped into the office, presented his commission, signed by President Arthur, and formally assumed charge, relieving his predecessor, Gustavus St. Gem. All the books and papers of the department were turned over to him, the deputies recognized their new chief, and this morning Collector Whitney took his seat in the inner sanctum. The early part of the day was spent in receiving callers with congratulations and requests intercessory, and at intervals the ear of the new official was turned right or left to be initiated in the duties of the office by the retiring Collector. All the workings of the department were found to be in excellent order, Mr. St. Gem having made an enviable record with the department at Washington and with the business community here for scrupulous attention to the office and efficient management. In this regard he was duly appreciated by the firms having business with the Customs Department, and it took marked expression when the retiring Collector's claims for reappointment were urged. In reply to inquiries by a POST-DISPATCH reporter the new Collector said:

"I shall be engaged for some time becoming familiarized with the duties of this office, and my policy will be to make no changes for the present. My bond is filed in Washington and I do not think it advisable to give the names of the sureties for publication. The gentlemen would be inconvenienced with applications of various kinds and moreover it is not desirable to publish the details of their financial condition to the world. The bond bore several signatures and was approved at headquarters in Washington after complete scrutiny. I hope to give satisfaction to all in my new position and shall at once devote my whole attention to it."

Criminal Court Notes.

To-day, in the Court of Criminal Correction, Frank Smith was examined on a charge of grand larceny and was sentenced to six months in the Work-house.

Eugene Delaney, under a charge of grand larceny, was held to await the action of the next grand jury in a bond of $800, which he failed to furnish.

On the 16th inst. Joseph V. Stark broke into the wholesale tobacco warehouse of Henry Pettrieg No. 619 North Second street, and stole 1,200 cigars, which he disposed of. He was caught and jailed. To day he was examined on the charge of burglary and larceny, and put under a bond of $1 000, which he was unable to furnish. He will remain in jail until the next session of the Criminal Court.

Prizes to be awarded at Swimming Races at the Natatorium Saturday, August 26, now on exhibition in Mermod, Jaccard & Co.'s window.

The Veiled Prophets.

The annual pageant of the Veiled Prophets this year takes place on October 3. To-morrow the city will be flooded with handsomely engraved posters announcing the date of this important event. The new posters are a great improvement those of former years. The Veiled Prophet stands upon the broad back of that most peaceful of all the creatures of the deep—a dolphin. In his hand the prophet holds a scroll commanding the attendance of his faithful subjects within the corporate limits of his loyal city of St. Louis on the date mentioned. Around the dolphin and his majestic rider the billows of old ocean roll exultantly as though proud to feel upon its bosom the weight of the awe-inspiring monarch. The poster is a magnificent specimen of the engraver and printer's art.

ABOUT TOWN.

THE only marriage licenses granted this morning were to Johann M. Schneider and Pauline Fischer, and Martin Muiderrig and Margaret Keeler.

JUDGE THAYER to-day issued an order of sale of groceries, etc., in the suit of E. H. Wolf against Samuel Spleidock, in which an attachment was brought yesterday.

THE Windsor Hotel investigation was resumed before Referee Frank K Ryan this afternoon. The testimony will consume several more days than the order of court provided for.

MICHAEL BURNS was found drunk on Broadway and Carr street's last night by Officer Sheridan. When Burns was searched at Capt. Francel's district station, $500 in greenbacks was found in his pockets.

THE Knights of Pythias of this city had agreed to visit Carthage, Mo., in October to attend the meeting of the Grand Lodge, but at a late meeting 500 Knights refused to go as the railroad rates are too exorbitant.

THE body of a boy was washed ashore at foot of Hempstead st. this afternoon, which is supposed to be that of Wm. Velke, who was drowned yesterday afternoon while bathing at the foot of North Market street. His parents reside at No. 1543 North Second street.

DEPOSITIONS were taken this morning at the office of Davenport & Napton in the note suit of Levi S. Gatz, represented by Walter F. McElvire, against Charles T Clarke, the buyer in the department of the Commissioner of Supplies. The action was to recover balance of a stock account.

THE Chief of Police this morning received a letter from J. D Gerach, Sheriff, Creeve, Ill., in which a description of a floater taken from the river at that place, day before yesterday, is given. The remains were those of a boy about seventeen years old. The body was nude and there were no marks or scars upon it. It is supposed that the young fellow was drowned while bathing.

YESTERAY morning, Eddy, the 8-year-old son of John Cody, who lives at No. 3401 Manchester road, was passing through the alley between Chestnut street and Laclede avenue and McComb and Grand avenue, when a large dog belonging to Charles P. Clark, of No. 3514 Chestnut street, sprang upon him and severely bit him in the hip and leg. The boy's wounds were cauterized and he sent home.

AT 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon a team of horses attached to a carriage driven by Michael Butler took fright and ran away. Starting from Easton near Ewing avenue, they ran east on Wash street for some distance. The driver was thrown from his seat, but escaped injury. The horses were finally stopped on Twenty-first street. The outfit belongs to Charles Harris, No. 1235 N. Seventh street, and was damaged to the amount of about $25.

LOTS OF FUN

At the Natatorium Races Saturday evening, August 26. Ladies and Gentlemen admitted.

THE NILE RISE.

Its Effect on the Country and on Military Operations.

From the London Telegraph.

Measuring from the cataracts of the Syene, where the Nile enters Upper Egypt from Nubia, to the most northerly points of the delta, or Lower Egypt, there are about 600 miles of country, the settled population of which is peculiarly dependent upon the great river for every existence, and every year swayed by hopes or fears as the waters of the stream are sufficient or scarce or too abundant. The welfare of the Egyptian is, in truth, intimately bound up with the annual recurrence of a natural phenomenon known as the "Rising of the Nile," which has to be taken into account in all matters affecting them, and more especially to be considered in view of any military operations to be carried out within the limits of the land of the Pharaohs.

The delta, or Lower Egypt, is that part of the country most likely to be effected by the events of an immediate future, and therefore any description of what is termed "the Valley of the Nile" may be dispensed with. The river, issuing from the valley a few miles north of Cairo, enters the low, wide plain, which, from its resemblance to the fourth letter of the Greek alphabet, received from that people the name of the Delta. The stream divides itself into two branches, that of Rosetta, or old Canopic, and that of Damiat, or Phatnitic. Between these two are

NUMEROUS CANALS,

large and small, in ersecting the country in every direction. Along the sea coast are the salt lakes or marshes, called Burlos, communicating with the sea by an outlet, which is probably the same as the Sebennytic mouth of the ancient geographers and Menzalah. Proceeding westward the Rosetta or Bolbitine mouth is reached, which, with that of Damiat, are now the only two entrances from the sea into the Nile—accessible only to small vessels. The river at Rosetta is about 1,800 feet wide, and at Damiat nearly 800 feet. West of Rosetta a salt marsh, called Lake Edko, has been formed, which communicates on one side with the Nile and on the other with the sea, or Aboukir Bay, by an outlet which corresponds to the old Canopic mouth. West of Lake Edko is the Lake of Aboukir, which communicates with the sea, and is divided from Lake Mareotis to the southwest of it by an isthmus, along which passes the canal of Alexandria, known as the Mahmoudieh Canal. This was used for the conveyance of passengers by the overland route to India. From its mouth at Atleh travelers proceeded along the Nile to Boulak, the port of Cairo, in steamboats constructed for the service, and thence across the desert in caravans to Suez.

The greatest breadth of the delta or cultivated plain of Lower Egypt is about eighty miles from east to west; its length, from the bifurcation of the river to the sea, is estimated at ninety miles. The interior of the country is covered with fields, orchards and plantations, chiefly of cotton.

THE REASON WHY.

The rise of the Nile, occasioned by the periodical rains of Central Africa, begins in June, about the summer solstice, and continues to increase until September, overflowing the lowlands along its course. The delta then looks like an immense marsh, interspersed with numerous islands, with villages, towns and trees just above the water. Should the Nile rise a few feet above the customary elevation, the inundation sweeps away the mud-built cottages of the fellaheen, drowns the cattle, and involves the whole population in ruin. Again, should it fall short of the ordinary height, bad crops and dearth are the consequences. The inundations, having remained stationary for a few days, begin to subside, and about the end of November most of the fields are left dry and covered with a layer of rich brown slime. This is the time the lands are put under cultivation.

During the winter in England, which is the spring in Egypt, the delta, as well as the valley of the Nile, looks like a delightful garden, smiling with verdure and blossom. Later in the year the soil becomes parched and dusty, and in May the suffocating Khamsin begins to blow frequently from the south, sweeping along the fine sand and causing various diseases until the rising of the river comes again to refresh the land. Showers are very rare in Egypt except on the sea coast; it rains occasionally in Cairo, and sometimes in Upper Egypt. The nights, however, are cool, and the dews heavy. Strong winds blow from the north during the summer, at the period of the inundation, and are used in propelling vessels up the Nile against the current.

An extremely low Nile is apt to produce disease both in man and beast. The humidity of the atmosphere is principally controlled by the rise and fall of the stream. Fogs prevail during the first two months of the receding of the waters. During May and June the Nile remains at its lowest.

IN THE MIDDLE OF SEPTEMBER,

at its height, all the canals are filled and the water is admitted into the fields. Such a surface materially alters the temperature, and light dews occur about sunset all through the lower country. As the river falls, leaving the land wet and exposed to the action of the sun, exhalations arise which render the delta somewhat unhealthy, the prevailing diseases then being ophthalmia, dysentery, diarrhœa and ague. By the middle of November the river has retired within its banks.

The Nilometer used for the purpose of measuring the height of the Nile is situated on the island of Rooda, opposite old Cairo. It consists of a square well or chamber, in the center of which is a graduated pillar divided into seventeen cubits, each about 21 7-16 inches long. Owing to the elevation of the bed of the Nile, the relative proportion of the rise of water has been altered, and it now passes about one cubit and two-thirds above the highest part of the column. The state of the stream is proclaimed in the streets of Cairo during the inundation every day by several criers, to each of whom a particular district is allotted. From twenty-four feet to twenty-six feet may be taken as the ordinary maximum of the rise at Cairo.

A Fortune in Her Hair.

Long Branch Letter in Cincinnati Enquirer.

I don't believe it, though the fellows tell it for a fact, that when a certain coarse-haired girl dives her head into the surf the water is agitated all along the shore. It is true, however, that her hair is wonderfully abundant and floats around her when she swims. It is as coarse and stiff as a horse's mane, and these qualities are of unique advantage when she bathes, because they prevent it from collapsing into a mere pigtail when wet. Sometimes we see a radiant creature trip airily down to the surf, with her hair all free and fluffy and imparting to her a positive agony of style. With that same pretty aspect she goes under the water and never rises again. That is to say, nothing that looks like her reappears. Something does emerge with a semblance to her body, but the head has a dripping little switch of hair, totally different from the hirsute glory that was on it before. No sinner ever lost more of vanity and pride by the rite of immersion. Well, this coarse-haired girl is exempt from such deterioration. Her hair is so wiry that drenching doesn't mar it. This gives her a tremendous advantage. She bathes without a hat on, nor any confinement to her hair, which gives her a picturesqueness impossible to the rest of us. The actual value of her phenomenal hair, aside from the satisfaction it gives her, I should estimate at half a million dollars. The young man whom it is entangling is the heir prospective to that amount, and I feel sure he won't get away without an espousal. She is one of the nicest girls here and deserves a golden husband.

An Ardent Lover's Mistake.

Kenosha Letter in the Chicago Times.

J. F. Soloman, of Chicago, has been corresponding with a young lady in Racine who signed herself Miss Campbell, which correspondence had culminated in a proposition and acceptance of marriage. Now, Mr. Soloman had never seen his betrothed, and on Thursday morning he started off with the intention of calling upon her at her home. When he got as far as Kenosha he left the train and hied himself to the post-office and inquired who owned box No. 785, and upon being told he started with a happy heart to a well known residence on Park avenue, where he inquired for his affianced. No such person was known there, and after several inquiries he went to the postoffice and told them they had made some mistake, "for," says he, "I have been writing to a young lady for over a year to box 785, Racine, Wis." Upon being told that he was in Kenosha and not Racine, he was thunderstruck and only asked the time the next train left for Racine.

OLD CHAMBORD.

The Last Bourbon Claimant to the French Throne.

From the London World.

About twenty six miles from Vienna, near the Hungarian frontier, stands the castle of Frohsdorff, a very plain, white building, three stories high, with fifteen large windows and nine small ones in front, and a high roof pierced by attic skylights, like the old Tuileries palace. A chapel adjoins this very unpicturesque mansion, which is reached by a stone bridge over a dried moat. The country round is bare and dreary, being a wide, green, treeless plain, extending to the Styrian mountains, which in the height of summer are generally capped with snow. A few cottages are grouped near the park, and within two or three miles lies the dull town of Neustadt. Frohsdorff is essentially a place for retirement from the world, whence its ambitions, political intrigues and military movements can be viewed as from a superior height, without any participation in the strife. It has, therefore, been appropriately selected for the abode of the last heir of the old Bourbon dynasty, still fondly known to the French Legitimists as Henry V.—not a pretender, but, according to divine right, the lawful King of France. The house once belonged to the Lichenstein family, but it was acquired by Caroline Murat, the ex-Queen of Naples, from whom it was bought for its present occupant, whose ordinary appellation, the Comte de Chambord, is only an incognito, like that of the Countess of Balmora; for his father was the Duc de Berri, and he was himself created Duc de Bordeaux at his baptism. Here he lives with a suite of about eight members of the old French aristocracy, whose wives or daughters are ladies in waiting to Queen Marie Therese, as the Comtesse de Chambord is generally styled among themselves.

The Comte de Chambord strongly resembles the older members of the family, but his features are more refined and his expression is more intellectual. He has been slightly lame, owing to a fall from his horse, since he was 21, so that he has never been able to take much outdoor active exercise, and from this cause, added to hereditary predisposition, is somewhat stout. The usual cup of coffee and roll begin the day at Frohsdorff, and then the dejeuner a la fourchette, or luncheon, at 12 o'clock. The Comte usually passes a busy morning with his secretary, answering letters or reading the numerous communications from his devoted adherents in France. After dinner, the Comtesse de Chambord's ladies play the piano, or conversation whiles away the evening, for the Comte does not seem to have inherited his grandfather's taste for whist. Many visitors also find their way to Frohsdorff, and probably the Comte never spent a happier day than when he first received his Orleans cousins, the Duc de Nemours, the Prince de Joinville, the Comte de Paris and the Duc de Chartres, for his heart had long warmed toward these relatives, once his rivals, but then his companions in misfortune, and for years it had been his cherished wish to make their personal acquaintance. While Louis Philippe, when at the Tuileries, had not ventured to permit funeral requiems to be sung in the French churches for Charles X., a mass was celebrated in the chapel at Frohsdorff, in 1850, for the soul of the exile who had just died at Claremont; and a similar service was held on the receipt of the news of Prince Louis Napoleon's unhappy end. They were both Frenchmen, and the Comte has always been wise enough to let personal animosities die with the dead. There was, consequently, no unpleasant recollection to mar the interview with his Orleans kinsmen. The evenings they spent together, chatting like brothers, and talking over the past and future prospects of France, stand out prominently in the rather monotonous records of life at Frohsdorff. To Don Carlos the Comte has also been a generous relation, as well as to the four half-brothers and sisters who were the result of his mother's second marriage with the Duc de la Garcia. The Comte de Chambord is no plotter, no believer in coups d'etat, but waits patiently till it shall please Providence to call him to his own at the right moment; and, if that moment never arrives, a prolonged banishment is better in his eyes than a crown obtained by blood-shed, or by concessions to popular prejudice which his forefathers would have disdained. Otherwise no one can possibly suppose that he prefers Frohsdorff and Venice to Fontainebleau and Paris. The claimant to the oldest monarchy in Europe, the eldest son of the church, is not the man to wait in the ante-room of more fortunate sovereigns, begging for a throne; but in his view an act of abdication would be like Esau's sale of his birthright. He has never fought under foreign flags, or tried to win his people's favor by the achievement of distinction in a foreign land. He considers his title as inalienable; to his courtiers, Napoleon I. is but Gen. Bonaparte; and Louis Philippe and Napoleon III, whose authority was never consecrated by a coronation at Rheims, were mere Presidents chosen by the will of the people. It must be admitted that there is much of antique dignity in the Count's attitude, and befitting the blue blood of the descendants of a long line of Kings.

CONCERNING BRANDY.

What an Expert Says in Regard to Consul Gifford's Report.

From the New York Sun.

Consul Gifford has recently sent to the State Department from La Rochelle, France, some remarkable statements with reference to the importation of adulterated brandy into the United States. Mr. Charles McK. Leoser, president of the Wine and Spirit Traders' Society, and editor of Bonfort's Wine and Spirit Circular, said yesterday: "The great cause of the falling off of importations of French brandies is the enormous duty of $2 a gallon which is imposed. There can be no doubt that in proportion as that duty is reduced the quantity of foreign brandy imported will be increased and its quality improved. It is true that the crop this year has been quite small, owing to the fact that the vines in the neighborhood of Cognac have been eaten up by phylloxera. The condition of things in that respect is improving now, and there are many vines looking better than they did two years ago. From present appearances the growers in Charentes are in strong hopes that in the course of from five to eight years their production will be as good as it was before the appearance of the phylloxera. Of course the demand for brandy is kept up, and of course dealers are trying to supply it to the best of their ability. The quantity imported has fallen off enormously.

"The position taken by Consul Gifford is ridiculous on the face of it. He says that all the disinterested authorities he has consulted are uniformly of the opinion that the article furnished on the terms that he quotes cannot contain a drop of genuine brandy. But if the article were made of pure spirits, without any brandy, it would be worth about fifty francs a hectolitre, and it brought 175 francs, or more than three times the price of pure spirits. So the inference is that there must have been some brandy in it.

"Of course there is some adulterated brandy that comes to this country, and some of it is sold for pure brandy, but it is wrong to say that there are not reputable merchants in this country who sell pure brandy. There are many of them, and anybody who knows pure brandy knows where to buy it. Several years ago a daily newspaper instituted an examination by analysis of the liquors sold at various places, and made a great ado about finding more fusel oil in liquor sold in Broadway than in what was sold at the Five Points. It finally came out that their test was of no value, and that as a matter of fact the genuine liquor did have more fusel oil than the adulterated stuff.

"Generally, liquors are adulterated with pure spirits, if with anything. Of course, the deleterious part of liquor is the alcohol in it, but I believe that in fact there are more people killed by ice water than by alcohol. Consul Gifford appears to have been anxious to get up something sensational. There need be no fear that when any article is sold, at a very low price, for brandy, it will not be detected to be a mere imitation. Mr. Gifford says that if the French should send us a perfectly pure article our people would not like it, and that therefore the mixed stuff is sent because that is what we like. His position is rather inconsistent. He says that we will not drink the pure article and don't want it; that, therefore, something to suit us is shipped, and he proposes to punish us by excluding brandy altogether.

"Our consumption is a small proportion of the product as compared with what is used in Great Britain and Russia. The quantity brought to this country last year was but 489,000 gallons, while the total shipment from Cognac was 5,000,000 gallons.

"The decrease in the crop has run up the price of brandy from 30 to 50 per cent. The actual cost of the pure article laid down in this country, including duty and transportation, is about $5 a gallon and upward. Jobbers get it at prices varying from $6 to $10, and reputable merchants find no difficulty in getting fair prices for the genuine article."

Oscar Wilde on His Travels.

From the Kingston Freeman.

Oscar Wilde passed up the Ulster and Delaware Railroad last Friday evening. At West Hurley quite a number of boys and young men trooped through the train. One of them, quite a big chap, when he got sight of him turned around and looked at him in utter astonishment, then ejaculated "Good God!" and walked out again. At Mount Pleasant all the boarders turned out and were at the depot to take a look at him. There were a great many ladies, blushing and beautiful, and they smiled lovingly at him and called to him, "Da-da, Oscar," "ta-ta, Oscar," and one of them, more bold than the others, sweetly threw at him, and softly inquired, "Wouldn't you like a sunflower?" Oscar blushed furiously, pulled down the blind to shield him from one side and by the aid of a big fan covered his face on the other. A carriage met him at Phœnicia depot and he vanished.

LIEBIG MALT EXTRACT.

RECOMMENDED BY PHYSICIANS of the highest eminence on both sides of the Atlantic, as an invaluable Tonic and Restorative in cases of General Debility, Nervous Depression, Enfeebled Constitution and Female Weakness.

NURSING MOTHERS, who suffer from poverty of milk, will find it a specific for their troubles. It stimulates the digestion, sharpens the appetite, invigorates and builds up the entire system, and excites a generous flow of milk.

WEAK AND SICKLY CHILDREN, who suffer from lassitude and weariness, the result of disease, over-study, or nervous strain, will derive substantial benefit from its use. It restores the system to its normal condition and brings back the bloom of youth.

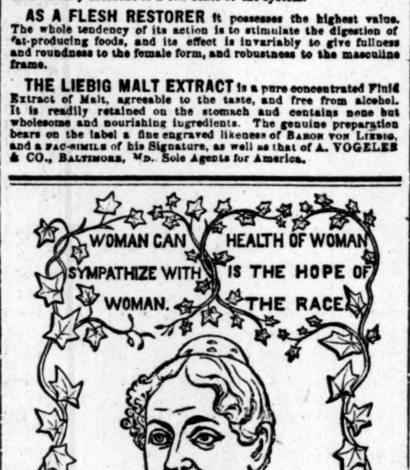
INVALIDS AND CONVALESCENTS will find it admirably adapted for sustaining life, and restoring lost strength. When the stomach is weak and refuses other nourishment the Extract will prove an excellent substitute for food. It neither palls upon the appetite nor offends the taste.

DELICATE FEMALES, who suffer from the weaknesses of their sex, will derive lasting relief from its use. It improves the digestion, purifies the blood, stimulates the appetite, and revives the spirits.

WEAK AND DELICATE PERSONS GENERALLY, who require some artificial restorative—and especially those who are inclined to Consumption—will find this preparation exactly suited to their needs. It is a specific for the Coughs and Nervous Affections usually incident to a low state of the system.

AS A FLESH RESTORER it possesses the highest value. The whole tendency of its action is to stimulate the digestion of fat-producing foods, and its effect is invariably to give fullness and roundness to the female form, and robustness to the masculine frame.

THE LIEBIG MALT EXTRACT is a pure concentrated Fluid Extract of Malt, agreeable to the taste, and free from alcohol. It is readily retained on the stomach and contains none but wholesome and nourishing ingredients. The genuine preparation bears on the label a fine engraved likeness of Baron von Liebig, and a fac-simile of his Signature, as well as that of A. VOGELER & CO., BALTIMORE, MD. Sole Agents for America.



LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

A Sure Cure for all FEMALE WEAKNESSES, Including Leucorrhœa, Irregular and Painful Menstruation, Inflammation and Ulceration of the Womb, Flooding, PROLAPSUS UTERI, &c.

☞Pleasant to the taste, efficacious and immediate in its effect. It is a great help in pregnancy, and relieves pain during labor and at regular periods.

PHYSICIANS USE IT AND PRESCRIBE IT FREELY.

☞FOR ALL WEAKNESSES of the generative organs of either sex, it is second to no remedy that has ever been before the public; and for all diseases of the KIDNEYS it is the *Greatest Remedy in the World.*

☞KIDNEY COMPLAINTS of Either Sex Find Great Relief in Its Use.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S BLOOD PURIFIER will eradicate every vestige of Humors from the Blood, at the same time will give tone and strength to the system. As marvellous in results as the Compound.

☞Both the Compound and Blood Purifier are prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price of either, $1. Six bottles for $5. The Compound is sent by mail in the form of pills, or of lozenges, on receipt of price, $1 per box for either. Mrs. Pinkham freely answers all letters of inquiry. Enclose 3 cent stamp. Send for pamphlet. *Mention this Paper.*

☞LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S LIVER PILLS cure Constipation, Biliousness and Torpidity of the Liver. 25 cents.

☞Sold by all Druggists.☜

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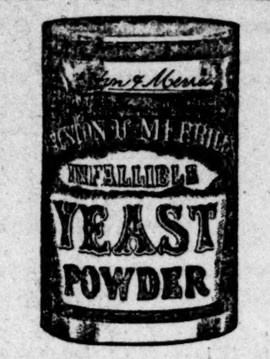

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How Turkish Houris and Parisian Ladies Preserve Their Beauty.

Returning from the Orient, we offer to the ladies of America the most jealously guarded secret of the Turkish harems. We refer to THE ORIENTAL BEAUTY HERB, or Serkys, which brightens the eyes and preserves the beauty and freshness of youth to advanced age, clearing the complexion of all blemishes, such as Pimples, Wrinkles, Sallowness, Freckles, etc., and giving it the transparency and loveliness of the rose.

Face powders and lotions are injurious, and give an artificial appearance to the skin, while this herb is taken internally, is perfectly harmless, acting as a restorative and tonic, and gives that crowning glory to woman, a skin of Oriental softness and transcendental purity and beauty. Price $1 00; Six Packages for $5.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

MEYER BROS. & CO. 6 N. Second st., and RICHARDSON & CO., 704 N. Main st., St. Louis, Mo., Wholesal Agents. Sent by mail by addressing J. A. GREENE 4 N. Tenth st., St. Louis, Mo.

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DR. WOOD—Thirty years practical experience. Cures all CHRONIC DISEASES of male or female, no matter how SERIOUS or long standing in less time and for LESS MONEY than any other physician. Every case guaranteed; business confidential. Office private, No. 619 Locust st. Call or write. Hours 8 to 8 daily. P. S.—Female pills and rubber goods best in market.

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CURES SYPHILIS IN ANY STAGE; ☞CATARRH! ☞ECZEMA! OLD SORES! ☞PIMPLES! OR ANY SKIN DISEASES!

CURES SKIN DISEASES! SCROFULA! AND Mercurial or Syphilitic RHEUMATISM!

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MALVERN, ARK., May 2 1881.

We have cases in our town who lived at Hot Springs and were finally cured with S. S. S.

McCAMMON & MURRY.

If you doubt, come to see us, and we will CURE YOU or charge nothing. Write for particulars, and a copy of the little book. (Free.)

$1,000 Reward will be paid to any chemist who will find, on analysis of 100 bottles S. S. S., one particle of Mercury, Iodide Potassium, or any mineral substance.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Sold by all Druggists everywhere. Price: Small size, $1; large size, $1 75 per bottle.

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A regular graduate of two Medical Colleges, has been longer engaged in the treatment of Chronic, Nervous, Skin and Blood Diseases than any other Physician in St. Louis, as city papers show and all old residents know. Mercurial and other affections of Throat, Skin and Bones. Blood Impurities and Blood Poisoning, Skin Affections, Old Sores and Ulcers, Impediments to Marriage, Rheumatism, Piles. Especial attention to cases arising from overworked brain. Consultation at office or by mail free—invited. Pamphlet free. Medicine sent by mail or express. Cures guaranteed. Where doubt exists it is frankly stated.

MARRIAGE GUIDE! 280 PAGES. FINE PLATES.

Over fifty wonderful pen pictures, true to life; on the following subjects: Who may marry, who not, why. Manhood, Womanhood, Physical decay. Who should marry. How life and happiness may be increased. Those married or contemplating marriage should read it, then keep under lock and key. 25 cts., by mail, in money or postage.

DR. FRANCK'S GENUINE GRAINS DE SANTÉ.

The best remedy against Migraine, Constipation and Congestions, may be recognised by having the words GRAINS DE SANTE DU DR. FRANCK printed in four colors on a Blue Box. Those contained in a Red or any other colored box are imitation. PH. LEROY, Paris. E. FOUGERA & CO., N. Y., and at all Chemists.

GRAINS OF HEALTH

LEGAL.

Orders of Publication.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
June term, 1882.
Monday, June 26, 1882.
William Campbell
vs.
John W. Watson and Edwin Powell.
Attachment.

It appearing from the affidavit filed herein this day that the defendants are non-residents of the State of Missouri: therefore, on motion of the plaintiff, by his attorney

It is ordered that the defendants be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them for the sum of eleven hundred and sixteen dollars and thirty-five cents on account of wares and merchandise sold and delivered to them by said plaintiff and their property has been attached.

And unless they appear at the term of this court, to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of October next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer to the action aforesaid, according to law, judgment will be rendered against them and their property sold to satisfy the same.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law, in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, this 1st day of August, 1882.

{SEAL} CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

W. C. Bragg, plaintiff's attorney. 20R

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis.
June Term, 1882.
Wednesday, August 2, 1882.
Connell O'Connor
vs.
Patrick O'Connor et al.

It appearing from the affidavit this day filed herein that the defendants Patrick O'Connor, Mary Byrne and Thomas Byrne, are non residents of the State of Missouri, therefore, on motion of plaintiff by attorney,

It is ordered that said defendants be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a partition to said action of the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, to-wit:

A lot of ground in block No. 259 of said city, having a front of 50 feet on the west side of Ninth street by a depth of 100 feet westwardly to an alley, and more particularly described as follows: Beginning at a point in the west line of Ninth street 25 feet south of the south line of Wash street, thence running south with the west line of Ninth street 50 feet, thence west and parallel with Wash street 100 feet to an alley 15 feet wide, thence north with said alley and parallel with Ninth street 50 feet, thence east and parallel with Wash street 100 feet to the place of beginning, bounded north by property now or formerly of Michael Bree, east by Ninth street, south by property now or formerly of Lizzie N. C. Maye, and west by said alley, and on which said property are erected the two houses known as Nos. 917 and 919 North Ninth street.

And unless they appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of October next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against them as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 3d day of August, 1882.

{SEAL} CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

Collins & Jamison, att'ys for pl'ff, 322 Pine st eet. 24R

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
June Term, 1882.
Tuesday, August 8, 1882.
Annie Miller
vs
William Miller.

It appearing to the court from the affidavit attached to the petition herein that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, therefore, on motion of plaintiff by attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground that defendant has absented himself from plaintiff, without reasonable cause, for more than one whole year next before the filing of said petitition, and for an order granting plaintiff the custody of the children of said parties.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of October next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 9th day of August, 1882.

{SEAL} CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk. 99R

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
June Term, 1882.
Monday, July 31, 1882.
Mary Campbell
vs.
Benjamin F. Campbell.

It appearing from the petition herein verified by affidavit that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, therefore, on motion of plaintiff by attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground of desertion.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of October next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 1st day of August, 1882.

{SEAL} CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

W. T. Rogers, attorney for plaintiff. 98R

Administrators' Notices.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—In pursuance of an order of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, made at the June term, 1882, of said court, the undersigned, Theodore Koch, administrator, with the will annexed, of the estate of Julia G. Francis, deceased, will, on the fourth Monday of August next, being

MONDAY, THE TWENTY EIGHTH DAY OF AUGUST, 1882,

at the eastern front door of the Court-house of the city of St. Louis, and during the session of the Circuit or Probate Court of said city, between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, expose to sale, at public vendue or outcry, for cash, the following described real estate of deceased, to-wit:

1. A piece of land having a front of one hundred and sixty-seven feet, six and three-quarter inches on the northern side of Wellington avenue, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, and running northwardly of the same width or somewhat more, one hundred and forty feet, and bounded west by property of C. W. Ganss on the north by a line separating same from land formerly of George Maguire, on the east by an alley and on the south by Wellington avenue, which was acquired by said Julia G. Francis from George Maguire and wife by deed dated the third day of May, A. D. 1876, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, in book 608, page 56.

2. Also, the following described lots in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, to wit: Lots numbered 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21 and 22 of Betts' subdivision of the west half of the southeast quarter of block sixty-one of the common of St. Louis, and in block 1622 of said city of St. Louis, having an aggregate front of three hundred and nine feet eight and three-fourths inches, on the east line of Kansas avenue and running back eastwardly one hundred and twenty-five feet to an alley twenty feet wide, bounded north by an alley twenty feet wide, east by an alley twenty feet wide south by an alley twenty feet wide and west by Kansas avenue; also lots numbered 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31 and 32 of said subdivision, having an aggregate front of two hundred and seventy feet on the south line of Winnebago street and running back same width southwardly one hundred and twenty-five feet to an alley twenty feet wide, bounded north by Winnebago street, east by Michigan avenue, south by an alley twenty feet wide and west by Kansas avenue; also lots 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41 and the northern fifteen feet of lot numbered 42 of said subdivision, having an aggregate front of two hundred and forty-five feet and three fourths of an inch on the west line of Michigan avenue, and running back same width west wardly one hundred and twenty-five feet to an alley twenty feet wide, bounded north by an alley twenty feet wide, east by Michigan avenue, south by a line parallel to and distant northwardly two hundred and ten feet and three-fourths of an inch from the north line of Chippewa street and west by an alley twenty feet wide; all acquired by said Julia G. Francis from Elizabeth L. Betts by deed dated the 10th day of June, A. D., 1878, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, in book 598, page 370.

THEODORE KOCH.

Administrator with the will annexed of the estate of Julia G. Francis, deceased.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the partnership estate of

Dodson & Woods,

composed of Thomas Dodson, deceased and William Woods, that I, the undersigned, surviving partner of said partnership estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, Missouri, to be holden at the Court-house in said city of St. Louis on the second Monday of September next.

WILLIAM WOODS,

Surviving partner of the firm of Dodson & Woods.

St. Louis, Mo., August 3, 1882. 32R

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE OF ADMINISTRATRIX' SALE.—Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of an order of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, therefor, made on the 24th day of July, 1882, the undersigned administratrix of the estate of Chas. F. Siener, deceased, will on the

31ST DAY OF AUGUST, 1882,

between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, sell at public sale, to the highest bidder for cash, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, the following described chose in action belonging to said estate, remaining in her hands, to-wit:

A certain judgment rendered by the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 7th day of May, 1879 in favor of the administratrix, and against Samuel L. Carter, for the sum of $1,600, upon a promissory note executed by the said Carter and payable to the order of Nolte & Siener, with interest at the rate of ten per cent per annum, which note is secured by the pledge of a certain policy of life insurance and an interest in certain letters patent as set out in inventory of the estate.

MINNIE E. SIENER, Administratrix.

Assignees' Notices.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ASSIGNMENT OF F. W. WEBER.—Notice is hereby given that I, the undersigned assignee, of F. W. Weber, will on Monday, October 2, 1882, apply to the Circuit Court (No. 2) in the City of St. Louis, for a discharge from my trust as such assignee.

GEORGE GEHRKE, Assignee of F. W. Weber.

J. P. Vastine, Attorney.
St. Louis, July 20, 1882.

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Sarah F. Watson and C. S. Watson, her husband, by their certain deed of trust, dated the 17th day of November, 1879, and recorded in book 8, at page 483 and following, in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the county of Jefferson and State of Missouri, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate situated in the county of Jefferson, State of Missouri, to-wit: The east half of the northwest quarter, the south half of the northeast quarter and northeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section thirteen (13), township forty (40), range four (4) east, containing two hundred acres; which said deed was in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes in said deed of trust described; and whereas, by the terms of said trust deed all of said notes are past due and remain unpaid; now, therefore, at the request of the legal owner and holder of said notes, and under the provisions of said deed of trust, I, the undersigned trustee, will offer said property for sale at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, at the east front door of the Court house on Fourth street, in said city of St. Louis, Mo., between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of Wednesday, the 6th day of September, 1882, for the purposes of said trust.

J. W. SUTHERLAND, Trustee.

St. Louis, August 14, 1882.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas by deed dated August 1, 1881, and recorded in book 659, page 220, of the St. Louis Recorder's office, Richard M. Moore and Caroline P. Moore, his wife, conveyed to the undersigned, Charles C. Logan, as trustee, the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: Lots No. four and five in block No. seven of the subdivision of school section sixteen, township forty-five, range five east, being in block No. ten hundred and fifty-six (1056) of the city of St. Louis, together having a front of one hundred feet on the north side of Locust by a depth of one hundred and thirty four feet and eight inches; which said conveyance was made to secure the payment of certain promissory notes in said deed of trust described. And whereas default has been made in the payment of one of said notes, now, therefore, I, the undersigned trustee, will, in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, and at the request of the legal holder of said notes, proceed to sell the property hereinbefore described, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the east front door of the Court-house in said city of St. Louis, Missouri, on

THURSDAY, THE SEVENTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1882,

between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and four o'clock p. m. of that day, for the purposes of said trust.

C. C. LOGAN, Trustee.

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TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Catherine Morrisey, widow, and Kate Morrisey, unmarried, by their deed of trust dated the twenty-eight day of October, 1881, and recorded in book 664, page 146, of the office of Recorder of Deeds for city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, did convey to the undersigned, trustee, all their right and interest in and to the following described real estate situate in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit.: A lot of ground in block number 2251 of said city, of St. Louis, being lot number sixteen (16) of block number seven (7) of the continuation of Larned's addition to said city, and having a front of twenty-five (25) feet on the east line of Summit or Ewing avenue by a depth east of 117 feet, bounded west by Summit or Ewing avenue, north by Pacific Railroad, south by land now or late of Kreeper and east by land now or late of Kenney; which conveyance was in trust to secure the payment of a certain promissory note in said deed of trust fully described; and whereas default has been made in the payment of the said note by said deed secured, and the same remains due and unpaid; now therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, I, the undersigned trustee, will on

SATURDAY, THE NINTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1882,

between the hours of nine o'clock a. m. and five o'clock p. m. of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the said city of St. Louis, proceed to sell the property hereinbefore described at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy said note and the expenses of executing this trust.

JOHN H. OVERALL, Trustee.

Valle Reyburn, attorney.
St. Louis, August 15, 1882. 648

Administrators' Notices.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.—The undersigned, administrator of David Y. McClure, deceased, will, on

TUESDAY, AUGUST 29, 1882,

between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m., proceed to sell at public auction, at 508 Christy avenue, to the highest bidder for cash, all the goods and chattels of said deceased, consisting of butter cheese, lard, tea coffee, honey, preserves, one (1) horse, one (1) set harness, two (2) wagons, one (1) writing desk, store fixtures, etc.

JOHN PURCELL, Administrator.

ESTATE of Ellen Shannon, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of

Ellen Shannon,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 9th day of August, 1882.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 10th day of August, 1882.

EDWARD J. SHANNON,

Executor of the estate of Ellen Shannon, deceased. 97R

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

James G. Barry,

deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city of St. Louis on the second Monday of September next.

LAWRENCE V. CARTAN, Administrator estate of Jas. G. Barry.

FRANK K. RYAN, Attorney for administrator.

St. Louis, August 3, 1882. 22R

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Arthur Kuntz,

dec'd, that I, the undersigned administratrix of said estate intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the second Monday of September next.

LISSETTA KUNTZ, Administratrix of the estate of Arthur Kuntz, deceased.

St. Louis, July 28, 1882. 8Q

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Francis Berg,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, executor of said estate intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the second Monday of September next.

THEODORE HEEGE, Executor of the estate of Francis Berg, deceased.

St. Louis, July 28, 1882. 10Q

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

James Henry,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, administrator de bonis non of said estate intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the second Monday of September next.

CHRISTIAN HOFFMEISTER, Administrator de bonis non of the estate of James Henry, deceased.

St. Louis, July 28, 1882. 1Q

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Mary E. Holirah,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the second Monday of September next.

HENRY HOLIRAH, Administrator of the estate of Mary E. Holirah, deceased.

St. Louis, August 3, 1882.
Anton J. Michel, Att'y 21R

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

George Keim,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, administratrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the second Monday of September next.

MARGARETHA KEIM, Administratrix of George Keim, deceased.

St. Louis, August 2, 1882. 20R

NOTICE is hereby given to all creditors and other interested in the estate of

Mary E. Runyan,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court house in said city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, on the second Monday of September next.

EDWARD D. MEIER, Administrator of the estate of Mary E. Runyan, deceased.

St. Louis, August 3, 1882. 19R

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Henry Decker,

deceased that I, the undersigned, administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the second Monday of September next.

FREDERICK KROEGER, Administrator of the estate of Henry Decker, deceased.

St. Louis, July 26, 1882. 9Q

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

David E. Ray,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court house in said city on the second Monday of September next.

ETHAN A. TONNER, Administrator of David E. Ray, deceased.

St. Louis, July 27, 1882. 7Q

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

BY JOSEPH PULITZER.

(Entered at the Post-Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second-class mail matter.)

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

One year, postage paid	$9 00
Six months	4 50
Three months	2 25
One month (delivered by carrier)	75
One week (delivered by carrier)	15

THE WEEKLY.

One year, postage paid	$1 00
Six months, postage paid	60

All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed:

POST DISPATCH,
515 and 517 Market street.

Telephone Offices of the Post-Dispatch.

All classes of "Want Advertisements" will be received for the POST-DISPATCH at the following places and charged for at the same rate as if left at the main office. Each branch office is provided with telephone connection with the main office. All wants handed in before 12 o'clock (mid-day) will be telephoned at once to this office and appear in the issue of the same afternoon. Orders for the delivery of the paper, by carrier, at 15 cents a week, also received.

E. GEISLER, Pharmacist, St. Ange and Park Aves.
C. K. JONES & CO., Druggists, 1400 Garrison Ave.
OTTO D'AMOUR, Druggist, Broadway and Chambers Street.
JNO. W. O'BRIEN, Druggist, 1737 Cass Avenue.
J. W. TOMFOHRDE, Pharmacist, Eighteenth and Benton Streets.
WM. R. GRANT, Druggist, 2342 Olive Street.
H. F. A. SPILKER, Druggist, 1500 Chouteau Ave.
J. M. GOOD, Druggist, 2348 Olive Street.
GEO. WEINSBERG, Apothecary, Marion and Menard Streets.
THOS. S. GLENN, Druggist, 2203 Washington Ave.
CHAS. GULATH, Druggist, 2613 Carondelet Ave.
ADOLPH PFEIFFER, Druggist, Broadway and Salisbury Streets.

TELEPHONE NUMBERS.

Business Department 553
Editorial Rooms 501

☞ *This paper has on each day of publication a circulation within the city twice as large as that of any other paper published in St. Louis. Our books are open and all advertisers are specially invited to examine them.*

MR. CONKLING, still calm, dignified and reserved, is on top in the New York fight. He is still the leader.

HAVING subdued old DE LESSEPS, it is but natural that Gen. WOLSELEY should feel himself thoroughly able to grapple with ARABI.

FROM the vigorous way in which the New York *World* is going for Gov. CORNELL it is suspected that JAY has seized the bellows himself.

THE Greenbackers of the First Missouri District nominated Col. THOMAS L. ANDERSON, of Palmyra, for Congress yesterday. He is an able man and inured to defeat in politics.

U. S. MARSHAL ALLEN makes a remarkable statement to a *Globe Democrat* reporter when he says that he is in favor of a bolting convention if it smashes the Republican party. The Marshal is growing reckless.

FILLEY has carried his point. If he is representing the Administration he can afford to smile at the kicking and plunging of the bolters. It is presumed that the eye of President ARTHUR is resting on the situation.

THE corporation of Limerick has presented the freedom of that city to Mr. E DWYER GREY, he imprisoned editor of the *Freeman's Journal*. The present, if accompanied with a file and a few other useful tools, including a saw, may prove valuable to Mr. GREY in his present constrained attitude.

AT last accounts the ferocious Duke of CONNAUGHT was with his command on shore and Prince TECK was with Gen. WOLSELEY'S headquarters. The best eating and drinking is always found in and around the tent of the commander-in-chief and a letter addressed there will always catch Prince TECK.

WHEN it comes to small advertising the POST-DISPATCH is a mighty medium. The editor of the Troy (Mo) *Free Press* testifies on this point. He inserted a small "ad." the other day and he says that the first mail brought him nine inquiries. He considers the "Want" columns of the P.-D. the best in the land.

THERE were eight dissenting votes in the State Republican Committee yesterday on the proposition not to hold a State Convention. There was not, we are told, a dissenting voice or vote against Mr. FILLEY personally or his management of the committee. Upon that question all were unanimously harmonious.

WE feel it our duty to announce the fact that the paper commonly called the *Missouri Republican* has jerked a joke. Speaking this morning of JOHN H. MORSE, the Independent candidate for Congress in the Tenth Missouri District, it says that if he keeps on the track until the election he will be R. E. MORSE. Ha! ha!! Ho! ho!! He! he!! hyar!!!

THE Democratic sachems are balloting monotonously from day to day at Piedmont and Chillicothe with no nomination in sight at either place. The Second and Fourteenth districts have no great leader like Col. JEEMES N. BURNES to put down all rivals and rally the Democrats in a mighty struggle against the "gluttonous potentates and soulless monopolies."

THAT distinguished American statesman, long since forgotten by the rising generation, HANNIBAL HAMLIN, has been heard from. A cable telegram announces that at last accounts he was sitting like a lonely pelican on a bald peak at Gibraltar eating a banana and scanning in a curious, restless way the British troop-ships gilding toward the Orient. He expects to visit Tangiers and write a book on "The Land of the Overcoatless." It may not be out of place to remark that Father HAMLIN is at present United States Minister to Spain.

ALTOGETHER the English have sent from home about 15,000 men and 5,000 horses to Egypt. They have brought up 10,000 men from India. When Gen. WOLSELEY starts on his prancing way to Cairo it is expected that he will have under his command about 14,000 infantry and 5,000 cavalry. It is supposed that ARABI will meet his advance with about 40,000 undisciplined and uncultivated sons of the desert who will shake hands with the British collectors with great fervency.

CONSIDERABLE pain is taken to demonstrate that the Rev. JOHN A. BROOKS, leader of the Prohibition movement in this State, is a red-hot, old-fashioned Democrat. We believe Mr. BROOKS is in the habit of spreading this information himself. The St. Louis *Anzeiger* prints to-day a letter from Shelbyville, Illinois, the former home of BROOKS, in which the writer says that the reverend gentleman was always known there as a rampant, radical Republican. He gives him credit for having been a consistent temperance man while residing in Illinois, but it was not until after he located in Missouri that the light of Democracy dawned upon him. There is every reason to believe that Mr. BROOKS was not born a Democrat.

WILL ST. LOUIS AWAKE?

In a few days more the fall season of 1882 will open with the country in a better fix for business than it ever was before within the memory of the oldest merchant. The vast and magnificent region over whose commerce St. Louis has reigned without a rival in times past, is especially favored this year beyond any other section of the Union with immense crops of all kinds, and with all of its industries remarkably free from drawbacks or incumbrances from old liabilities or former failures. It will be interesting to watch how St. Louis will meet this state of affairs, and to see whether she will awaken to its opportunities or doze on and trust to the individual and isolated efforts of her business men to cover and hold the field, without anything like concert of action or co-operation.

About this time last year it was known that an unusually wide-spread failure of crops would combine with other adverse influences to put a serious check upon business. With a greatly reduced surplus for exportation, we saw before us a foreign demand diminished almost to nothing; the balance of trade turning heavily against us; high-priced food, financial alarm and a stinted consumption of goods and manufactured articles, all combining to embarrass and suspend industrial operations. So, at the annual August meeting of the bankers last year, papers were read sounding the alarm and predicting a serious financial revulsion. The mild winter which ensued left much of the winter stock of goods on the hands of the merchants, but it was a mercy to the poor and it enabled the farmers and live stock men to get their flocks and herds through in good condition on very short rations. For the first time in the history of the country American meats were shipped back from Europe, and potatoes from Scotland and Ireland were eaten in all the Western cities. An unpromising Spring protracted the general practice of an apprehensive economy till after the wheat harvest began. Now we emerge from that long trial convinced that it vindicated the preceding "boom" in business as free from everything in the nature of inflation or over-trading, and that it proved the exceptional strength and soundness of our financial condition. And looking abroad over the land, what a cheering contrast to the condition of this time last year greets us! Not only an immense surplus of every production of the earth, but unmistakable indications that the growth of population and of wants has far exceeded the calculations of business, and that the economy of the past year will be beneficially felt both in the increased demands and in the immensely increased purchasing power of the people this year. The balance of trade against us has been so much smaller than was anticipated, and the prospect for the future is so much more in our favor, that the general tone of feeling is not only one of absolute confidence, but of exhilaration. Two millions of immigrants from Europe have settled among us within the last three years, and nobody any longer doubts that the country is growing in population and production as it never grew before, and at a rate which has not entered into even the most sanguine business calculations.

This statement of the situation of the country at large gives assurance of a year of unprecedented business activity, but it does not do justice to the actual situation in Missouri, Kansas, Arkansas and Texas, whose entire trade St. Louis might control, if her business men would only work for it with half the vigilance, restless enterprise and cunning concert of action employed by their Chicago rivals to deprive them of it. The crops of these States last year were so far above the average of the whole country for that year that at the beginning of this year's harvests they were in better condition industrially and financially than they ever were before. This year their harvests are not only again far above the average of the country, but far above any average on record. Their people are now not only free from personal debts, but in unencumbered homes, in flocks and herds, in abundance of all the necessaries of life and in marketable surplus, they are to-day the richest people in the world.

And Chicago knows it. Her success in dividing this magnificent field with St. Louis has been amazing. Her business men have laid their heads together in a thorough consideration of the crops and transportation connections of every trans-Mississippi county. They have arranged all sorts of combinations to enlist the co-operation of transportation companies and to manipulate freight tariffs. What they cannot accomplish directly themselves they have arranged to effect in partnership with Quincy, Omaha, Kansas City, St. Joseph, Sedalia, Fort Scott and other cities. They have laid many plans to wrest more territory from St. Louis, and will work up to them like a band of brothers, capturing outpost after outpost from us, and surrounding us on all sides with Chicago business, while our merchants stand amazed and helpless like an unorganized mob, wondering how they do it.

If this goes on much longer St. Louis business will not only lose all prestige abroad but all self-confidence. We are already beginning to regard ourselves as an inert, drowsy people, with a disposition on the part of each to take care of himself in a listless way, and to let the interests of the community drift with the current of circumstances. We even say resignedly that it is the effect of our climate. Have we really lost all combativeness, all public spirit, all faculty of concerted action? Is St. Louis to enter upon the greatest year of business activity the country has ever passed through, without a single consultation among her business men in regard to the means of protecting exposed points, and without a single campaign plan, either defensive or aggressive, to be carried out by the united efforts of all? In other words, is St. Louis content to surrender her magnificent heritage, the trade of the trans-Mississippi States?

MR. FILLEY'S policy of non-combativeness, this year, was heartily indorsed yesterday by the Republican State Central Committee. It was declared to be unadvisable to hold a State Convention to nominate a ticket and promulgate a platform this year, the understanding being that the Republicans would gain a point by voting for the Greenback nominees. The committee was quite harmonious on this point. Feeling that the Democratic party of the State would be greatly benefited by having its ponderous majorities shorn down a little, we have taken considerable interest as a spectator in the effort of Mr. FILLEY to beat a little practical sense into his party. But it seems that there is in the organization an element which prefers party annihilation to any sort of victory under Mr. FILLEY'S leadership. It is claimed that a Central Committee has no right to set aside the usages of the party and deny to it the privilege of meeting in convention and declaring whether it will or will not place a ticket in the field. The anti-FILLEYITES do not recognize the authority of the committee in this matter, and measures have been taken to hold a mass convention without the sanction of Mr. FILLEY. A ticket will be placed in the field. This means a split. Mr. FILLEY, as the Executive of the party, will be compelled to denounce the act of these bolters as thoroughly unorthodox. The unpleasant feeling which has already been engendered will continue to deepen. The Republican party of Missouri is only a shadowy affair, and it is not to first-class condition to conduct a factional fight. So far as we are able to judge now the prospect of reducing the powerful Democratic majority in Missouri to wholesome proportions is not as encouraging as it might be.

EMBOLDENED by the operations of CURTIS' Civil Service Reform Association, and by the assurances of Collector ROBINSON that no employe should be discharged for refusing to pay the assessments levied by JAY HUBBELL'S committee of caterans, about 1,100 clerks, inspectors, storekeepers, etc., in the New York Custom-house, did not pony up the "voluntary" contributions demanded of them. This has elicited another circular from the blackmailing committee, setting forth in feeling terms the apostate and treasonable state of mind which a Federal office-holder must labor under when he can refuse to pay a regular percentage of his salary to the committee. The copies of these circulars are so addressed as to show that the committee has a black-list of all the employes who have failed to pay, and will never forget their conduct, but is disposed to give them one more chance, for mercy's sake, to save themselves from decapitation. Every sentence bristles with suggestions of removal and loss of salary unless the assessments are paid, and though there is a manifest avoidance of any direct threat of that kind the circular is well worded to make the delinquents fairly quake in their boots and incline them to put their families on short rations till they can save enough to pay their assessments.

YOUNG GARLAND, who killed ADDISON in a Virginia road fight recently, has been acquitted of all blame by a Virginia jury. He says he would do it again, and his father blames him only for inviting ADDISON to meet him in the public highway with arms. This fine old Virginia gentleman thinks that the insulting words ADDISON wrote to his son should have been resented with a double-barreled shot-gun, fired without warning. All Virginian laws against murder should be repealed if they are to be construed and applied as in this trial. GARLAND deliberately determined to kill ADDISON for an offense which he might have treated with contempt, without injury to himself at all comparable to that which he has done himself by staining his hands with the life-blood of a fellow-man. He made his preparations for murder with malice aforethought, and the only mitigation of his crime was his warning his victim to meet him in deadly combat. A murder deliberately committed for revenge is no less a murder when the perpetrator gives his victim a chance to defend himself or get out of the way. And when the provocation is only an insulting word there is less palliation for the crime than is afforded by any one of a hundred other provocations for which neither law nor public sentiment will justify the taking of human life.

SOME of the frantic street reformers who were yelling so lustily a year ago against macadam on the streets seem to have revised their advanced views recently, and are now making vigorous demands for more macadam. Whereas it was solemnly declared then that we had better have nothing on our streets than macadam, now they want to poultice all the sore spots in the wooden pavements with macadam.—[Republican.

It would be better to have a gaping hole in the street filled with old brick-bats, oyster cans, *Republican* editorials or any other rubbish than to have teams stalling and horses breaking their necks every day in the presence of agonized witnesses. A man might be in favor of plugging up a sink hole in a worn-out street with broken stone without being in favor of macadam for street paving material, but we presume the intellectual giants of the *Republican* are not accustomed to drawing delicate shades when portraying public sentiment. If a drowning man should catch at a rye straw it is altogether probable that the *Republican* would set him down as an advocate of plaited straw for the construction of steamboats for the navigation of Western waters.

IT is quite plain that Gov. CRITTENDEN, has not dropped beyond the point of recognition. The convention of negroes now in session in Jefferson City to devise ways and means for a better recognition of themselves began yesterday by demonstrating their complete lack of prejudice in matters of this kind. They appointed a committee to call on CRITTENDEN and, after showing him due respect, tender him an invitation to appear before the Convention and address it. Quite recently a State Convention composed of the Governor's own political friends was held in Jefferson City. No committee was appointed to wait on the dejected Executive. He was not asked to come into the Convention and occupy a seat on the platform, much less favor the body with his views on the issues of the day. In fact no more attention was paid to him than if he he had been a yellow dog dozing remotely in the shadow of an out-house. In this respect it seems that the negroes of Missouri are more polite and thoughtful than the Democracy.

BROTHER MCMICHAEL, of the Plattsburg *Lever*, is rapidly converting the Democratic party into a rampant Prohibition party in his end of the State. He is cock of the Democratic walk in his own county, at least. We observe that the Democratic primaries in the strongly Democratic county of Clinton have nominated an out and out Prohibition ticket for county officers, with the exception of Mr. JONES, who is nominated for the Legislature. He claims to be a Democrat straight, and, when asked by our Missouri ST. JOHN to pledge himself to vote for the submission of a Prohibition amendment, merely said that he would be governed on that subject by the decree of the Democratic Legislative caucus. This is not satisfactory to Brother MCMICHAEL, and he proposes to down the Democratic nominee with a straight Prohibition candidate at the election.

A REGULATION British telegram from Alexandria says:

Some ladies in England propose starting for Egypt to relieve the native poor here and elsewhere. It may prevent a useless mission if it is stated that such people do not exist. Natives here are the lowest class and are enriched with plunder. Respectable people are not allowed to enter the city. When the difficulties are settled they will return to a quarter of the town quite undisturbed, and the necessity of rebuilding the European quarter, will considerably raise wages and probably place the natives in more flourishing circumstances than they have been for the last ten years.

From this it would seem that about the best thing that can happen to the impecunious people of an Oriental city is to have the British drop around occasionally and bombard them—by way of reviving drooping industries.

THE editor of the Mexico, Mo., *Ledger* contributes this mite to the question which is agitating the North American continent. He says:

Bowling Green council has, by ordinance, levied an extra tax of thirty cents on the hundred dollars to defray the expenses of paving the Marshal. This is the result of closing the saloons and losing the revenue from the same, and there is to-day nearly as much drinking in Bowling Green as there ever was. When there a few days since we saw several parties going down the streets with gallons in jugs, and one going with a keg. A few moments later a man was shot on the streets in front of the hotel.

Perhaps the Prohibitionists will be able to gather comfort from this piece of information.

IT would be interesting to know just how JAY GOULD induced Gov. CORNELL'S organ to publish those unfortunate charges against Mr. CONKLING. It was a terrific boomerang operation, and there is nothing left of the Governor's reputation but a dark and dirty grease-spot. It enabled Mr. GOULD to make some shocking revelations, and to prove his statements by the parties to the Governor's "blind pool," and also by State Senator HARRIS, who arranged the interview between GOULD and the Governor, and who testifies to the correctness of the former's version of it. A Nihilist torpedo could not have gone off with more deadly effect under the Governor's chair than this explosion of his own organ.

THAT celebrated interview with the Sultan of Turkey, published in the New York *Herald* recently, was written by JAMES GORDON BENNETT himself. It was a good job of journalistic work, but when a newspaper man with an income of nearly a million dollars a year, who rides around the world in his own yacht, knocks at the front door of a palace, he is likely to meet with a better reception than is usually accorded to the little red-nosed man in a dirty shirt, with cigarette stains on his fingers, who generally does the heavy work of a newspaper for twenty dollars a week.

THERE was a touching and pathetic scene at the conference of the Democratic sachems in the Laclede Hotel this morning. The venerable GEORGE KNAPP was there with the editor of his paper, but without invitation. The old chieftain rose at the very outset of the proceedings, his frame trembling with suppressed indignation, and demanded to know why he and his editor had not been invited to the conference. He was told that in the swirl of affairs he had been overlooked, along with his editor. The venerable Chieftain wanted to know whether he and his great newspaper which had built up the Democratic party of Missouri were to be insulted. Being answered in the negative Mr. KNAPP kindly consented to let the battle proceed. It seems that O'DAY, the Chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee, is not loved by the KNAPPS. There is feeling. The idea of a Democratic gathering from a caucus of ward bummers to a State Convention without some of the KNAPPS or an editor of the *Republican* being present to impress the assemblage is simply preposterous, and Mr. O'DAY should put the whole concern on the free list at once.

IN a weary, heart-broken way the Democratic editor of the Indianapolis *Sentinel* soliloquizes thus:

What is more delicious than sleep, and where do men sleep better than in a tomb? We are told that there is a more beautiful world than we are now inhabiting, and that death unbars its doors and lets us into it. If so why shrink at death or seek to prolong this life?

This sounds very much like the musing of a man who has recently surged up against a straight flush with an ace full. For further details inquire of Gen. SCHENCK.

THE campaign in Kentucky is well under way if anything may be inferred from the following edit rial apology in the Louisville *Courier-Journal* of Tuesday: "We had hoped to give this morning a verbatim report of the BLACKBURN-OWENS discussion at Lagrange yesterday, but the professional phonographer employed to assist our reporters in taking the speeches devoted his time and talents to taking whisky straights, and we are reduced to the alternative of giving a general account of the meeting or none at all."

JUDGE JAMES MUNFORD, of this city, has written some articles on the temperance question which have been reproduced in the Kansas City *Times*. He has fired the tall grass of the Kansas prairies and from every direction Prohibitionists in war-paint are rushing at him with tomahawks gleaming in the sunlight. The modest Judge is astonished now to think that he put so much powder in his gun.

JUDGE FYAN, the Democratic nominee for Congress in the Thirteenth District, has been called to the bedside of his dying mother at Bedford Springs, Pa., and his appointments will be filled during his absence by CRAVENS and MCAFEE, of Springfield.

IN the Freethinkers' Convention at Elmira, yesterday, the permission which had been granted to a woman to address the gathering was withdrawn on the ground that she was partially insane. It would be highly interesting to know precisely where these cranks draw the line.

THE POST DISPATCH seems disposed to help Filley in fighting his battles. It is a good thing for Filley that he has one paper on his side of the fence.—(St. Joseph News.

Mr. FILLEY is a man of considerable importance, and we think he ought to have fair play. We are very liberal in our notions.

PERSONAL.

—Admiral Beauchamp Seymour is to have a Baroncy for his well-directed bombardment of Alexandria.

—Mr. Kratz, of Chicago, has bitten off a policeman's finger. Mr. Kratz must have been looking for pretzels.

—Victor Hugo has become so deaf that he cannot hear ordinary conversation, and it is possible that he may marry again.

—William Fitzpatrick, who claims to be King of Ireland, is in Milwaukee. Until somebody comes along with an ace the King will be all right.

—It is reported in England that a great-grandson of Daniel Defoe is in indigent circumstances, and a penny subscription from readers of "Robinson Crusoe" is proposed for his relief.

—Frederick Kayser, an inmate of the Pennsylvania Penitentiary, has fallen heir to $60,000. Virtue does not seem to be its own reward in Pennsylvania.

—The widow of John Brown is described as a little sun-burned, motherly woman of sixty six years, modest and retiring in manner and speech and plainly dressed.

—Queen Victoria's wedding present to the Duke of Westminster was a very handsome thoroughbred riding horse. Victoria has evidently been a close reader of Gen. Buford's sermons.

—Ex-Gov. Smith, of Virginia, who is known to fame as "Extra Billy," has reached his eighty-fifth year. He says that he is still blessed with a sound head, whole heart and faithful stomach.

—The Marquis of Lorne and his Princess will shortly pass through Detroit, Chicago, Omaha and San Francisco, whence they will proceed to British Columbia. The baggage-smashers are yearning to behold the royal luggage.

—The Hon. Jesse Files, of Ashley county, Ark., killed his third man the other day. Unfortunately for Mr. Fuss he is not running for office this year, and is therefore unable to take advantage of the popular feeling in his favor.

—Nast, in Harper's Weekly, has a cut illustrating the recent prize fighters of West Point. Each booby has a "dog's head, and the cut is marked: "West-Pointers. A new breed of puppies supported by the U. S." Mr. Nast will be hazed the next time he visits the Point.

The Discussion Deepens.

ST. LOUIS, August 24, 1882.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

It was "indignant citizen" who signs himself "Englishman" (can a citizen of this city call himself Englishman?) had taken the trouble to examine the testimony in regard to the shooting of Maher he would not have drawn a parallel between Wandell and McBride. The latter stabbed his friend and schoolmate without provocation; the former was assaulted stealthily while in discharge of his duty by two hoodlums and thieves and unmercifully beaten, as was shown by the Coroner's inquest. The slight punishment of which 'Englishman' speaks had reference to an alleged insult offered by Wandell to Maher's sister, who testified she never saw Wandell before. A man is not necessarily a coward because, seeing that he cannot contend against the united strength of two assailants, he uses a more powerful weapon than the fists of his antagonists.

JUSTICE.

ST. LOUIS, August 25, 1882.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

In an article in yesterday's edition an "Englishman" takes occasion, under the pretense of crying down the carrying of concealed weapons, to attack Mr. Wandell. I will state that I have known young Wandell for many years, and know that he is not a coward. In the strict performance of his duty he thwarted the designs of two men (hoodlums) engaged in robbing the corporation of which he was the representative. They assumed the aggressive and both attacked him at once. Accustomed officially to deal with the hardest characters, in his oath, with no available help at hand, in accidental possession of a pistol being to his brother, he, in actual defense, took the only course left him and fired, more to intimidate than to kill. A man who is attacked in his own office by two thieves will scarcely wait until he is beaten nigh unto death before defending himself. Mr. Wandell stands before the community with clean hands, in the full consciousness of having done his duty to his employers and to himself, and so have said many good citizens loving

FAIR PLAY.

An Outspoken Friend of J. Barleycorn.

ST. LOUIS, August 25, 1882.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

I am forty-seven years of age and I have been nipping away at whisky all my life. I am a temperance man, though I take on an average three drinks a day. Occasionally, when the weather is cool, I like to get just a bit drunk in pleasant company, selecting always an agreeable time and place so as not to interfere with my business or the interests of the general public. Now, why should I be deprived of my rational enjoyment by a lot of mud reformed drunkards who are preaching Prohibition? Because McMichael and Cordell and men of that stripe were unable to control their appetites, should I have the same restrictions placed upon me that are thought to be necessary to keep these depraved men from going to hell, figuratively speaking? I rather think not. I feel sorry for the men who can't drink whisky without making hogs of themselves, but they shan't put me in jail if I can help it on account of their own offenses.

WILLIAM MCPHERSON.

Vital Matters at Washington, Mo.

WASHINGTON, MO., August 24, 1882.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

As a constant reader of your valuable paper I wish you would insert the following:

The sidewalks in front of the "Summit House" and the "Half Way House," on Second street, between Jefferson and Lafayette, are completed. Col. Motz seems to be in the best of spirits about the fact. It is only a question of time when Second street will be the principle and most commercial thoroughfares of the town. Candidates for county offices are booming, with James J. Jones candidate for County Clerk, in the lead.

Respectfully,
F. H. T.

Information of an Important Character.

NOKOMIS, ILL., August 23, 1882.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

What is the customary style of a coat for a gentleman to wear at his marriage? If the groom gives the bride a present, when should he present it, before or after the ceremony?

A READER.

[A swallow-tail coat is always *en regle* at a marriage, though some gentlemen go to their fate in a buttoned up Prince Albert. Presents to the bride, barring the wedding ring, should always follow the marriage ceremony.—ED. P.-D.]

Tax on Delinquents.

ST. LOUIS, August 25, 1882.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Please inform one of your readers through your paper what is the rate of fine added to delinquent tax bills for personal property due December 31, 1881. Respectfully,

E. TURNER.

[Interest at the rate of 1 per cent per month, the fractional part of any month to be counted as a full month. In addition to this 2 per cent commissions.—ED P.-D.]

A Puzzler.

ST. LOUIS, August 23, 1882.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

What is it brings tears in the eyes of a saloon-keeper at the grave of his victim?

A READER.

[Don't know. It be is a self-respecting saloon-keeper he will keep away from the funeral.—ED. P.-D.]

New York Republican Politics.

From the New York Herald, 23d.

There is evidently going to be a terrific struggle in the Republican Convention between Governor Cornell and the Federal Administration, unless the Republican voters step in and command the peace.

The Governor has begun by calling somebody a liar, and anonymously accusing Mr. Conkling and his friends of attempts upon his virtue. On this follows the exposure of the Governor himself as a "confidence operator." What chance of election has Secretary Folger, as the Administration candidate, doomed to be stabbed by the Governor's "patronage"? Or what chance of election has Mr. Cornell, equally sure of the quiet but effective and bitter opposition of the Federal Administration?

Cornell is hampered by his Reilly Tammany alliance. Folger is hampered by the fact that he is the Administration candidate in a State where many powerful influences are hostile to the Administration. Wadsworth is "nobody's man." He is the whole people's man. He "belongs" to nobody. If the Republicans want to succeed in November, Wadsworth is their only man to command success.

Perhaps the Mormons Have Killed Him.

From the Denver (Col.) Tribune.

What has become of J. B. McCullagh, editor of the Globe Democrat? His intimate friend, the editor of the St. Louis Hotel Reporter, says Mr. McCullagh mysteriously disappeared from Denver last Thursday, and telegrams of inquiry sent to Manitou, Colorado Springs and the signal station on Pike's Peak failed to bring out any information as to his whereabouts.

A Microscopic search.

From the Washington Post.

Two hundred and thirty million pounds sterling is the estimated value of the British commercial marine. There is a fading tradition that the United States once had an interest in the ocean carrying trade, and Congress has sent out a special committee to see about it.

Rough on Garfield.

From the Atlanta Constitution.

Dorsey condones to advertise his intimacy with Garfield. This is the worst attack on the memory of an unfortunate man that could be devised.

The Grand Old Party's Shortcomings.

From the Boston Herald (Ind.)

The people are fast discovering a good many particulars wherein it differs from a party they would like to see in control of the Government.

Bad for Some Folks.

From the Cincinnati Commercial.

The luminous paint now coming into use, which shines with a phosphorescent glow at night, will be prejudicial to lovers and cats.

Somewhat in His Line.

From the Cincinnati Commercial.

Conkling's suggestion of Clarence Seward for Governor is slightly hereditary.

...E RIGHT MOVE.

Busi... Men Express Themselves ... the Mexican Exchange.

The Tri-20 With Mexico Discussed—In... resting Interviews.

The importance of a trade with Mexico is a subject which is just now engrossing much of the attention of St. Louis business people. Mexico is an inviting field and the eyes of the merchants of St. Louis have been turned in that direction for a number of years, but the difficulties in the way have hitherto been considered so great as to deter most houses from an effort to introduce their wares into the country. That the difficulties referred to are not insurmountable is proved by the fact that the railroad between this city and Mexico is being pushed to completion with characteristic energy The establishment of a Mexican Exchange in St. Louis will have additional weight in influencing trade between the two countries. In order to ascertain the feeling in commercial circles of this city upon the prospects of securing a trade with Mexico, a POST-DISPATCH reporter this morning interviewed a number of representative men upon the subject. The first gentleman visited was

MR. E C SIMMONS,

president and manager of the Simmons Hardware Company. In reply to the reporter's interrogations, Mr. Simmons stated it was the intention of his house to open business relations with Mexico at the earliest opportunity.

"We are not quite ready for it yet," said Mr. Simmons, "but in a year or two we confidently expect to do a large business with Mexico. The Mexican people now stand more in need of the class of articles in which we deal than of any other line of manufactured goods. They are very primitive in their mode of living; for instance, they use leather straps for door hinges. I have sent several of our illustrated catalogues into Mexico and inquiries from business people there are quite frequent as to prices. The reason that we have not yet taken hold of Mexico is the fact that excessive duties are the rule down there. A Mexican merchant who buys $10,000 worth of goods in the United States has to pay 100 per cent upon everything he imports. The freights are also excessive, ranging from 25, to 40 per cent. The result is that he has to pay from $12,000 to $15,000 cash in duties and freight upon his purchase. He therefore asks for longer time than we feel at present justified in giving. Still we have done some business with the Mexicans."

"Are they reliable pay?"

"Oh, yes, indeed; they are very prompt in meeting their obligations at maturity."

"Will the completion of the railroads now building have any effect in tending to reduce duties on freights in Mexico?"

"I think it will undoubtedly. The people there stand in need of the many things that are being manufactured in St. Louis, and when they find that the only thing which stands in the way of getting our goods into their country quickly and cheaply is the excessive duty now prevalent. I do not doubt they will speedily reduce the duty to something reasonable. What encourages me to hope for good results from the completion of the railroads is a conversation which I had with Senor Zamacona during his visit to St. Louis several years ago. The Senor said that the people of Mexico were alive to the possibilities of their future. They regard their future business communication with St. Louis merchants very hopefully. Some time ago I was called on by a Mexican merchant doing business in Monterey. This gentleman kept a line of American hardware, and told me that the people of his own country were acquiring a knowledge of the excellence of American hardware. He said it would not be long before American hardware manufacturers would be doing a satisfactory business in Mexico."

MR. S. M DODD,

of the wholesale dry goods firm of Dodd, Brown & Co., said that his house was not doing any business with Mexico at present. At one time the house did a considerable business with Chihuahua, the Northern State of Mexico. The trade was satisfactory.

"What do you think will be the effect of the completion of the railroad now being built between St. Louis and Mexico?" inquired the reporter.

"I think it will be beneficial both to St. Louis and to Mexico; to St. Louis because we will be able to become acquainted with our neighbors and will have an excellent opportunity to introduce our manufactories to them; to the Mexicans because they will have a chance to learn what is doing in this part of the country in the manufacture of improved farming machinery, of which I am informed the Mexicans are in great need. Parts of Mexico are very fertile, and their mines are world-renowned for the richness and quantity of the ore, but hitherto, except in a few cases only, the implements used in cultivating the soil of Mexico and the machines employed in extracting ore are of the most primitive kind. To import farm and mining machinery into Mexico is at present too expensive, and this is why the Mexicans, who are really a shrewd and wideawake people, are so far behind the farmers and miners of this country in the mechanical implements with which to assist the labor of their hands. St. Louis is the nearest important American city to Mexico, and therefore I argue the best results for St. Louis from the completion of the different railroads now being constructed."

"Will the proposed Mexican Exchange have any weight in influencing trade between St. Louis and the people of Mexico?"

"I think the Exchange will have a decided influence for good."

MR. H. S. PRAETORIUS

of the piano house of Story & Camp, lived in Mexico for several years before locating in St. Louis. He is thoroughly familiar with the people of the sister republic, with their social manners and with their modes of doing business. Being asked if the house of Story & Camp were conducting business with Mexican merchants, Mr. Praetorius said:

"Yes sir, but not a very extensive business."

"Is the trade satisfactory as to payments?"

"Well, inasmuch as we have only a cash business, of course it has been satisfactory as to that. The Mexicans do business in a peculiar way. Their business men who carry on a trade with the United States have a commercial agent in each city where they deal, and business is conducted through him."

"Do you think St. Louis can get any of the trade of Mexico when the railroads now being built are completed?"

"Candidly speaking, I do not, and for this reason: the principal business houses in Mexico are conducted principally by Germans. These people control the custom houses of the country and have everything their own way. They buy almost altogether in New York and ship to Mexico by steamer. Thus they can buy American goods at headquarters and can import them into Mexico from New York cheaper than they can from St. Louis. But the great proportion of goods bought by Mexican houses are foreign goods, for the simple reason that the merchants themselves are foreigners."

"What is your opinion of the utility of the proposed Mexican Exchange?"

"I think it will be an excellent thing as affording an opportunity for Mexican merchants to become acquainted with the business houses of St. Louis. I should think it would serve to facilitate business relations with the Mexicans. It will give the Mexicans confidence in St. Louis. At present the Mexicans are very much prejudiced against American goods and American people. This prejudice had its origin in a cute Yankee trick which was played on them several years ago by a certain Sam Slick from Connecticut. This man brought a shipload of cheap wagons into the country. The wagons were gaudily painted, and the paint and varnish with which they were decorated went straight to the Mexican heart. Their chief recommendation was their cheapness, for the Mexicans are an economical people and take as much delight in securing a bargain as anybody else. In a day or two the Connecticut man had sold every one of his wagons and started back for his down East home a proud and happy man. In less than a fortnight every one of the wagons had broken down, and their wrecks littered the roads of the country, and since then they regard with distrust every representation made to them by American business men. Now, it occurs to me that the establishment of a Mexican Exchange in St Louis will serve to undo, in the minds of Mexicans coming here, their unjust prejudices against this country. There are a number of Mexicans living in St. Louis, and their presence here would serve to attract their countrymen to our city."

"Has your house become a member of the Mexican Exchange?"

"Not yet, sir."

MR. MOSES RUMSEY,

of the important firm of L. M. Rumsey & Co., said his house did a large and constantly increasing business with Mexico

"We have just shipped two fire engines to Chihuahua," said Mr. Rumsey, "and we are manufacturing three more. The house of Rumsey & Co., of Seneca Falls, N.Y., has been dealing with Mexican merchants for a number of years. That house manufactures pumps, and the demand for their goods has been steadily growing all the time."

"Do you ship direct to buyers in Mexico?"

"No, sir. We consign to some good house on the border, who act as middlemen. We sometimes don't know who are the real purchaser."

"Are the Mexican merchants satisfactory pay?"

"Those with whom we do business are as good as cash. We have never had any trouble to get our money."

"Do the customs regulations of Mexico stand in your way to any extent?"

"No, sir. Those regulations are a little troublesome to those who do not understand them, but when once understood they do not occasion any difficulty. The regulations require a clear and full statement of every article shipped into the country, its weight, name and cost, and every box of goods that we send into Mexico is accompanied by such a statement."

"Will the completion of the railroads between St Louis and Mexico tend to increase business?"

"Unquestionably. The people of Mexico are 12 000 000 of people in want, absolutely, of almost every article with which the civilized countries are supplied. They are eager to supply their deficiencies, and I believe would sooner use American goods than any other. They are friendly to the people of the United States and fully alive to the importance of closer commercial relations with us than exist at present."

"Then you think the field is a good one?"

"Yes, sir. The merchants of St. Louis can have an enormous business with the Mexicans if they will go for it. They can cut out New York and Chicago with little trouble."

"How do you explain the apparent indifference of St. Louis merchants in this direction?"

"Simply by the statement that they know so little about the Mexicans and their country."

"What is your opinion as to the utility of the proposed Mexican Exchange in connection with the development of this trade?"

"As tending to a better acquaintance between the Mexicans and the business men of St. Louis, I think it will be an excellent institution and hope to see it flourish accordingly."

MR DWIGHT TREDWAY,

of the Greeley-Buchanan Grocer Company, said his house had recently shipped a large consignment of groceries to Mexico. It was their first venture in this direction and the firm felt very much encouraged.

"Judging by my own feelings," said Mr Tredway, "I should think the prospects of a large business between St. Louis and Mexico are excellent."

"Then you think that St. Louis can get a considerable portion of the Mexican trade when the railroads now being built are completed?"

"I do, indeed," said Mr. Tredway.

THAT great Dermatologist, Dr. C. W. Benson, of Baltimore, has prepared his favorite prescription for general use, and now any person, however poor, can get the benefit of his best treatment for skin diseases. It consists of both external and internal treatment.

HIS OWN LAWYER.

W. H. Steffen, a Tired Husband, Tries the Machinery of Divorce.

W. H. Steffen wants a decree of divorce and has set about it without the aid of an attorney. This morning he dropped into the Circuit clerk's office, paid $3, the filing fee, and handed in the following document:

"W. H. Steffen vs. Mary A. Steffen Plaintiff states that he was married to the defendant May 19 1879, and he lived with her as her husband till May 7, 1882, when he left her, returning at her request about May 30, 1882, and lived at the same house as her protector only until August 21, 1882. During the time that plaintiff lived with the aforesaid defendant he was a good and dutiful husband to her, and that, though he was a good and dutiful husband and duly provided for her, she committed 'dignatorys' towards him such as to make his life with her intolerable, to-wit: That while plaintiff was sick in bed his wife circulated stories about him which were absolutely false. Plaintiff further states that though she knows better she has willfully mismanaged her affairs about the house; that on one occasion while her sister was at the table eating with us she (the defendant) took up a fork or knife, exclaiming, in an angry way, that she, the defendant, would kill me, the plaintiff. That she did then and there make a pass at the plaintiff with the aforesaid knife or fork. That she swore that she would poison me. And the plaintiff now prays for a divorce."

Injustice to a Good Man.

From the Glasgow (Mo.) Journal.

Mr. C. P. Rector, formerly station agent of the C. & A. R. ad at this place, and well known here, arrived in this city this (Wednesday) morning. His friends here acquainted him, much to his surprise, with the fact that the POST DISPATCH had published a short article reflecting upon him and connecting his name with a questionable transaction in the selling of untransferable passes. Mr. Rector states that this is the first time that he had heard of it, and he will write at once to Mr. L. A. Ford, general passenger agent of the Vandalia and Pennsylvania line, from whom the report started, and who, we hope, has unintentionally done Mr. Rector a great injustice in the matter. The facts in the case, as stated by the latter, are as follows: While on his return from Washington City in the sleeper, between Cincinnati and St. Louis, his pocket-book, containing a trip pass between St. Louis and Pittsburg, together with $17 in money and some private papers, was stolen from him, and his presumption is that the thief, whoever he was, sold the passes to some ticket scalper. During a residence of several years here Mr. Rector earned for himself a good name for business integrity and made numerous friends who will be glad to see any wrong done him righted.

A JUDGE IN CHAMBERS.

What He Can and Cannot Do During Vacation.

Powers Defined—Important Opinion by Judge Thayer To-Day.

An opinion of some importance, touching the powers of a Circuit Judge sitting in chambers during vacation, was delivered this morning by Judge Thayer. The case was that of the Windsor Hotel upon an application of one of Mr. Livingston's bondsmen on the injunction to be released.

The Judge says: "I must decline to entertain the motion of Mr. Ritledge to be relieved from further liability as surety on the injunction bond in this case for the reason that he was accepted as surety by an order of court made during the June term, and in my judgment he cannot be relieved from such liability by a Judge sitting in chambers during vacation. The power of a Circuit Judge sitting in vacation in chambers do not exteod to vacating, modifying or correcting orders made and entered of record by the court during term time. All orders which a Judge may lawfully make in chambers may be vacated or modified in chambers upon sufficient cause shown, but orders made during term time can not be discharged in vacation unless they discharge themselves by their own limitations. I shall accordingly leave the surety to present his application for a release from the bond to the court at the October term. This ruling disposes also of the application for an additional injunction bond. If I entertained the motion for an increased bond and sustained the application I could only enforce obedience to the order by directing a dissolution of the injunction if the additional security was not given. But I am satisfied that a restraining order made and entered of record by the court in term time cannot be vacated by a Judge in vacation. The statute confers no such power in express terms, nor does it result by implication from any other power conferred upon the Judge in vacation. It has been held that where a statute confers upon the Judge of a court in vacation the power to grant an injunction, the power also to appoint a receiver is a proper case for the preservation of property may be regarded as confirmed by implication, and may be exercised in vacation. Acting under this authority and according to the usages of chancery courts, I have in two instances during the present vacation appointed receivers in cases of purely equitable cognizance, where an injunction might also have been awarded, although our code does not expressly authorize the appointment of a receiver by a Judge in vacation. But beyond this point I do not think it lawful to go. I certainly cannot vacate orders made and discharge bondsmen accepted in term time, and because any order that I might make on the recent application for an increased bond could only be enforced by assuming jurisdiction to annul orders made in term time, I do not think it proper to entertain the present application until court reassembles in October. In the present instance the want of power to entertain the motion will be productive of no hardship, as the existing injunction is very limited. It simply restrains the removal of the hotel property from where it is now situated and being used without further interfering with defendant's control of the same.

Mr. H. D. Davis, representing Mr. B. H. Engelke and Mr. Theodore Walsh, owners of this emarkable hotel sight, informed the court that fifteen out of the twenty days allowed for testimony before the referee had already been consumed by the plaintiff, J. W. Livingston. It would be necessary to extend the time if the defendants were to get their evidence in.

Judge Thayer said that when the time had elapsed the parties could report to court in chambers, and then it would be time to make any order that might be necessary in the way of extension.

Swimming Races at the Natatorium, on Saturday evening, commencing at 8 o'clock.

THE OBERMEYER ESTATE.

Distribution Among Numerous Family —Charity Bequests.

Letters of administration were granted today to William M. Kohn and Philip Constam, executors of Simon Obermeyer, estate valued at $100,000. The will, bearing date January 7, 1882, was admitted to probate. It provides the following bequests: Abraham Straus, father of testator's wife, $500; the Union of American Hebrew Congregations, an incorporation of Ohio, $1,000, for sinking fund, the "Kaddish" to be recited each anniversary of testator's death; United Hebrew Relief Association of St. Louis, $2,000 The testator adds in this regard: "Said sum to be applied to the establishment, maintenance or support of a home for aged and infirm Israelites in St. Louis, with or without a hospital appendage. The subject of establishing such a home has been agitated in this community, and I desire to assist the project, and I desire that my bequest shall not fail for want of a more definite designation of the object of my bequest. In case such a home shall not be established within ten years after my decease, I desire the money to be distributed among my children, Rachel, Emma Sophie, Lewis, Edward, Carrie and Bertha."

The daughters, Rachel, Emma and Sophie, each receive $2,000 bequests. The sons, Edward and Lewis, each receive $5,000. The sum of $5,000 is left in trust for the benefit of the daughter Bertha and $5,000 in trust to the daughter Carrie, each to receive the legacy and income thereof at majority. To M. A. Rosenblatt is left in trust $2,000 for the benefit of the son Simon. All liability of this son to the estate is released, but he is excluded from participating in the residue. The family residence, 1301 Kennett place, is to be used by the widow, passing at her death to the sons Edward and Lewis. The residue of the estate is left in trust to the son-in-law, Wm M. Kohn and Philip Constam, the income to be enjoyed by the widow. At her death the child or children share the estate. The sum of $500 is left for erection of a memorial tablet over the burial lot. The testator directs that no bond shall be required of either the executors or trustees.

RESERVED.

The Gallery at the Natatorium for Gentlemen accompanied by Ladies, on Saturday evening, August 26, at Swimming Races.

A Consistent Request.

The will of Sarah A. Burridge, bearing date March 12, 1869, was admitted to probate today. The property is left to the husband, who is appointed executor. The testatrix directs: "I commit my body to the earth, and desire such funeral ceremonies as may be consistent with my circumstances in life and the Christian faith. My spirit I consign to the God who gave it."

New Features of the Fair.

The Fair Association have opened their entry books in several departments and exhibitors are invited to make their entries in the horse, swine, cattle, poultry, mechanical, machinery and texile fabric departments. A great many applications are made for space in all the departments.

In addition to other new features there has been added a department for bees and honey, and prizes will be awarded for the best collection of Italian, native, black and Italian queen bees, and for the extract and devices attending the cultivation of bees. An especial interest is manifested on account of the numerous prize offered in the exhibition of sorghum sugar machinery. It behooves every one interested in this industry to ascertain the particulars of this department.

There was born on the grounds yesterday a young male yak, known as the Tartarian horse. The colt resembles a Newfoundland dog, and is an interesting addition to the Zoo.

REBELLIOUS REPUBLICANS

Who Protest Against the Action of the State Central Committee.

The action of the Republican State Central Committee yesterday in deciding not to hold a State convention has met with serious opposition in the ranks. The Democrats seem pleased with the result, and in calling the Democratic State Committee to-day Chairman O'Day announced that they would convene to hold an inquest on the Republican party, which died yesterday.

Speaking of yesterday's convention, Mr. Rowse to day said: "I think the State Committee has made a grave mistake in deciding not to call a convention. I have no controversy with any of the members of the committee. I believe a convention will be held, notwithstanding the decision of the committee."

Maj. J. C. McGinnis denounced the action of the committee in unmeasured terms.

"It is a usurpation of power," said he, "without warrant in the written or unwritten law of politics. It is done by Mr. Filley and his gang of strikers, and only serves the end of perpetuating these men in place. One-half of these men are held in position by Mr. Filley, and just as soon as he goes, they go. Now reason this thing out and I will show you what it leads to. Suppose this year the Republican arty were able to elect a Governor in this State. If the action of this committee was allowed to prevail then, though able, could not make the selection. It is not only unwise, but monstrous. And instead of handing back the commission delegated to this committee two years ago they decided to perpetuate themselves in office by not calling a convention or give opportunity to elect successors. It is an assumption of function which they have no right to assume. A few years ago the Democratic Committee did just such another thing when they undertook to strike off names from the ticket. The duty of the committee is to manage the canvas, but this assumption of power is unbusiness."

"What is the general sentiment?"

"I have been traveling through the State the past two months, and the sentiment I express I found was universal."

Mr. Dan Houser was met:

"I was at the convention yesterday, but I certainly think the action of the committee extremely unwise. It was done by Mr. Filley and his crowd of strikers. I think a convention will be held."

MR TRUMAN POST,

the well-known lawyer, did not hesitate to express his opinion on yesterday's work, and thought it was an outrage that the party should submit to the action of the committee and its chairman.

C. Simmons said the action of the committee was the action of twenty men, and did not even indicate the views of 175,000 in the State. He thought a convention would be held notwithstanding the decision.

Sheriff Mason was very conservative and said: "I have not been out of the office to discuss the matter, and I can't say whether a convention will likely be held or not. I think it would be better to hold a convention."

Judge William C. Jones, chairman of the Democratic City Central Committee, was jubilant over the state of affairs. "It is the death knell of the Republican party in this State," he said, in summing up the result of the committee's work.

Before Judge Jecko.

Judge Jecko dispensed quite a large and varied amount of justice in the First District Police Court this morning. A number of cases against unlicensed dramshops were on the docket, but were continued. Eight cases made by the police against Anton Vert were continued until August 28; four cases against John Fox were laid over until the 26th inst. and five against Tim Kiely were set for August 29. Josie Dorest, a large lady with a French name but Hibernian accent, was assessed a $50 fine for keeping a disorderly house. Sarah Watson, for a like violation of law and order was given $50 and costs. Peter Casey was drawn in for night on an unsatisfied judgment of $50 rendered against him on the 1st of March last. He will now pay it by serving the city in the Work-house.

James Williams and George Ostrander were accused of idling away their time on the streets, to the detriment of passing citizens and contrary to the ordinance. They were fined $100 each, which they failed to produce. They will be shipped to the Work-house.

Even the itinerant mind-readers of the city, who for a small fee positively agree to give lovesick maidens and lah-de-dah young men a correct representation of the future, seem to be amenable to the power of the baton-wielder named the "capper." Mrs. A. Schardt was run in last night and the charge of "an unlicensed fortune-teller" was booked against her. She was very much disgruntled that her business should be interfered with and through the medium of an attorney-at-law had the case continued until the 29th inst.

Chapter on Punched Coins.

From the Cincinnati Enquirer.

Grandfather Lickasinggle called at the Enquirer office last night to leave word that the real curse of this country is punched coin. "It is," he said, "blighting the lives of all mankind. While the hole was left open it was our own fault if we permitted one to be thrust upon us; but now that the hole is skillfully filled with a deceptive white metal is it any wonder that in the rush of business we are continually made victims of? For my own part I think it is not. Have you ever noticed how many weary moons wax and wane while you are getting rid of a punched coin? It appears that every living man, woman or child is on the alert for mutilated money except yourself. I am indebted to one of the foremost financial minds of this country for the only known method to rid one's self of a punched quarter or half dollar. Make a purchase of ten or fifteen cents' worth of goods, and give the shopman a bill to change, at the same time secreting the mutilated coin in your hand. Among your change are likely to be a couple of pieces of silver of the same denomination as the mutilated piece in your hand. As you pick up the change, adroitly substitute a whole coin for the one in your hand with a hole in it. Now scrutinize your change carefully, and pass back the punched coin with a sly wink. The shopman will scratch his chin in a vain effort to remember from whom he received the debased coin, and will hand you out a good one in exchange.

"But it is the pretty shop-girl," said grandfather, with a sigh, "who knows a punched coin when she sees it. You never can obtrude one of them upon her, and it is a waste of time to attempt it. Offer her a punched quarter in payment for a five-cent purchase, and she will decline with a smile almost before it touches the counter. You apologize and give her a dollar bill; and the next time you make a purchase you discover that she has given you among your change three twenty-five cent pieces, each one with a hole in it."

A NIGHT or two ago Edward Swartwood, a member of the Athletic Base Ball Club, had a nickel watch, a gold chain and locket stolen from room 139 at the Laclede Hotel, where he was stopping.

ON THE FLOOR.

A Mysterious Circular That No One Can Explain.

Corner in Flax Seed—St. Louis Not Alone in Short Weights—Notes.

A mysterious circular was picked up on the floor of the Merchants' Exchange by a POST-DISPATCH reporter this morning. It had evidently been dropped by some careless individual who had failed to heed the injunction at the foot of the circular, which requested that it be destroyed after having been read. This document was addressed to no one in particular, was headed St. Louis, August 24, 1882, and signed "W. D. Herald." It was a notification to some society that the Orioles, of Baltimore, had invited the organization, individually or collectively, to attend the Orioles celebration that will be held in Baltimore on September 12. It stated that the Orioles would donate passes from St. Louis to Baltimore to all members of the St. Louis society and would also return them free of charge. The only expense to be incurred would be sleeping car charges, and if the society went in a body a sleeper would be furnished free. The circular ended with a notification of when the next meeting of the order would be held and that thirty vacancies were then filled, with an appeal to each member to bring in the names of some good men and true, as the society was in need of both members and friends. An attempt was made by the reporter to ascertain to what order this circular was addressed, but though he showed it to a dozen or so prominent members on the floor, all of whom, by the way, cast surprised looks of semi-recognition at the document, yet there were none who would furnish any information in regard to it. It was stated by one rash individual that the V. P.'s were the order invited, and he said that if they accepted the invitation St. Louis would have a first-rate opportunity of finding out just who were the members of this mysterious society. Perhaps some one can explain this matter. If so, any communications addressed to the POST-DISPATCH secret society editor will receive due notice.

A CORNER IN FLAXSEED.

It has not been publicly known that a "corner" has been running in flaxseed, but such is the fact, and parties interested in the trade have been considerably exercised by this deal, especially those unfortunates that happened to be on the short side. This "corner" existed not alone here, but also in Chicago. In the latter market R. S. Wallace & Co. have the flaxseed market in a tight grip, having bought heavily for August, commencing when prices were around $1 17 and $1 18. It is now worth $1 31. Here in St. Louis the firm of D. I. Bushnell & Co. have the clamps on flaxseed. This firm has month were large buyers for August delivery, starting in at about $1 14 and, by chasing steadily up to $1 21. The shortage for the month was about 150 cars, which the parties who went short expected to get into market this month. In this they failed, as receipts did not arrive as freely as was expected. The consequence has been a squeeze up to $1 25 and $1 26. It is now worth $1 24 to $1 25. Nearly all the contracts for August have been settled up, as the shorts saw it was impossible to fill them by actual deliveries, and concluded it was best for them to buy out. It is now said that about the highest prices have been reached, as the deal is nearly all settled and Bushnell & Co. are out of the market.

MISSING GRADE ON WHEAT IN CHICAGO.

The board of trade country shippers on their grain missing grade and losing in weight has been directed entirely against St. Louis. It is refreshing to learn that other markets have the same failings that are so freely charged against St. Louis. A letter from Sedalia, Mo., to a commission firm in this market states that a party at a station on the I. C. & A. road sold four cars of wheat to grade No 2 to go to Chicago. One car of the same wheat be shipped to St. Louis, where it graded No. 2, while two of the cars that went to Chicago of the same wheat graded No. 3 there, and one car did not grade at all, while another car lost thirteen bushels.

NOTES.

The first large sale of game in this market for the season was made to-day by Col. W. W. Judy, who sold 100 dozen grouse at $3 per dozen.

It is said that nearly all the No. 2 red wheat lately bought on the East side of the river goes to Chicago, where it will be delivered upon short contracts for August.

Do zelot is now waiting for European complications to make a stir in the grain markets, and "when the Russians cross the Pruth" he intends to take hold of wheat and hist her.

The country tributary to St. Louis is complaining of a great scarcity of cars. The shippers have plenty of wheat ready to send to market, but cannot get the rolling stock to move it.

The white flag was waving over the "pit" on 'Change to-day in token of its surrender to dead dullness and no trading. The boys now call it the "cock-pit," as business is a dead cock in the pit.

The Exchange is once more informed that J. C. Ewan is back from one of his numerous protracted summer vacations, and his smile once more lights up the howling wilderness of the Call Board.

Jimmy Newell, doorkeeper of the Merchants' Exchange, is the St. Louis agent of the "Chicago car mover," a contrivance for the moving of railroad cars, and which is generally used by railroad companies, grain shippers and elevators. Jimmy offers one of these "mover-" free of charge to the management of the Brown Stockings to move their men around the bases.

To the Trade.

Our factory only being partially destroyed by fire, we will be in operation and able to fill orders within the next twenty days.

DAUSMAN TOBACCO COMPANY,
Sixteenth and Poplar streets.

A Railway Trespass.

A damage suit for $1,000 was filed this morning in the Circuit Court by Smith & Harrison and A. B. Givens in behalf of Veronica Baker, John Baker, Edward Baker, Fannie Boulicault, L. B Boulicault against the Creve Coeur Lake Railway Company. The company, it is alleged, unlawfully entered upon land in which the several plaintiffs have an interest, tore down and destroyed the fences and took possession for the construction of its roadbed.

HOTELS.

"THE SOUTHERN,"

On Walnut, Elm Fourth and Fifth Streets.

NEW AND THOROUGHLY FIREPROOF

Kept on the American or European plan Elegant Restaurant on Fourth street. Special advantages to Commercial men. Conducted by the Southern Hotel Company.

CHAS. P. WARNER, General Manager.

SCHOOLS.

Missouri School of Mines and Metallurgy.

ROLLA, PHELPS COUNTY, MO.

Courses of study practical, mining engineers complete; equipment excellent. Pro essors are talented. Twelfth session begins September 18th, 1882. TOTAL EXPENSE FOR THE YEAR NOT OVER $300 Send to secretary for circular or information.

E. W. DOUTHAT, A. M., Ph. D., Secy.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

Sunday, August 27, opening of the Fall and Winter Season.

TONY PASTOR

And his Elegant Company.

Wednesday and Saturday Matinees. Box office now open.

Sunday, September 3—Milton Nobles.

POPE'S THEATER.

Opening of the season, SUNDAY, AUGUST 27. Engagement of America's accomplished actress,

MINNIE MADDERN,

Pronounced by press and public a pearl of perfection without a peer in the profession, supported by an especially selected company, under the management of John R. Hazlin.

Sunday, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday,

FOGG'S FERRY.

Thursday, Friday and Saturday, WILD WAVES. Matinees Wednesday and Saturday. New and elegant scenery. Startling effects. Box office opens this morning.

PEOPLE'S THEATER.

Mitchell & Robertson, Proprietors.

This favorite resort, newly refitted and beautified will reopen for the Fall and Winter season of 1882-83, SATURDAY NIGHT, AUGUST 26, when will be presented HYDE & BEHMAN'S thrilling and Only Consolidation Introducing Sam Devere, Harry Watson, John Hart, Joe Hatt, Stewart, the Morte Family, Harry Williams and Minnie, Frank White, Lillian Wade, Frank Ray, Dave Oakes, Miss Jessie Boyd, Miss Katie Cooper and Miss Alice Hutchins. Doors open at 7; commence at 8. Matinees Wednesday and Saturday at 2 p. m. Box office open from 9 a. m. until 5 p. m. Sunday, Sept. 3, YORK ROBERTS' HUMPTY DUMPTY.

PICKWICK Illuminated Garden Indoor and AL FRESCO THEATER.

Open Every Evening (except Sunday)

Wayman McCreery's Charming Comic Opera,

L'AFRIQUE, With a cast of local favorites, new scenery, new music, etc.

Seats at Balmer & Weber's, 311 N. Fifth st. Military Band Concert every evening, 7:15 to 8:15.

Monday, August 28, 1882, Centennial to Mr. McCreery. Tuesday, August 29, New York Ideal Opera Co.

UHRIG'S CAVE.

Last Week but One of

FORD'S OPERA COMPANY.

LAST NIGHTS. | MERRY WAR! | LAST NIGHTS.

Monday—Joint Benefit of Blanche Chapman and Geo. W. Denham.

Down-town ticket office, 317 Olive street.

BASE BALL.

St. Louis vs. Allegheny, of Pittsburg,

Saturday, August 26.

At Sportsmen's Park, Grand Avenue.

GAME AT 4 P. M.—ADMISSION 25c.

VEHICLES 25c EXTRA.

REGULAR CONCERT

BY THE

ST. LOUIS GRAND ORCHESTRA,

Every Tuesday and Friday evening at 8 o'clock, at SCHNAIDER'S GARDEN.

CREVE COEUR LAKE.

Sunday round trip tickets, 60c; week days, 75c. Rinder always on hand. Trains leave on Sundays 8:30 a. m., 1:30 and 6:15 p. m.

TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT.

"ONLY DYSPEPSIA, DOCTOR," SAID A PATIENT TO ABERNETHY. "WHAT WOULD YOU HAVE?" SAID THE GREAT SURGEON—"THE PLAGUE?" INDIGESTION IS THE SOURCE OF COUNTLESS MORTAL DISEASES. CHECK IT EARLY WITH TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT AND ESCAPE AT ONCE ITS PRESENT AGONIES AND ITS PROBABLE CONSEQUENCES IF NEGLECTED.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

DIED.

DELANO—Wednesday night, August 23, WILLIE, only son of Harry H. and Ella P. Delano, at Ivory Station, Mo.

LYON—August 24, at 6:30 p. m., EDWIN T. LYON, aged 48 years.

The funeral will take place from family residence, 4344 North Twelfth street, Sunday, at 10 o'clock a. m. Was a member of Bremen Lodge, No 234, K. of H. Friends of the family invited to attend.

ROBERTSON—At Waukesha, Wis., ELIZABETH TAYLOR, wife of Julius Robertson, of this city, August 24, 1882.

DAVIS—At 1216 Washington avenue, at 12:30 Friday, Miss LIZZIE L. DAVIS.

Funeral Saturday at 1 p. m. from the house.

SUMMER delicacies, canned ox tongue, corned beef. St. Louis Beef Canning Company, packers.

NOW RECEIVING!

FALL GOODS.

Mound City,

411 N. Fourth St.

Kittredge & Pettes

FINE ARTS!

Paintings, Water Colors, Engravings, Colored Photographs, Etc., Etc.

MIRRORS AND ARTISTIC FRAMES.

Your attention is called to our rare and attractive stock of Japanese Products. Reasonable prices.

PARLOR OF FINE ARTS,

914 Olive Street.

REDHEFFER & KOCH.

The Timken Spring Side-Bar Vehicles are the Best in the World.

There are now over one hundred Thousand in use. They are the most stylish, durable and easy riding of any made. They are manufactured by all leading Carriage builders in the country. Henry Timken, Patentee, builder of Fine Carriages, Gears and Bodies, 1010 St. Charles street, St. Louis, Mo.

POLITICAL.

MASS MEETINGS will be held in the Eighth District to fill vacancies in Congressional Committee as follows:

Sixth Ward—Broadway and Montgomery, Saturday, August 26, 8 p. m.

Eighth Ward—Opposite Marquis Market, Saturday, August 26, 8 p. m.

Sixteenth Ward—Freidman's Hall, Bremen av, and Fifteenth, Friday, August 25, 8 p. m.

F. J. MANNING, Sec. LE GRAND ATTWOOD, Ch.

Telephon Offices St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

All classes of "Want Advertisements" will be received for the "Post-Dispatch" at the following places and charged for at the same rate as if left at the main office. Each branch office is provided with telephone connection with the main office. All wants handed in before 12 o'clock (mid day) will be telephoned at once to this office and appear in the issue of the same afternoon. Orders for the delivery of the paper, by carrier, at 15 cents a week, also received.

E. Geisler, Pharmacist, St. Ange and Park Aves.
C. K. Jones & Co., Druggists, 1400 Garrison Ave.
Otto D'Amour, Druggist, Broadway and Chambers street.
Jno. W. O'Brien, Druggist. 1727 Cass Avenue.
J. W. Tomfohrde, Pharmacist, 18th and Benton st.
Wm. R. Grant, Druggist, 3342 Olive St.
H. F. A. Spilker, Druggist, 1500 Chouteau Ave.
J. H. Good, Druggist, 2348 Olive St.
Geo. Weinsberg, Apothecary, Marion and Menard streets.
Thos. S. Glenn, Druggist, 2338 Washington Ave.
Chas. Gulath, Druggist, 2613 Carondelet Ave.
Adolph Pfeiffer, Druggist, Broadway and Salisbury streets.

Telephone Numbers—
Business Department . . . . . 558.
Editorial Rooms . . . . . . 501.

PERSONAL

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

$100—AN elegant silver service of seven pieces will be given away by "Fox," the photographer. See explanation in show window 916 Olive st.

ALL cast-off clothing bought by calling or addressing M. B. Barnett, 802 Locust st.

ALL cast-off clothing bought by N. Jacobs, 308 Locust st. Address postal card

CONSULT U. a F. Silva, political, business, test and writing medium, 9.2 Pine, southeast cor. of 10th and Pine. m1

FINE laundrying, collars and cuffs equal to Eastern work. 20c per dozen 609 Pine st., 312 Locust st. 815 Washington av. Missouri Steam Laundry.

FOR RENT—Olive and Compton av., 4 room flat and bath finished in hard wood. E. S. Warner & Co., 2 5 N. 8th st. t13

GENTLEMEN, go to 1428 Franklin avenue to have your clothes dyed cleaned and renovated.

MRS. LAURA DE KNEVETT, spiritualist medium, natural clairvoyant and test guide for business 1413 Morgan st. 38

PERSONAL—Stammering cured by an art; cures guaranteed or no charges will be made. Address Jno. N. Welch, Rolla, Mo.

PERSONAL—Charity, be sure and go to Post-office for letter. 11

PERSONAL. A wife wanted by a wealthy farmer. Age 38. No objection to widows bet 17 and 30. Photos exchanged. Letters containing photos answered first. Ad G. Holmes, Alton, Ill. s1

THE copying house at 823 N. Fourth street will remove Sept. 1st to cor. Fourth and Morgan sts. Great bargains can be had in oil paintings, engravings, picture frames, etc., previous to removal.

WANTED—Attractions for Keytesville Fair, five days, commencing Tuesday, October 3. Apply to Wm. E. Hill, president Keytesville, Mo. 1

BUSINESS CHANCES.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

BOOKS balanced and examined; lessons in bookkeeping given by W. Eitbeke. 1726 Lucas Place; ref. a2

MISSISSIPPI VALLEY SILK CULTURE ENTERPRISE—$1,000 stock and capital, $10,000 produce; or er ook corre pondence and stock now open for examination. Prof. G. Barricelli, mngr. No 295 N 12th st., St. Louis, Mo. s2

SHEET music 5c; regular price 35c to 75c; 1,000 pieces; send for catalogue Book and News Depot, s. w. cor. 2nd and Olive sts., St. Louis. s2

BUSINESS WANTED.

WANTED—To rent small store in good locality suitable for confectionery, etc.; or would buy out same kind of business already established. Ad. G. 74, this office. t3

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

$200 BUYS restaurant doing good business at 8.8 Pine st. f4

BUY THE WHITE. Buy the Stewart. Buy the New Stewart. } At 114 N. 6th st. and get a valuable present. See advertisement local.

FOR SALE—A very desirable drugstore, doing an excellent business; reasons for selling death of the proprietor. For particulars, address R. C. Schum, s. w. cor. Fifth and Market, St. Louis

FOR SALE—Saloon doing good business, including fixtures and stock, very cheap. Address 2122 south side Pacific R. R. f4

I WISH to sell half interest in the Mound City Hotel; doing a good business; reason for selling bad health, not able to attend to it. Mrs. C. Jameson.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

$100—AN elegant silver service of seven pieces will be given away by "Fox," the photographer. See explanation in show window, 916 Olive st.

BUY THE WHITE. Buy the Stewart. Buy the New Stewart. } At 114 N. 6th st. and get a valuable present. See advertisement local.

FOR SALE—A No. 1 second hand city truck, cheap. Thos Haggerty, 510 Washington av.

FOR SALE—A first-class route on the POST-DISPATCH, very cheap. Inquire at 1852 State or S. 13th st. f5

FOR SALE—Revolver, Smith & Wesson's improved, 5-shot, 32-cal.; price $5. Ad. H 40, this office. f5

FOR SALE—A good second-hand safe, double door and combination lock, cheap. Northwest corner 5th and Market sts.

FOR SALE—Pool table, almost new; cheap to cash buyer. Inquire at 3406 Olive st.

FOR SALE—A rare bargain at private sale until Tuesday, inclusive, 29th inst. One fine walnut bed-room suit, one fine folding lounge, dining and kitchen table, cupboard, one large Charter Oak cook stove, chairs, tubs, buckets candy jars, measures, scales, etc. Call at 825 N. 8th st., city. f5

FOR SALE—Two carpenter's chests and a complete set of carpenter's tools. Inquire at Mrs. Dalton's, 1404 N. 16th st. s5

NO stranger should leave the city without a box of McConnell's Pure Candies. 418 Olive st.

ONE Merchants' Exchange membership. Inquire Second and Webster s. Jaynes & Co. s5

PUREST strains of full-blooded white leghorn, black Spanish and Dominica chickens. Eggs from same $1 or 13. 416 Olive st.

PIANOS of all grades, new and second-hand, for sale at great bargains or for rent at H. Koerber's, 1103 Olive street.

SEWING Machine Supplies and general repairing, 9.7 Market st. s5

THE following goods will be sold for storage (unless sooner paid) at the warehouse Nos. 212 and 214 Myrtle st. on Wednesday, Sept 6, 1882, at 10 a. m.: W. J. Burton lot of household goods; Phil. V. Taylor, 1 desk; O. D. Buffum, 2 trunks; Az I Ames, lot of excavating apparatus; Mrs. S. Smith, 3 boxes boo s. J. B. BROLASKI.
Thursday, Aug. 14, '82. 5

PROPERTY OUT OF CITY FOR SALE.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

COAL GRAZING AND FARM LANDS. Lot of 67 tracts, about 21,000 acres, situated from north of Red Gap and Cisco Stations, on T. & P. Ry, and N. and S. of Central Waco Railroad to and along Clear fork Brazos River of first choice; oldest selections and on as, combine said merits, and desirable and cheap in each at price. $3 per acre, either for safe and most profitable investment, or use; must be sold; inspection invited. Also 2,500 various size tracts farm and ranche lands. Send or circular. For sale by E. S. GRAHAM, Graham, Young Co., Texas.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A fine fruit farm adjoining the town of Collinsville, Ill.; a double frame house of eleven rooms, stable, carriage-house, etc. Most of the land can be disposed of in building lots as an addition to the town. Will be sold on very easy terms or exchanged for city property. For particulars apply at 217 S. 17th st. m6

FOR SALE—A farm of 236 acres in Moniteau county, Mo.; brick house 8 rooms, bank barn, cattle barn, 2 orchards, living water, new fences, to be sold on liberal terms; on Missouri Pacific Railroad six hours from St. Louis. Address M. A. R., 2827 Morgan st. 6

IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

$1,500 $300 cash, balance monthly—3 room cottage, frame; well, cistern cellar. Aubert Place, 4 miles west; suit teamster. Apply 715 Pine. s7

$1 000 $100 cash, bal monthly, your choice three 3-room cottage frames, Aubert Place, with large yards; suit teamster. Ap. 715 Pine st. s7

CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Two extra desirable building lots, one block from Water Tower. Horace Fox, owner, 4348 N. 13th st., near Tower. s8

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

Wanted.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

WANTED—Cheap rough sulky for breaking colt. Ad. P. 86, this office. s11

For Sale.

DELIVERY wagons, own make, large assortment; buggies and light carriages at Silvester's, 418 N. 9th st.

FOR SALE—A sound and gentle family horse, park wagon and harness; will be sold separately. Inquire of Fred. Myers, at Polack's Clothing House, S. E. cor. 4th and Olive sts.

FOR SALE—Platform spring wagon, suitable for plumber. Call at 202½ N. 8th st. s12

FOR SALE—At a bargain, one-horse stake wagon at 1835½ N. 2d st. a12

FOR SALE—Handsome gray mare, 6 years old; has been driven by a lady two years; a bargain, $65; Grocery cor 14th and Dodier st. f12

HANDSOME horse; very gentle, suitable for lady; has been driven by lady for past two years; a bargain is offered 1440 Dodier st., near 15th.

IMPORTED English saddles and riding equipments for both ladies and gents. Also a complete line of hand-made road harness, ranging from $13 upwards. Custom work a specialty, and in style and quality equal to any in this or any other market. Henry A. Hammel, 704 Pine st. 12

JUST arrived at Clover Hill Stable, 8th and Locust, a matched carriage team, a nice pair ponies and a few nice driving and family horses, for sale cheap.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

5 N. 8TH ST.—Carleton House; nicely furnished rooms with bath, also rooms for light housekeeping. s13

103 S. FOURTEENTH ST.—Nicely fur. hall room; terms moderate. f13

201½ CENTER ST.—For rent, two rooms, kitchen and cellar. Apply from 9 a. m. to 3 p. m. at 205 Center st. t13

211 N. EIGHTH ST.—Room; furnished with gas and bath.

504 MARKET—Fine furnished rooms, $4 to $10 per month. f13

511 N. JEFFERSON AV.—Neatly furnished rooms for gents; separate or together; strictly private family. f13

608 MARKET ST. (Near business center)—Elegantly fur. rooms, by day, week or month

613 N. TWENTY-FOURTH ST.—First and second-story rooms, single or en suite; also two unfurnished rooms, third story; vacant by the first of the month. t13

711 N. FIFTEENTH ST.—One nicely furnished corner front room, southern exp. with or without board, for two; rent cheap. f13

916 CHOUTEAU AV.—Very desirable rooms, unfurnished, on first and second floor, with gas and bath. Terms reasonable. s13

1013 WASHINGTON AV.—Nice furnished rooms two single for gentlemen. s13

1116 PINE ST.—Nicely furnished or unfurnished rooms, single or en suite, for rent to respectable parties. s13

1122 CHOUTEAU AV.—Handsomely furnished rooms, en suite or single, with or without board; hall rooms furnished for single gents; also two or three unfurnished rooms—will furnish for light housekeeping if wanted; all conveniences; good location; convenient to three street-car lines. m13

1205 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely furnished rooms; also hall room. s13

1207 WASHINGTON AV.—Handsomely furnished rooms; southern exposure; gas and bath; references given. f13

1310 CHESTNUT ST.—First and second floor; four rooms each, unfur.; desirable location; convenient to cars. s13

1417 OLIVE ST.—For rent nicely furnished rooms, with bath; southern exposure.

1505 OLIVE ST.—Three unfurnished rooms on second floor to a small family. f13

1525 OLIVE ST.—First floor saloon parlor; a very handsome cool room. Also two other front rooms, southern exposure, furnished; one large, the other small.

1827 AND 1829 OLIVE ST.—Furnished or unfurnished rooms, with kitchen. f13

2028 CHESTNUT ST.—Two or three pleasant rooms, furnished or unfurnished. Private family. f13

2113 WALNUT ST.—One large second story front room; gas, bath and all conveniences; board if desired; also room-mate wanted; gents only. s13

2344 OLIVE ST.—Two desirable rooms for rent. f13

2603 CHESTNUT ST.—2d-story front, so. ex., bay window, bath, hot and cold water, folding bed; good attendance.

2626 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished second-story room. m13

2827 EASTON AV., cor. Glasgow av.—Pleasant fur. room southern ex., for 2 gent., or man and wife or single gent, or ladies; board if desired; terms moderate. t13

2837 MORGAN ST.—Four elegant front rooms; fur. or unfur., with first-class board. A few day boarders wanted. f13

3150 EASTON AV.—Three rooms, water etc., only $10. R. F. Miller, coal office. s13

BY calling at No. 1224 Washington avenue you will find extra nicely furnished and unfurnished rooms, with modern improvements.

CONGRESS HALL HOTEL—First class rooms for rent; southeast corner of 6th and Walnut sts., opposite People's Theater. Jas. Kelly, proprietor.

FOR RENT—Furnished front room for gent, with bath, $10. 105 S. 15th st. f13

FURNISHED rooms to gents and ladies only. G. 81, this office. s13

FOR RENT—Second or third story unfurnished room in private family, with board if desired; Olive st., West End. Ad. B. 85, this office. f13

NICELY furnished rooms, first and second floor, for rent, or with board for ladies. 606 Carr st.

TO RENT—Three nicely furnished rooms on first floor for light housekeeping; pleasant location and southern exposure; parties without children preferred; also a nicely furnished third-story, back room. Ad. G. 80, this office. s13

WANTED—Furnished rooms by quiet party; no other roomers. Ad. P. 77, this office. m13

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

GASOLINE and coal oil stoves all sizes at cost. 115 and 117 Washington av.

FOR RENT—1903 LaSalle st., stone front, 8 rooms $45. Apply to Cavender & Rowse. f14

FOR RENT—12 room stone front house on Nineteenth st. between Wash and Carr. Possession given September 1. Ad J., this office.

FOR RENT—New brick dwelling-house, 6 rooms, front and back yard, West Grand av.; one sq. to Washington av. cars. Apply at Book and News Depot, S. W. cor. 12th and Olive sts. s14

TO RENT—Dwelling of six nice second-floor, cor. rooms, Page and Prairie avs; well, cistern and hydrant. Keys next door west. H. Blakesley, 6 N. 3rd st. t14

TENANT with small family to rent new 5 room house at Tower Grove Station, P. R. R. Apply at room 16, Ins. Ex., 5th and Olive.

TO LET—FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

FOR RENT—A fine, newly built brick store-room, in a large town of over 3,000 population; good opening for drug store, hardware, furniture or clothing store; rent cheap; long lease. Ad. John Schuede, Du Quoin, Ill. 17

FOR RENT—Offices and basement, Franklin Bank building, corner 4th and Morgan. Inq. at the bank.

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

WANTED—Board with unfurnished room, where there are no other boarders, by a gentleman with wife and one child. Ad. A. 85, this office. s19

WANTED—Room and board for gentleman, wife and child, between 10th and 14th, and Chambers and Monroe. Ad G. 84, this office. s21

WANTED—By a lady and gentleman, board in a quiet locality and two handsomely furnished large rooms and bath room connected, in a strictly private family, where no other boarders will be taken; we attend to our own business; are willing to pay liberally and be permanent. Ad. with particulars G. 56, this office; boarding-houses need not answer. 12

BOARDING

813 N. 4TH ST., bet. Morgan and Franklin av.—Boarding, $3 50, $4 and $5 per week; meals per week, $2 50. 18

1424 OLIVE ST.—Cool, airy rooms, nicely furnished, with or without board; every convenience; transient and day boarders accom.

1511 CHOUTEAU AV.—Dickson Mansion, spacious rooms with board; reduction for parties of gentlemen; large shaded yard; 6 o'clock dinner.

3330 WASHINGTON AV.—With board, two delightful rooms, fur. or unfur. f18

BOARDING—1915 O'Fallon st., private family; day boarders accommodated; terms moderate.

FOR RENT—One or two unfurnished rooms with board at 1402 Papin st. f18

FORD HOUSE—Southwest cor. of 8th and Pine sts. Terms, meals 25c, per day $1, per week $5.

BOARD WANTED.

YOUNG man wants board in the southern part of city. Ad stating terms G. 89, this office.

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

BY a gentleman and wife, three rooms and kitchen, down stairs, in good neighborhood; bet Wright and Salisbury sts., Fourteenth and Broadway; good refs. if req. Ad. 3228 Broadway. f21

WANTED—Three rooms, water in kitchen, between Jefferson av. and 20th st. and between Clark and Cass avs., must be nice neighborhood; not to exceed $15. Ad. for one week, J. R. Jones 3002 Leonard st. f21

WANTED—Two unfurnished rooms by young couple without children; on Chouteau av or 12th st car line; ref. exchanged. P 88, t. o. s27

WANTED—Furnished room by one or two gents where no questions will be asked. Ap. P. 90, this office. 21

WANTED—In part of city, between Jefferson and Grand aves. and between Chestnut and Morgan sts, 3 or 4 unfurnished rooms, on first floor; references exchanged. V. 8, this office. s21

WANTED—PARTNERS.

MAN with capital wanted to take an interest in a first-class concert troupe to travel. Address A. 56, this office. m26

WANTED—Man with $75 to take control of territory on four new patents. 38 Lenbrock.

WANTED—Partner. A good business man with $3,000 capital, to buy interest in an established business. Want to increase business. Ad. P. 79, this office. f23

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE.

WANTED—To trade a Webley gun, nearly new, fine laminated barrels, 12-30, 8¾ lb weight, all latest improvements, for a Fox gun, 10-gauge. Ad Henry F. Smith, Shipman, Ill. t24

MONEY WANTED.

WANTED—To borrow $2 200 for three years at six per cent; to be used in building six-room brick on lot 50x160 on Cook av., worth $1,500; no commission paid. Ad. P 8, this office. t25

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

$100—AN elegant silver service of seven pieces will be given away by "Fox," the photographer. See explanation in show window, 916 Olive st.

A SOLICITOR for custom clothing in Iowa wants to make arrangements with a manufacturer of a reliable custom shirt to handle in connection with the above. Ad G. 78, this office. m26

BUY THE WHITE. Buy the Stewart. Buy the New Stewart. } At 114 N. 6th st. and get a valuable present. See advertisement, local.

MITCHELL'S CANDIES (home made). French fruits, Canton ginger in syrup and crystallized, bon-bons, chocolates, etc. 418 Olive street.

WE are cutting the alligator boots now and invite our customers to inspect the skins at Riverside Shoe St. re. 407 N. Levee. Wm. Bremser. f26

WANTED—A nice sitting desk for office. Ad with price S., 204 N. 8th st. 26

WANTED—Second-hand safe, rather small combination lock; must be in good order and cheap. Ad. L 10, this office. f26

WANTED—Small, reputable family having furniture for its own rooms and an income and not depending on boarding for a living, but that, like myself, wants to economize, to come into my new house and board us (3) and no others for a year or so, if both like it. Ad. B 85 this office. 28

WANTED—Gould's Directory for 1882. Apply to room 16, In. Exch., 5th and Olive sts. 26

MUSICAL.

FOR RENT—To careful responsible party, elaborately carved Deri kev piano; moderate rent. Call or add 511 S. High st.

PIANOS—Wheelock pianos, the best now made, for sale on easy payments at H. Koerber's, 1103 Olive street.

WM. OSC. BRAUCKMAN, the piano tuner and repairer. Offices now at C. Heckenmaier's, dealer in pianos and musical instrument, No. 2-21 Easton av.; residence, 1117 N. 21st, and at Pro. Evan T. Strahl's, 1312 Montgomery st. Call or send postal. f27

EDUCATIONAL.

FRANKLIN COMMERCIAL AND MATHEMATICAL Institute, Granite Building, southwest corner Fourth and Market. The fifth session will begin September 4. F. C. KOSSAK

JACKSONVILLE FEMALE ACADEMY—Preparatory, Collegiate, Music and Fine Art Department 53d year. E. F. Bullard, A. M., Prin., Jacksonville. 29

JOHNSON'S Commercial College, 210-212 N. Third st.; open day and night all the year. Write for circulars.

MRS. CAMP'S Writing Academy for ladies. 1108 Chestnut st. Evening session begins September 4. Get circulars. a29

TELEGRAPH OPERATING.—The Bryan & Stratton Telegraph School, corner Fifth and Market streets, affords young men and girls the best facilities for qualifying as operators and securing positions. There is a good demand for operators, and telegraph officers are constantly applying to us for graduates. Students will be received at special summer rates until further notice. Call for circular.

WANTED—A lady-teacher, competent to teach the English branches. B. 72, this office. f29

YOUNG man wants a sit. as coachman in a priv. fam.; understand the care of horses and cows; refs G. 72, this office s39

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—At the Pickwick Theater, last night, a black lace parasol cover. By leaving it at Beaumont Flats she will be rewarded. s30

LOST—On Morgan to 19th, on 19th to Market, on Market to 22d st., this morning, lady's black velvet pocket-book containing $40 and some small change, with trunk key and cards; $5 will be paid person delivering to Miss Gray, 1427 Market st. s30

LOST—Pass—Party who found or borrowed railroad pass July 31 will receive suitable reward on its return to this office; conductors are posted; no questions. 30

LOST—July 11, a black and tan setter dog; $10 reward given at 3 41 Easton avenue for information leading to his recovery.

STRAYED—Saturday, August 19, 1882 from E. St. Louis, Ill., one yellow mare, with white mane and tail, shod in front, about ten years old, an 15½ hands high. Information leading to her recovery will be rewarded. John H Givans, E. St. Louis, Ill., box 595. a30

FINANCIAL.

Money to Loan.

$50,000. $10,000, $3,000, $1,000 on real estate at 6 per cent. Inquire at JOHN LADY'S, 305½ Olive street.

MONEY TO LOAN on household goods without removal; business confidential; no brokerage or commission charged. D. H. Evans & Co., 207 N. Seventh street.

MONEY LOANED—On furniture in residence; business confidential; no charge for making loan. Brolaski & Voorhis, 603 Pine.

MONEY TO LOAN on household furniture without removal; lowest rate; business confidential. C. F. Betts, Notary Public, 208 N. 8th.

MONEY TO LOAN—On all personal property in sums from 25c to $5,000. Golden Eagle Loan Office, 12 S. Fourth street.

ALL SORTS.

$100—AN elegant silver service of seven pieces will be given away by "Fox," the photographer. See explanation in show window, 916 Olive st.

BUY THE WHITE. Buy the Stewart. Buy the New Stewart. } At 114 N. 6th st. and get a valuable present. See advertisement, local.

ALL SORTS.

BUTTER, CHEESE, LARD, EGGS. WM. N. TIVY, 424 N. Second st. HONEY.

Bonsack & Vogel, Manufacturers of Carriages, Buggies, Spring Wagons, City Trucks. Painting and repairing. MAIN AND SPRUCE STS.

BEECHER FURNACE has the greatest radiating surface and is the most economical. F. M. Campbell & Co., 1015 Washington av.

CHEAP COAL—Nine bushels for $1, 19 bushels for $2; city ticket. R. F. Miller, 16th and Spruce sts. s32

FRED HEINLE, 826 N. 8th st. All kinds of cabinet work and store fixtures made and repaired. 32

FIRST-CLASS photographing at second-class prices; taken regardless of weather at R. F. Adams & Co.'s gallery 215 North Fourth street.

ICE BREWERS, ice retailers, butchers, packers, grocers, and humanity generally, can buy 100 lbs to a car-load of Litchfield Reservoir Ice (purest in the market) at our new branch office and wagon scales, railroad track. Eighteenth and Clark avenue. JAMES A. SMITH & SON.

MITCHELL'S Bon-Bons, Chocolates, French fruit candles. 418 Olive st.

The St. Louis Mutual House Building Co., 513 Walnut st. Loans large and small amounts. Builds houses on city real estate. Payments monthly. Terms greatly reduced.

SECOND HAND furniture bought and sold; highest cash price paid. Ad. by postal card, C. B. Montgomery, 511 S 4th st. s32

STRICTLY pure wines and liquors by the bottle, gallon or barrel, at T. Julian Smith's, 513 Walnut st

FREE OF CHARGE

All advertisements under the head of "Wanted," for either situations or help—male or female—will be inserted without charge. All other "Wants," not exceeding three lines, and not of a business nature, ten cents each insertion. The Post-Dispatch has a much larger city circulation than any other paper in St. Louis, and is specially adapted for small advertisements under this head. To secure proper classification advertisements must be handed in before one o'clock.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

Book-keepers

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

FIRE PLACE heaters and furn ces; all kinds and prices 115 and 117 Washington.

BY a first-class accountant day or night work; refer to F. Henderson. Ad. N. 65, this office.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant and correspondent of experience wants position; ref rence ample and salary very low. Ad. I. B. S., 800 N. st. t m36

SITUATION wanted by a young man as assistant bookkeeper, who can furnish good refs.; salary no object, must have work. Ad. C. 11, this office.

Clerks and Salesmen.

A S city salesman. Refer to wholesale and jobbers. Ad. R. 93, this office. f37

A SIT. by middle-aged man of ten years' exp. on the road; territory S. W. Mo., N. W. Ark., S. E. Kas and Ark River; can furnish best ref. Address Lock Box 56, Neosho, Mo. f37

A YOUNG man with business experience, wishes a situation as st ca clerk or to make himself useful in any other line. A. 60, this office. f37

BY young man 23 years old, having 7 years' experience in dry goods and groceries; best ref. Ad. B. 71, this office. f37

SITUATION wanted by a capable man; good penman and accountant; experienced in R. R. office work; will do anything; good ref. Ad. A. 64, this office. s37

SITUATION by a young man aged 20, here or elsewhere; has had six years' experience in railroad office; good penman; best reference. V. 4, this office. m37

WANTED—Sit. in a wholesale liquor house; experienced barkeeper. Ad. box 145, Alton, Ill. f37

WANTED—Situation; clerk or assistant bookkeeper; references. Ad. S. H. W., 110 S. Main st. f37

WANTED—Situation by a registered drug clerk; either city or country; age 24; single, good refs. given. G. 70, this office. s37

WANTED—Situation in a wholesale dry goods house by a young man of 3 years' experience; best references. Ad. Gus Fal, 913 N. 5th st. s37

WANTED—Situation as entry or bill clerk, by young man of education and experience; moderate salary. Address G. 73, this office. s37

WANTED—By one who understands his business, situation in retail dry goods or clothing; don't object to going in the country; good city ref. fur. Ad. G. 90, this office. m37

The Trades.

100 HANDS to make jeans pants. Chas. R. Lewis Clothing Manufacturing Co., N. W. cor. Main and Locust sts. f38

JOB at house-painting wanted by a practical painter who can furnish his own tools; references. Address Painter, 811 N. 6th st. f38

WANTED—Situation by experienced ornamental and sign painter; manufactory and car works preferred. Ad. C. 24, this office. m38

YOUNG married man, carpenter, just out of a job, wants work; will do shingling or repairing work. Ad G. 82, this office. s38

Coachmen.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

BY a young man as coachman; has had experience with horses; can milk cows, etc.; writes and speaks German and English. Ad. W. G., City Hotel, 203 S. 4th st. 39

COACHMAN and gardener wants place with private family; understands his business and can give good reference. Ad. T. S., 913 Locust st. f39

SITUATION wanted as coachman or to take charge of a gentleman's road horses; any one in want of a man of this kind can find no better one in the world. Ad. S. 28, this office. f39

SITUATION by a first-class coachman; best of city reference given. Address W. 1, this office. f39

WANTED—A situation to take care of a gentleman's horse and carriage and to make himself useful; wages no object. Ad. G. 5, this office. w39

YOUNG man wants to work about a gentleman's place; can mind horses; best city refs. Ad. B. 76, this office. f39

Cooks.

SITUATION wanted as pastry cook in hotel, city or country; fair knowledge of meats. Call or address J. A. H., Conrad House, Market st. s40

WANTED—Situation by an experienced man cook; can give best of refs; would prefer country hotel. P. 76, this office. m40

Boys.

A GOOD boy 15 years old wishes a good home; willing to do anything; best ref. Ad. S. 39, this office. 42

A BOY of 16 wishes a situation to drive some delivery wagon. Ad V. 37, this office. m43

A BOY of 15 wishes a place in private family willing to do anything; good ref. given. A. 44, this office. f42

A BOY of 14 wishes a sit. in an office or store. Ad. A. 57, this office. m42

BY wishes a situation of any kind. Ad. Able Lewis, 1119 N. 9th st. m42

BOY of 14 wishes to learn the upholstery trade. Ad. J. Lubbers, 2512 N. 10th st. s42

BOY of 15 years wishes situation as office boy or to make himself generally useful in a dry goods store. Ad. P. 88, this office. m42

BY a boy 14 years old, situation in an office of a wholesale house; good ref.; good penman and quick at figures. Ad. G. 69, this office. f42

GOOD boy of 16 wishes a sit.; willing to work and wishes a home; refs. Ad. C. 15, t. o. f42

SITUATION wanted by a boy 13 years old in some office. Ad. G. 77, this office. s42

SITUATION wanted by a boy of 17 to learn the plumbing trade. Ad. H. M., 910 St. Louis av.

Miscellaneous.

A YOUNG man of 19 years wishes to learn a useful trade; carriage trimming preferred; best ref. given. Ad. P. 82, this office. m43

BY a man who understands the grocery, produce and fresh meat business; always done business for himself; refs. given. Ad 823 N. 8th st., 2d floor. s43

BY a man of steady habits, a situation in a wholesale house of any kind; have had seven or eight years' experience in the grocery business in this city; not afraid of work; good reference. Ad. G. 13, this office. f43

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Miscellaneous.

BY a man with family as gardener and florist; 8 years' experience; good reference given. Ad. or call. H. S., 1027 Geyer av. m43

CORRESPONDENT'S position by shorthand writer; understands bookkeeping; is willing and adapted to be generally useful for office duties; good reference given. Ad. P. 84, this office. m43

EMPLOYMENT by a good writer and accountant; can use tools; will do any kind of work at low salary. Ad. X. L., 221 Center st. 143

JOHNSON'S Commercial College, 210-212 N. Third; open day and night all year. Write for circulars.

PLACE to drive a delivery wagon; dry goods a specialty. Ad. G. 88, this office. m43

PERMANENT situation at light labor by a young man of moral habits, who is willing to work; a trade would not be objectionable. Address G. 91, this office. m43

SITUATION wanted by an experienced man in a private family to drive carriage; have been with a Baron several years in Europe; understand to drive right and attend to horses; reference given if desired. Ad. F. B., care of M. Assman, 1434 Franklin av. s43

SITUATION by a young man who has had experience in a general auction-house; brings best of references. Ad. V. 6, this office. f43

SITUATION as freight brakeman; have had exp.; can give ref. G. 87, this office. m43

TO get work in a barber shop by a reliable colored youth. Ad. G. 85, this office. m43

WANTED—Sit. by a young man who can use the type-writer; writes a fair business hand and is quick at figures. S. 30, this office. f43

WANTED—Work of any kind that a middle aged man can do; inside or work preferred, but no choice if honest labor; must have work to support a family. Ad. S. R., 825 N. Eighth st., city. f43

WANTED—By a young married man, sober and steady, employment of any kind; can give city refs. A. B. 77, this office. f43

WANTED—Situation in office by a young man who can furnish good recommendations. P. 87, this office. m43

WANTED—Situation by a young man with three years' ex. in railroad office; good references. Address C. 21, this office. m43

WANTED—Situation by man and wife on farm or cattle ranch; man is capable of taking entire charge; is A No. 1 judge of stock. Ad. H. Dean, box 176, Alton, Ill. f43

WANTED—Any kind of writing to do, home or at office; or any collection on commission; ref. Ad G. 75, this office. s43

YOUNG married man wishes employment in any capacity coming under the head of general labor; is sober and industrious and not afraid of work. P. 70, this office. f43

YOUNG man wants employment at any legitimate work; has had experience in grocery and confectionery; ref. Ad. B. 79, this office. f43

YOUNG man 20 years of age, German, would like to go in a merchant's business to make himself useful. Ad. P 89, this office. m43

YOUNG man wants a situation; a first-class carpenter and joiner; would work in country. Ad. A. 66, this office. m43

YOUNG man 18 years old wants situation in grocery or store; will work in cigar store or drive a wagon; very much in need of work. Ad W. D. A., 913 Morgan st. f43

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Clerks and Saleswomen.

AN A No. 1 saleslady desires a situation in wholesale or retail house. Notions or millinery or making of laces. Ad. P. 78, this office. m44

A YOUNG lady wants position in a business house; had experience as saleslady, copyist and correspondent; best ref. Ad. B. 80, this office. f44

FURNACES and fire-place heaters for hard and soft coal. 115 and 117 Washington av.

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

A NEAT seamstress; will go out by day or week. 2820 Olive st. m46

A COMPETENT seamstress; thoroughly understands cutting and fitting, will work cheap; will go out or take work home; good ref. Mrs Stake, 1305 Chestnut st. m46

YOUNG girl wish a sit. as plain ironer in laundry. Call at 1409 Frank in av., rear. s51

Housekeepers.

WIDOW lady wishes a position as housekeeper for a gentleman. Call or address Moller, 1012 Pine st. f47

YOUNG lady wishes a position as housekeeper for a bachelor or widower. No one need apply but men of means. Call or address Miss Allen, 212 N. 13th st., near Olive. f47

General Housework.

A WOMAN wishes a position to do housework in a small private family. P. 85, this office. m48

GERMAN girl wishes a situation to do light housework. 2317 N. 16th st. f48

BY a young girl, a situation to do light housework and sewing. Ad. C. 18, this office. f48

BY a young girl, to do housework and assist in washing and ironing. Address J. T., 1236 N. 9th st. f48

YOUNG girl wants a place to do housework. No objection to the country; call at 823 Clark av.

Cooks.

A WOMAN wants a place as first-class cook. Call at 919 N. 14th. No postal answered. s49

A WOMAN wants a place to cook; best refs. Call at 28 5 N. 14th st. f49

WANTED—Situation as first-class cook in hotel or restaurant; no objection to country. Apply to 814 Market st. m49

Nurses.

A WOMAN wants a situation to nurse and sew. 1320 N. 13th st. s50

MIDDLE AGED lady wishes a situation as monthly nurse; Christian family and a good home more of an object than compensation. Address A. 29, this office. f50

RELIABLE woman wishes a situation to take care of children and sew, or would do housework; ref. given. B. 87, this office. f50

Laundresses.

WOMAN wants place as laundress to go out by the day or week; or take washing and ironing home; best of reference. Ad. A. 63, this office

Miscellaneous.

A RESPECTABLE young girl wants situation to do light housework or nurse. Prairie av. bet. Palm and Cook avs. s52

A GIRL 16 years of age wishes a situation to do up stairs work and assist in care of children. Address G 71, this office. s52

TWO girls want situations, to do housework and cooking; best refs. Ad C 19, this office. s52

WANTED—Situation in a store or office by a young girl 18 years old; best of ref. given. G. 76, this office. s52

WANTED—Situation to do cooking or general housework, without washing. Apply at 314 S 19th st. m52

WANTED—Situation as house-girl or to assist in care of children, by a young, healthy girl from the country; can give good recommendations. Apply at 2325 Chestnut st. m52

WANTED—For two girls a place, one for cook and the other for housework, in one place. Call at 321 S. 14th st., up-stairs, in rear. m52

YOUNG lady wishes a situation to do family sewing or to travel with an invalid. Address A Wright, 2011 E. Marsden Lane. s52

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Clerks and Salesmen.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

WANTED—Gen ral c rk capable of [illegible] c rres ondence; state experience references and salary desired. C. 27, this office. f54

WANTED—Man of good habits and character, acquainted with the retail dry goods business, to go twenty miles from the city. Call for address on Crow, Hargadine & Co., 8th and Washington av.

Cooks.

WANTED—A No. 1 cook at Gem, 603 Market st. m56

The Trades.

100 NON-UNION coal miners wanted at 213 N. 3 st. s58

A COOPER to trim lard tierces at 2637 Hickory st. s55

A GOOD job printer. H. M. Brockstedt, 513 Elm st. f58

A FIRST CLASS cutter for gentlemen's dress shirt factory who understands his business well. Ad. C. 14, this office. s58

BARBER wanted; steady job, $8 to $10 per week. 6 S. 7th st. s58

FIRST-CLASS cutter for dress shirt factory who understands his business. Ad. C. 14, this office. f58

FOUR masons, on Finney av., $4 50 per day. Apply to William Kelly, mason. s58

GOOD cigar-makers at 1002 Washington av. s58

GOOD tinner wanted at 1001 Franklin av. m58

SIX carpenters at School House No. 1, Christy av., bet. 15th and 16th. s58

TINNERS wanted—Apply to Wilson & Sons, 624 Broadway. m58

HELP WANTED—MALE.

The Trades.

WANTED—One good s[illegible] av. f58

WANTED—Experienced b[illegible] Saturdays and Sundays.

WANTED—Two good tinners; must be used to job work. [illegible] rear 2934 Olive st. f58

WANTED—A first-class plu[illegible] must come well recommended. Call at [illegible] N. 8th st. f58

WANTED—First-class butcher at 3646 Easton av. s58

WANTED—Three good tinners. Theo. Sandmann, 11th and Russell av. s58

WANTED—At Laclede Hotel, kalsominer, steady employment. m58

WANTED—Two first-class carriage trimmers on light work; wages $9 50 to $8 per day; must come well recommended. Apply to Geo. Langbein, 221 S. 5th st. m58

WANTED—First-class blacksmith and helper; no other need apply. Apply at 1023 Cass av. m58

Boys.

BOYS to peddle. Address B. 82, this office. 60

BOYS to feed small presses. Smith & Owen, printers, 1 8 N. 3d st. m61

GOOD colored boy wanted to work in house and attend horse. Apply 2918 Lucas av. m61

TWO good bell boys at Hurst's Hotel, 4th and Locust st. f61

WANTED—A good boy as house servant; white or colored. Call at 2219 Olive street. f61

WANTED—A boy, well recommended, to help in bar-room. 2607 Laclede av. (Market st.) m61

WANTED—A smart, intelligent boy in a Second st. office. Ad in own handwriting. P. 73, this office. m61

WANTED—A good, strong boy for light delivery wagon; must be well acquainted in city. 1414 Chouteau av. m61

Miscellaneous.

100 MEN to stop at the Galt House, 1020 Broadway; single bed 10c; single rooms 25 per night. Open day and night. s62

CARTS and teams at Union Press Brick Works, near Fair Grounds. s62

WANTED—A good solicitor for a leading weekly newspaper; experience and good reference essential. G. 83, this office. s62

WANTED—A sober, industrious man as hostler and good man at Forest Park Restaurant, Forest Park. Apply on premises to C. W. Herbert, proprietor. m62

WANTED—A young man for gardening, care of cow and general work about the place. Ap. at 410 Elm st. m62

WANTED—You to try a good dinner from 2 to 4 o'clock for 10 to 15 cents at What Cheer Restaurant, 625 Morgan st.

YOUNG man to take charge of hotel, dining-room and act as head waiter. Apply immediately at Allerton House, National Stock Yards, East St. Louis; take bus at bridge entrance. f62

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Housekeepers.

NO. 7 coal cook stoves and ranges at $7. 115 and 117 Washington av.

General Housework.

A GOOD girl wanted for general housework; refs. req. 1402 Papin st. f66

A WOMAN for general housework that can do the work for a family of four and can take care of one cow; give age and nationality; good wages and situation permanent. Ad for one week Lock Box 133, Carthage, Mo. f66

A GERMAN girl for general housework at 208 South High street. m66

GOOD girl for general housework. Call at 408 Morgan st. f66

GIRL wanted for general housework in a small family. Ap. at 1211 St. Ange av. s66

GOOD girl at 2215 Park av. s64

GIRL age 14 to 16 years wanted to assist in general housework in family of three. 1308 Clark av. f66

GOOD girl wanted for general housework at 2626 Olive st. m66

WANTED—A girl for general housework at 2940 Sheridan av. f66

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework, to go to Alton, Ill. Apply to Perrin & Smith 210 Olive st. f66

WANTED—Good working housekeeper. Apply at Gal House, 1020 Broadway. f66

WANTED—Good steady housegirl, at 622 Walnut st. f66

WANTED—Good girl to do general housework in a small family, ref. req. Ap. 2913 Thomas st. f66

WANTED—German girl for the country with family of three; good home; moderate wages. Address A. 62, this office. s66

WANTED—A reliable German girl for general housework and to cook in a small family. Call at 2503 Morgan st. s66

WANTED—A girl for housework. Mrs. Joyce, cor. Division and 4th sts., East St. Louis.

WANTED—Good girl (German preferred) for general housework. Apply at 1605 Chestnut.

Laundresses.

914 LOCUST ST.—Wanted, laundress by the month. f67

Cooks, Etc.

A FIRST-CLASS cook, male or female, at the Eastern Restaurant; good wages paid. Mrs. Yiengst, Main st., bet. Taylor and Union sts., Cairo. m68

GOOD cook for private family. Apply this evening at 1403 O'Fallon st. f68

GIRL to cook and wash. Apply at 1403 O'Fallon st. m68

GOOD girl for general housework, at 2120 Clark av. m66

WANTED—Good cook at M. A. Wolff's former residence, Papin av. Cote Brilliante. Take Franklin avenue extension car for Papin av. f68

WANTED—A first-class cook, washer and ironer; to in family; ref. 919 S. 9th st., 2d door north of Chouteau av. f68

WANTED GIRL—First class vegetable cook and a girl for rough cleaning at Mercantile Club, 710 Locust st. Apply to the chef. s68

WANTED—A good cook; must also wash and iron. 1803 Kennett place. s68

WANTED—A girl to cook, wash and iron for family of seven, in the country. Ad. G. 86, this office. 68

WANTED—A good girl to do cooking in hotel. Ap. at the Union Stock Yards Hotel, Bremen av. m68

WANTED—Nice, tidy girl to do cooking, washing and ironing at 3031 Olive street. m68

Nurses.

NURSE-GIRL and to assist in housework, wanted immediately at 2911 Thomas st. m70

NURSE GIRL wanted. 2412 Wash st. s68

WANTED—A reliable wet nurse to take charge of a 20-days-old bab for two months. P. 81, this office.

WANTED—Steady woman as nurse; references required. Apply at 3621 Finney av., opposite Rock Church. Grand av. m70

WANTED—Young girl to nurse child. Call at 1516 Walnut st. m70

Miscellaneous.

AN exp. forelady to take charge of a shop of girls working on jeans pants; good pay and steady work. 731 S. 8th. f71

THREE girls. No. 1 cook, waitress and laundress to assist with housework. Apply, with references, to 6 2 Washington av. m71

WANTED—Four first-class dining-room girls, two ironers on starched clothes; best of wages paid. Apply immediately at Allerton House National Stock Yards East St. Louis, take bus at bridge entrance. f71

WANTED—A good girl to make herself generally useful. Apply at 2823 N. 9th st. m71

WANTED—A first-class sewing girl on coats. 409 Washington av., 4th floor. m71

WANTED—A pantry girl. Apply Phippard's restaurant, 623 Locust st. m71

WANTED—Two girls, at 3044 Washington av. f71

STORAGE.

BEST storage for furniture; clean, dry and lowest rates. J. B. Brolaski, 603 Pine st.

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—Agents and canvassers to call at B. W. Knapp's copying agency, 305 Broadway, and see his work. Work furnished to agents a specialty. All kinds of copying and enlarging neatly done; life-sized crayons and pastel cheap.

WANTED—A first-class canvasser for the city; a good salary and permanent position to right person. Ad. C. 21, this office. s73

OLD COINS.

OLD and scarce coins bought, sold and exchanged; send 3c stamp for list showing prices paid. Wm. J. Seever, 3117 Thomas st. Call or'g't.

FOR SALE

$50,000 HENRY COUNTY New 6s.
$20,000 BENTON COUNTY New 6s.
$15,000 CITY OF LOUISIANA New 6s.
$15,000 PETTIS COUNTY New 6s.

The 5-20-year Missouri State Bonds being called in cease to bear interest September 1. We will take them at par and interest in exchange for any of the above named bonds.

WM. C. LITTLE & CO.,
213 N. Third Street, St. Louis.

MONEY.

Wall Street News.

NEW YORK, August 25, 11 A. M.—Stocks opened irregular. Omaha preferred ⅛ and New York, Chicago and St. Louis ⅜ higher. Oregon and Transcontinental and Reading, ⅛ for former and ⅜ lower for latter. After opening prices declined generally ⅛, at latter Louisville and Nashville, Lake Shore, Union Pacific and New Jersey Central also prominent in decline. Northwest and St Joseph preferred were exceptions, the former advancing ⅛ and the latter ⅛. Prices then advanced ⅛ to 2, latter Lackawanna. Louisville and Nashville advanced 1⅜, Wabash ⅜, and Denver and Rio Grande ⅞. At 11 o'clock Lackawanna and Louisville and Nashville reacted ⅜.

Corrected daily by Wm. C. Little & Co., Bankers and Brokers, 213 North Third street, city.

U. S. BONDS.

	When due.	Interest payable	Bid.	Ask.
Ex 6's of 1881	1881	Jan. & July	101	101⅛
Ex 5's of 1881	1881	M. A. N. & F.	101	101⅛
4½ per cent bds	1891	J. S. D. & M.	114⅜	115
4 per cent bds	1907	J. A. J. & O.	119⅝	119⅞

STATE BONDS.

Mo. 6's	1882	Jan. & July	100	
Mo. 6's	1886-'87	Jan. & July	106	108
Mo. 6's	1888-'89	Jan. & July	108	110
Mo. 6's	1894	Jan. & July	113	
Mo. 5-20's of 1875 and 1876	1895-'98	Jan. & July	100	
Mo. 5-20's of 1877	1887	Jan. & July	100	

*ST. LOUIS CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.

City 6's, gold	1893-'94	Various	114	116
City 6's, gold	1898	May & Nov.	117	119
City 6's, c'y	1886-'87	Various.	107	109
City water 6's	1887	June & Dec 25	107	109
City water 6's	1890	June & Dec 25	109⅜	111⅜
City water 6's	1892	April & Oct.	112	113⅜
City 5's, gold	1900	Jan. & July	107	108⅜
County 6's, gold	1895-'96	Jan. & July	114	116
County Park	1905	Jan. & July	118	
County 7's, c'y	1885	Jan. & July	105	

*Interest to seller.

RAILWAY BONDS.

Mo. Pac. 1st m 6s	1888	Feb. & Aug.	105	106
Mo. Pac. 2d m 7s	1891	Jan. & July	109	111
N. Mo. 1st m 7s	1895	Jan. & July	117	119
K. P. 1st m 6s	1895	Feb. & Aug.	113	
K. P. 1st m 6s	1896	June & Dec.	110	112
K. P. D. Ex 7s	1899	May & Nov.	109	110
K. P. Consols	1919	May & Nov.	103	105
M. L. & I. M. 1st 7s	1892	Feb. & Aug.	116	117

LAND WARRANTS.

	Buying.	Selling.
Land warrants, 160 acres	$187	
Land warrants, 120 acres	139	
Land warrants, 80 acres	92	
Land warrants, 40 acres	45	

Clearings to-day	$2,521,451
Balances to-day	409,277

Quotations of Money, Silver, Bonds, Stocks and Other Securities.

NEW YORK, August 25.—Money 4. Prime mercantile 5⅛@6⅛. Bar silver 114⅜. Exchange steady, 84⅜ long, 89 sight. Government unchanged. States without feature. Railroads generally firm. After 11 o'clock, upward movement of ⅛@1 took place in stocks, Hannibal and St. Joe preferred, C., C., C. & I and Delaware and Hudson being most conspicuous. Sixes extended 101⅜, 5s 101⅜, 4⅜s 114⅜, 4s 119⅜; Pacific 6s of '95, 130. Cotton quiet, sales 1,325; upland 12,15-16; Orleans 13⅜. Futures quiet; August 12.77; September 12.46; October 11.85; November 11.66; December 11.64; January 11.71.

New York Closing Quotations.

Corrected by Wm. C. Little & Co., 213 N. Third street.

Stocks.	Opening	Highest	Lowest	Closing
Canada Southern	63¾	63¾	62	62
Central New Jersey	78½	78½	77½	77½
Central Pacific	92	92⅞	91⅞	91⅞
Chesapeake and Ohio	24	24	24	24
Do pref	36¾	36⅞	36¼	36¼
Chicago and Alton	138	138	138	138
Chicago, St. P., M. & O.	53⅝	54⅝	53⅝	53⅝
Do pref	113	113	111	112
Omaha				
Chic., R. I. & P.	135¾	136	135¾	136
Chicago, B. & Q.	136⅜	136⅜	136	136¾
Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul	122⅜	122½	121⅝	121⅝
Do pref				
Chicago, St. L. & N. O.				
Chicago and Northwest	143⅞	144¾	143⅜	143⅞
Do pref				
Clev., Col., Cin. and I.	78½	79¾	78½	78¾
Col., Chicago and I. C.				
Del., Lack. and Western	142¾	144	142	142⅝
Delaware and Hudson	116⅜	117⅜	116⅜	116⅜
Denver and Rio Grande	60⅝	61⅞	57⅞	57⅞
Hannibal and St. Joe				
Do pref	94	99	93¾	94⅝
Houston and Texas				
Indiana, B. and W.	43⅜	44	43½	44
Lake Shore	113	113⅞	111½	111⅞
Lake Erie and Western	38¾	39	38¾	39
Louisville and Nashville	73⅜	73⅜	72½	72¾
Marietta and Cincinnati				
Memphis and Charleston	58	58	58	58
Michigan Central	97½	98¼	97¼	97⅝
Missouri Pacific	106⅝	107⅝	106⅝	107
Mo., Kansas and Texas	38	38⅝	37⅝	38⅛
Mobile and Ohio				
Manhattan Elevated				
Metropolitan Elevated				
New York Central	133⅜	133⅞	133	133
Erie	38⅜	38⅝	38⅜	38⅜
Northern Pacific	48⅞	49⅞	48⅞	49
Do pref	91⅝	92⅝	91⅝	91⅝
Nashville, Chat. and St. L.				
Norfolk and Western				
Do pref				
Ohio and Mississippi				
Ohio Central	17⅜	17⅜	17	16
Ohio Southern				
Ontario and Western	25⅜	25⅝	25⅜	25⅝
Pacific Mail	44⅜	44⅜	44⅜	44⅜
Philadelphia and Reading	60⅜	61⅜	59⅞	60
Peoria, D. and E.	34⅜	34⅜	34⅜	34⅜
St. L. and San Francisco				
Do pref	58⅜	58⅜	58⅜	58⅜
Do 1st pref				
Texas Pacific	50	50⅜	49⅜	49⅜
Union Pacific	115	115⅜	115⅜	114⅜
Wabash, St. L. and P.	35⅜	36	35⅜	35⅜
Do pref	61	65⅜	65⅜	61⅜
Western Union Tel. Co.	89	89⅜	88⅜	88⅜
Terre Haute	38⅜	38⅜	38⅜	38⅜
Illinois Central	136⅜	136⅜	136⅜	136⅜

R. R. MAGNUS,
Broker in
COTTON
Grain and Provisions,
219 CHESTNUT ST., ST. LOUIS.
CORRESPONDENTS—Sawyer, Wallace & Co., Calender & Henderson, New York; J. B. Hobbs & Co., Chicago; Brancker Boxwell & Co., Liverpool.

WEB E. SAMUEL. E. E. SAMUEL
E. M. SAMUEL & SONS,
Commission Merchants,
101 N. MAIN ST., ST. LOUIS.
Special attention given to consignments of grain.

R. H. SHOTWELL & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
And General Commission Brokers.
Orders promptly executed in New York, New Orleans and Chicago.
OFFICE: 216 S. MAIN ST., ST LOUIS, MO

EWING HILL, Member New York Cotton Exchange. W. H. COOK. Member Chicago Board of Trade.
EWING HILL & CO.,
Brokers in
Grain, Provision and Cotton,
122 North Third Street.
Contracts for "Future Delivery" executed in all leading markets. Telephone No. 345.

HAYNES, MINOR & CO.,
Grain Commission Merchants,
213 and 214 Chamber of Commerce, St. Louis.
We are prepared to make liberal advances on consignments, and will give careful attention to receiving and shipping of Grain, and have special facilities for handling orders for future delivery, in this and all the leading markets.

COMMERCE.

Withdrawals of Grain at St. Louis,

FROM THE ELEVATORS FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING YESTERDAY.

	C.	R.	River.	Total
Wheat	16 538	44,824	70,894	132,316
Corn	983	......	......	983
Oats	20,834	32 020	......	52,854
Rye	416	1,907	......	2,323
Barley	......	......	......	......

Stock of Grain in St. Louis Elevators at the Opening of Business.

	Wheat	Corn.	Oats.	Rye.	Barley
To-day	691,427	404,096	324,450	4,934	......
Yesterday	721,850	382,278	314,742	5,746	......
Aug 26, 1881	649,913	1,265,195	271,94	15,137	490

Grain Inspections.

INTO ELEVATORS—Wheat—86 cars 3 805 sks No. 2 red, 35 cars 1 952 sks No. 3 red, 6 cars 820 sks No 4, 6 cars rejected, 20 cars No. 2 Mediterranean, 3 cars No. 3 do. Total, 156 cars, 6,517 sks

Corn—1 car No. 2 white, 15 cars No. 2 white-mixed, 1 car rejected do., 32 cars No. 2 mixed, 12 cars rejected. Total, 62 cars

Oats—43 cars No. 2, 22 cars rejected. Total, 65 cars.

Rye—1 car No. 2, 1 car rejected. Total, 2 cars.

Total in, 285 cars 6,577 sks.

OUT OF ELEVATORS—Wheat—2 cars No. 1 red, 59 cars 44,500 bu No 2 red, 28 cars No. 3 red, 5 cars No. 4, 2 cars rejected, 14 cars No 2 Mediterranean, 9 cars No. 3 do. Total, 119 cars, 44,500 bu.

Oats—56 cars No. 2, 20 cars rejected. Total, 76 cars.

Rye—2 cars No. 2, 3 cars rejected. Total, 5 cars.

Total out, 200 cars 44,500 bu.

The Markets.

FORENOON SESSION.

Flour — Receipts 11,297 brls. Steady and in good demand that absorbed about all the current receipts, so there is no accumulation of stock. We quote round lots at depot and on levee: Extra fancy $5 20@5 30; fancy $4 95@5 05; choice $4 85@4 95; family $4 45@4 60; xxx $4 15@4 25; xx $3 50@3 60; x $3 35@3 45; superfine $3 15@$3 25; fine $2 90@3 00; favorite brands 25c higher; patents $5 80@6 50.

Cornmeal—Weaker at $2 65@3 70 on orders: grits, pearl meal and hominy $5.

Rye Flour—Firm at $4 25@4 40 del. as in quality.

Wheat—Receipts 14,082 sks, 103,400 bu. Dull and unsettled for futures, prices fluctuating feebly within a small range and showing little change from yesterday, closing ⅛c higher for August and ⅛c lower for September, but other options the same as at close of yesterday. Grades weaker, with No 2 red best sustained, as it was in active shipping demand, mainly to go to Chicago, but some for export; other grades dull and lower, the demand falling off heavily and sales hard to effect even at the decline. No. 2 cash 99⅛@98⅞ regular, $1 00⅛@$1 E. s.; August 99 to 98⅞; September 98⅞@⅜ to 98⅛; October 99⅛ to 99⅛; November $1 to $1 00⅛, closing $1 00⅛; year 98⅛ to 98; No 3 red 94⅛@93⅞ t. s., 95⅛ E. s.; No 4 89⅛ S. L and C., 90⅛ bid E. s.; rejected 82 bid E. s. No. 2 Mediterranean 99⅞ in C., $1 01⅞@1 01 E s.; No. 3 do 94 bid t. s., 95 E. s.

Corn—Receipts 138 sks, 23,100 bu Grades lower and very dull and weak, as the demand was very small and buyers indifferent, so that sellers found it hard work to get rid of the little they held. Futures quiet and irregular in price, selling a little higher early, but closing ⅛c lower for August, 1-16 higher for Nov., and the other options unchanged from yesterday's close. No. 2 mixed cash 76⅛ regular, 77 E. s.; August 76⅞ asked, 76⅛ bid; September 74⅞ and late 74⅛ bid; October 70⅛ bid, 70⅛@⅜ asked; November 64⅞ to 64⅞; year 60⅞ to 60⅛@⅛, closing at 60⅛; January 57 asked, 55⅞ bid; May 59⅛ to 59; No. 2 white mixed cash 77 in E.; rejected do 72 in U., 72⅛ bid E. and V.; rejected 72⅛ E. s., 72 in E. and U.; no grade 68 bid.

Oats—Receipts 1,296 sks, 65,700 bu Lower for grades, though there was a good order and feed demand at the decline, and speculators also taking No. 2. Futures were better during the early hours and in demand, but subsequently eased off, closing ⅛c lower for August, and ⅛c for September, October and November, but year the same as late yesterday. No. 2 cash 38@37⅞; August 35⅛ to 37⅞, closing at 38; September 35⅞ to 35; October 34⅞ bid, 34⅞ asked; November 34⅛ bid, 34⅞ asked; year 34 and late 33⅞ bid; No. 2 white ——; rejected 35⅛@35 t. s., 35⅛ bid E. s.; no grade 31@30 in O.

Rye—Receipts —— sks, 2,750 bu. Higher under a good order demand and scant offerings. No. 2 sold at 66 regular, 67 bid E. s.; rejected at 64 regular.

Hay—Receipts 370 tons. Market more settled and feeling and demand better; prices about steady. This side—Prairie $8@8 25 for prime, $9@9 50 for choice, $10 for fancy; timothy $13@13 50 for prime; East track—Mixed $10@12; timothy $13@14 for prime to choice.

Middled—Lower, but in demand. Sacked bran 74@73 at mill 75⅛ Narrow Guage, 77@76 E track; bulk 67 E track.

Provisions—Receipts 60 brls pork, 50,840 lbs meats, 313,000 lbs lard, 2,000 lbs grease. The market was so strong to-day that an operator said it actually gave him the headache. This was pretty strong, but it expresses it pretty well. A very firm and confident tone was manifested and even at advances buyers were climbing to buy in a way that was really delightful to the sellers. Standard mess pork jobbed at $22 40@22 35; August offered at $22 45, $22 20 bid. A lot of choice kettle lard sold at 13⅜; summer make bad 12 30 bid. Loose, dry salt shoulders sold at 9 90; long clear at 13 60@⅛, clear ribs at 13⅜, short clear at 14⅛, boxed short clear at 14⅛ and loose clear ribs up country at 13⅛, freight 15. Packed bacon, long clear and clear ribs 14⅞@15, and short clear at 15⅛@15.30. Shoulders held at 11. Hams range from 15@16⅛; orders ⅛c higher. Tallow 8c for prime and choice country in oil bbls; irregular pkgs and failing off lots 7⅛@⅞; grease tallow 6⅛@7⅛. Breakfast bacon 15⅛@17. Grease 5⅛@6 for brown, 6⅛@7⅛c yellow, 7⅛@8⅛c for white. Beef—Extra mess $13 00@17 per brl. according to brand; $8@9 per half brl; dried 13@16c; strictly choice 17c per pound. Fresh smoked tongues $4 75@5 per doz. Salt—Lake $1 20@1 25 per brl. Ground alum $1 10 per sack.

Highwines steady. Sales: 187 bbls at $118; Cincinnati, $117; Chicago, $119; Peoria, $116.

Lead—Most dealers quote refined as held at $4 80 and hard at $4 75, but a seller stated that he would sell 10 cars refined at $4 75, and the same amount of hard at $4 70. The market is undoubtedly dull and nothing is doing, so that it is about impossible to arrive at true market values. Spelter dull at $5.

Flaxseed steady and in first rate demand, 19 cars selling on this side and east side at $1 24.

Timothy seed held at $2 30 for prime new, but no buyers at that price.

Castor beans are selling at $1 25, but none are offering.

Closing Prices—1 P. M.

TOLEDO.

Wheat—August $1 07⅛; September $1 04⅞; October $1 04⅞; November $1 04⅞; year $1 03⅞. Corn—August 79⅛; September 77⅞; October 75⅛; November —; year 64⅞.

DETROIT.

Wheat—August $1 08⅛@1 08⅛; September $1 05⅛; October $1 04⅛; November ——; year $1 03⅛.

CHICAGO.

Wheat—August $1 05⅛; September $1; October 99⅛; November 99⅞; year 98⅞. Corn—August 77⅞; September 76⅞; October 70⅞; November 71⅞; year 66⅞. Oats — August 41⅞; September 36⅞; October 35⅞; year 35⅞@⅞; May 38⅞ b. Short ribs—August 13 27⅞; September 13 27⅞; October 13 27⅞; November 12.50. Pork—August $21 97⅞; September $21 97⅞; October $22 12⅞; year $19 95⅞; January $19 12⅞. Lard—August 12 45; September 12.45; October 12.55; November 12.52⅞@55; January 12.32⅞.

Closing Prices—3 P. M.

ST. LOUIS.

Wheat—August 98⅞ b.; September 98⅞; October 99⅞; November 1 00⅞ b.; year 98⅞. Corn—August 76⅞; September 74⅞ b.; October 70⅞@⅞; Nov. 64⅞; year 60⅞; Jan. 56 b.; May 58⅞ b. Oats—Aug 37⅞ b.; September 35⅞; October 34⅞ b.; November 34⅞ b.; year 33⅞ b.

CHICAGO.

Wheat—Regular: August $1 05⅞; September 99⅞@⅞; October 99⅞@⅞; November 99⅞; year 98⅞. Old: August $1 05⅞ b; September $1 b.; year 98⅞ b. Corn—August 77⅞ b.; September 76⅞@⅞; October 75⅞; November 71⅞@⅞; year 66⅞; May 63⅞. Oats—August 41⅞; September 36⅞ b.; October 35⅞; November 35⅞ b.; year 35⅞ b.; May 38⅞. Pork—September $21 95; October $22 10; November $20 95; year $19 95; January $20 10@2⅞; February $20 25. Lard—September 12 42⅞; October 12.52⅞@55; November 12.52⅞@55; year 12 30 b.; January 12.30; February 12.35 b; March 12 42⅞ b. Short ribs—September 13 27⅞; October 13.20 b.; November 12.05 b.; year 11.05; January 10⅞; February 10 80 a.

TOLEDO.

Wheat—August $1 06⅞; September $1 04⅞@⅞ b.; October $1 04⅞ b.; November $1 04⅞; year $1 03⅞@⅞ b. Corn—August 79 b.; September 77⅞ b.; year 64⅞.

DETROIT.

Wheat—August $1 08⅞; September $1 05⅞; October $1 04⅞; November ——; year $1 03⅞.

Cotton.

Spots nominally steady. No business reported. New York quiet and unchanged for spots, but futures lower. New Orleans quiet. Liverpool spots easier, but sellers holding steadily; futures lower.

ST. LOUIS SPOT QUOTATIONS.

Low ordinary, 9⅛; ordinary, 10⅛; good ordinary, 11⅛; low middling, 12⅛; middling, 12⅞; good middling, 12⅞; middling fair, 13⅛. Stained—Good ordinary, 10; low middling, 11; middling, 11⅞.

LIVERPOOL.

Uplands 7⅛d. Orleans 7 5 16d. Sales 8,000 bales. Futures closed dull: August and September 7 5 64; September and October 6 58-64; October and November 6 43-64; November and December 6 38 64; December and January 6 37-64; May and June 6 45-64; June and July 6 47 64.

NET RECEIPTS AT U. S. PORTS

for seven days: 12,350 bales, against 6,338 last week and 51,023 same time last year. Exports 13,529 bales, against 24,989 same time last year. Stock, 131,619 bales, against 222,894 last year. Net receipts since September 1, 1881, 4,684,491 bales.

NEW YORK.

Middling 13 1-16 spot. Futures closed firm. August 12.81; September 12.49; October 11.88; November 11.69; December 11.69; January 11.79, February 11.90; March 12.00; April 12.13; May 12.24. Sales, 6,000 bales.

NEW ORLEANS.

Middling 12⅝c spot. Futures closed steady. August 12 58; September 11.89; October 11.57; November 11.41; December 11.42; January 11.52; February 11.63; March 11.74; April 11.85; May 11.95; June 12.06. Sales 10,200 bales.

Leaf Tobacco.

Transactions light, yet there was a strong undercurrent, and bidding was spirited, manufacturers showing a disposition to take hold, but the high views of sellers restricted trading, as the bids were well up. Advices from different parts of the State say that Burley is now being cut. On the breaks to day 54 hhds. Sales 9 hhds at $5 95 to $17 25. Passed 14 hhds. Rejected 31 hhds at $6 60 to $14 75.

We quote: Old style—Common dark lugs $5 00@5 50; common leaf $6 50@7; medium to good $7 50@8 50; choice none offering. Burley—Common lugs $5 00@5 50; good $6@6 50; common leaf $7 00@8 00; medium do $8 50@11; good $12@14; choice do $15@20. Wrapping leaf—Common $10@12; medium half bright $15@$18; medium bright and mahogany $20@25; good do $25@35; fine bright $40@65. Inferior, unsound and light weight hhds about 25@50c per 100 lbs less.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

BUTTER—Quote: Creamery choice 24@26; selections 27; seconds at ...... Dairy—Choice to fancy 21@22 to 23: medium to prime 15@18; low to fair 12@14. Country fresh yellow 14@16 for choice; 11@13 for off color.

CHEESE—Mid late make full cream 11@13; sharp do 5@10; prime to choice part skims 6⅛@7⅛; inferior do 2@4.

EGGS—Steady at 15⅛@16 for choice marks current receipts.

POULTRY—Quote: Live old chickens $3@3 25 for hens; $2 75@3 00 for mixed; $2 25 for cocks per doz. Spring chickens—small and inferior $1 25@1 75; fair to good $2@2 50; choice $2 75@3; fancy $3 25; ducks $2 00 for old; $2 75 for young ₩ doz.

WOOL—We quote: Tubwashed — Choice 37; fancy 38; fair 34@36⅛; low 28@31; Unwashed—Choice medium 24@25⅛; medium clothing 21@23⅛; medium combing 20⅛@22⅛; low do 18@18; coarse heavy 14@16; light fine 22@25; heavy do 16@19; dark do 15@18; burry and black 5@10c less. For each wool sack 25c and 3 lb tare is allowed.

HIDES—Quote Green salted 9; damaged 7@⅛; uncured 6; damaged do 5⅛; bulls and stags 5⅛; green salted calf 1; dry salted 1; damaged do 10; flint bull and stag 9⅛. dry flint 16; No. 2 do 13; glue stock, dry 6; green 5.

FEATHERS—Prime live geese 53 in large and 54 in small sacks. Unripe quills 40@44; mixed and 10@... 25@50. Tare 5 pr ct. on large. 10 on small sks.

APPLES—Choice red $1 25@1 50; inferior 50@75 medium $1 25 per bbl.

CABBAGE—$1 25 for home-grown, on orders, per crate.

POTATOES—Sell at 70@75 per bu.

ONIONS—35@50 per bu, and 75@1 00 per bbl

WHITE BEANS—Prime jobbing from store at $3 70@3 75

HEMPSEED—Quotable $1 50@1 60 for prime.

TROPICAL FRUITS—Sales, repacked; Oranges—Rodi $6@7 50; Lemons—Messina and Palermo $6@6 50; bananas on orders $2@2 50 ₩ bunch; cocoanuts $45@50 ₩ 1,000.

GRASSSEED—Quote timothy $2 30@2 25; white mille ....: German do ....; Hungarian ....; red top ....; clover ....

VEALS—Live at @6 for heretics; 7@7⅛ for choice small milk fed; medium @6⅛

LAMBS—$1 50@3 50, top rate for fancy large fat.

HONEY—Extracted and strained 7@10; comb 1 @20.

MOSS—We quote: Gray-mixed 2⅛@3⅛; gray and brown mixed 3⅛@4; brown and black @; all black 4@5; machine picked, on orders: XXXX—black 8⅛ to 9; XXX—black-mixed 7⅛ to 8; XX—brown mixed 6⅛@7; X—gray mixed 5@⅛. Round lots shaded ⅛ to 1c ₩ lb.

ROOTS—We quote: Ginseng @ ...; Seneca 3 @; blue flag @; blood roots 3; golden seal 2⅛; snake 13@1; black 4@; May apple 2⅛@; pink 1 @12; ... 3; lady slippers; bitter sweet bark 5

BALINGSTUFF—We quote jute bagging 1⅛ lb. Hemp twine 1 @12. Iron cotton ties $1 25@1 ... at ...⅛ 10 do ... 10 to 9. 2 lb do 9 s.

SHEEP PELTS—We quote green shearings 10@15; pelts 7 @$1 25; dry pelts 2 @75; dry shearings 10@15. Prices governed by amount and quality of wool on pelts.

HOPS—New York 50@... for medium; 50@52 ... c.

SORGHUM—Salable at 52c per gal.

HEMP—We quote Undressed hemp $65@95; dressed hemp $140@16; shorts $120@14; hackled tow $55@60; break tow $35@40 per ton.

PECANS—Western 7@8; Texas 9@15

SCRAP IRON, ETC.—We quote ₩ 100 lbs: Wrought 90; heavy cast 5; stove ...; plows 60; burnt 35. Brass—Heavy $13; light $8. Copper $3. Bones $16@17; dry buffalo $22

EMPTY BARRELS—Linseed 75c; coal oil $1@1 10; whisky 75@80c.

RAGS—Country mixed 1 40@1,87; grass rope 2⅛ ₩ lb.

BROOM CORN—Crooked 4; common straight 5@6; prime 6⅛@7⅛; choice green hurl 8⅛@9.

BEESWAX—Southern yellow 2 @27; dark 19 20c.

DEERSKINS—Prime 24@26; heavy winter 2c; salted and meaty 7@; green ....

COOPERAGE—We quote the range Flour brls—City elm 40@42; country 35; city oak 44; country do 3. Pork brls 9 @; del; lard tierces $1 ...@1 del; lard kegs 40@50; bacon casks $1 70@ 75; half-casks 55@; ham tierces, small or large 70c. Whisky brls, iron bound, 6 hoop, $1 40@1 60; 8 hoop $1 65@1 80; half brls $1 25.

COOPERSTUFF—Shaved hoops, country flour brl, $ @5 50; choice cooper shaved $6 @; pork brls $ @; lard tierce, do $1 @1; casks $15@20; half casks $1 @15. Staves (car lots E. side), machine flour brl. oak $ 50@8; elm $ @8. Heading (car lots E. side), soft 5@5⅛; hard do 5⅛@6. Whisky brl (heading) green $15; dry $22; half casks $10 50@12; hhds $20@24; dry calf hhds $15@18; green tierce $14, dry $16; dry beer kegs $20@22, green $12@1...

LIVE STOCK.

Receipts and shipments for 24 hours ending at 11 a. m. to-day:

	Receipts.		Shipments	
	1882	1881.	1882.	1881.
Cattle	1,153	1,537	22	1,292
Hogs	1,883	5,180	480	3,202
Sheep	3,037	1,694	644	966

CATTLE—The demand was fair for all grades of cattle, while the supply most wofully small. Local butchers and a couple of interior shippers cleared the pens in less than no time, as one of the leading salesmen put it. Prices were firm and fair grass Texans and Indians of 850 to 950 lbs and thereabouts brought $4 40@4 50 ₩ 100 lbs, and this, all things considered, is quite handsome. Eastern shippers were on hand and had orders to fill, but did not fill them from the fact there was no shipping steers offered. Stock and feeding steers scarce and slow. Milch cows with calves slow. The market for the day and week closes satisfactory. Ruling quotations firm.

RULING QUOTATIONS.

Exporters	$7 15@7 50
Heavy shipping steers	6 50@7 10
Grass native steers	4 00@5 50
Medium to choice butcher steers	3 75@5 30
Fair to good Colorado steers	4 00@6 00
Good to prime native feeding steers, av. 1,000 to 1,100 lbs	4 00@4 50
Fair native stock steers, av. 600 to 800	2 70@3 60
Good to prime native cows and heifers	3 10@3 9.
Common to fair native cows	2 00@3 25
Scalawags	1 25@3 00
Grass Texans	3 00@4 1

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

No.	Description.	Av.	Price.
10	native steers	1,108	$4 75
44	grass Indian	896	4 50
88	grass Indian	923	4 45
21	grass Indian	901	4 35
23	grass Indian	751	4 15
24	grass Indian	796	4 00
81	grass Texan	864	4 20
24	grass Texan	747	3 62½
48	South west steers	890	4 40
45	Southwest steers	914	4 40
22	Southwest steer	993	4 40
24	Southwest butcher	887	3 75
23	southwest butcher	789	3 15
22	Southwest butcher	749	3 50
22	Southwest butcher	831	3 37½
21	mixed butcher	894	3 20
23	native cows	989	3 65
18	Southwest butcher	922	4 00
43	grass Texan	910	3 85

HOGS—Although receipts were small still they were thrice as large as for the past week. Local butchers filed into the hog house early in the morning and went quickly to work. The market was active and prices steady at the highest rates prevailing yesterday Butchers paid from $8 25@8 50 for fair to good butcher hogs. Light to fair Yorkers sold from $7 75@8 40; shipping pigs $7 50@7 75; culls $6 25@7 25. Coarse hogs were neglected.

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

No.	Av.	Price	No.	Av.	Price.
42	208	$8 80	27	174	$7 75
46	270	8 80	21	186	7 75
66	187	8 10	24	167	7 75
10	180	8 10	10	237	7 59
4	192	7 90	23	12.	6 60
48	164	7 75	94	128	6 70

SHEEP—The sheep market slow; still a fair number of transfers made. Supply moderate. Common to medium $2@3 35; fair to good $3 50@3 75; good to prime $3 90@4 25; fancy $4 25@4 75; stock sheep $2 25@3; Texan sheep $2 75@4 00.

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

No.	Description.	Av.	Price.
102	native sheep	100	$3 50
99	native sheep	87	3 35
35	native sheep	79	2 25

Horses and Mules.

There is no change to note. Good stock steady and wanted. Common dull.

HORSES.

Southern horses	90@125
Streeters	110@135
Heavy draught good	150@165
Heavy draught, extra	175@225
Drivers, good	140@160
Drivers, extra	175@250
Saddlers, good	125@150
Saddlers, extra	175@200
Plugs, heavy	30@ 60

MULES.

13½ hands, 4 to 7 years old	60@ 70
14 hands, 4 to 7 years old	90@100
14½ hands, 4 to 7 years old	110@120
15 hands, 4 to 7 years old	115@130
15½ hands, 4 to 7 years old, extra	140@160
16 to 16½ hands, extra	160@225

Live Stock Markets by Telegraph.

CHICAGO, August 25.—Hogs—Receipts 10,000; active and strong; 5@10c higher; light $7 90@8 85; mixed packing $7 90@8 60; heavy $8 60@9 15. Cattle—Receipts 6,500; strong; exports $7 20@7 75; good to choice shipping $6 60@7; common to fair $4 25@5 95; butchers $2 50@4 60; stockers $3 94 35; half-breeds $5@5 80; Texans $4@5.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, August 25.—Flour—Dull and in buyers' favor; receipts 15,000 brls; sales 20,000 brls. Wheat ⅛@⅜ higher and very quiet; business mainly speculative; sales 40,000 bu No. 2 red August at $1 14⅛; 160,000 bu September at $1 14⅛@1 14⅞; 1,8,000 bu October at $1 15⅛@15⅛; 48,000 bu November at $1 16⅛@1 16⅞; 48,000 bu December $1 17⅞@1 18⅞; 40,000 bu year at $1 14@1 14⅞. Corn—Dull and without quotable change: Western spot 88@92⅛; futures 78⅛@90⅛; sales 160,000 bu. Oats less active and ⅛c lower; Western 53@75; sales 180,000 bu. Beef steady; very quiet. Pork quieter and very firm: new mess $22 25; old $21 25@21 75. Lard 2⅛@5 higher and strong; steam rendered 12.77⅛. Butter very strongly held with good inquiry for choice Western at 15@29; Elgin creamery 28@29. Cheese dull and unsettled at 2@11. Sugar dull. Molasses steady. Petroleum dull. Rice firm. Coffee quiet. Freights firm. Turpentine dull at 44⅛. Rosin steady at $1 80@1 95. Tallow firm at 8⅛. Western eggs dull at 21⅛@22.

BALTIMORE, August 25.—Flour steady and moderate demand. Wheat—Western higher; No. 2 winter red spot $1 14⅛ asked; August $1 13⅛@14; September $1 13@1 13⅛; October $1 13⅛@1 13⅞. Corn—Western steady but dull; mixed September 83⅞ bid; November 79⅞ asked; November and December new or old 71@71⅛. Oats shade better; fairly active; Western white 51@52; mixed 45@47; Pennsylvania 47@50. Rye quiet and firmer at 65@68. Hay dull and lower; prime to choice $15@18. Provisions higher and firm; mess pork 24; bulk meats, shoulders and clear rib sides packed 11@14⅛; bacon shoulders 12; clear rib sides 15⅞; hams 15⅞@16⅛. Lard—Refined 14. Butter steady. Eggs firm at 20. Petroleum lower; refined 6⅛. Coffee firm at 8⅛@9⅞. Sugar lower and quiet; A soft 9⅞. Whisky steady at $1 19@1 20. Freights quiet. Receipts—Flour 2,754 brls; wheat 182,046 bu; corn 550 bu; oats 10,927 bu; rye 900 bu. Shipments—Wheat 340,893 bu; corn 17,100 bu. Sales—Wheat 314,650 bu; corn 52,950.

KANSAS CITY, August 25.—The Daily Indicator reports: Wheat—Receipts 42,885 bu; shipments 60,381 bu; market fairly active; No. 3 cash sales 80⅛@81; August 81⅛ asked; September sales 80; No. 2 cash sales 84⅛@84⅞; August sales 84⅛@85; September 83⅞ bid, 84 asked; No. 1 cash sales 8; August 88 bid, asked; September 88⅞ bid, 89 asked. Corn—Receipts 538 bu; shipments 1,403 bu; market strong and quiet; No. 2 mixed cash sales 69⅞; August 69⅛ bid, 70 asked; September 68 bid, 75 asked. Oats—No. 2 cash sales 35⅛; August 35 bid, 35⅞ asked; September 31⅞ bid. Butter — Market unchanged. Eggs — Market slow at 15c per doz candled.

NEW ORLEANS, August 25, 11:20 A. M.—Flour easy; fancy $5 60@5 85; choice $5 12⅛@5 37⅛. Corn meal easy; $4 00. Corn quiet; white 95; mixed 95; yellow none. Oats firm; choice 54; prime ——. Bran quiet at 80@85. Hay steady; prime $25@26; choice $27. Pork firm at $22 87⅛@23. Cut meats firmer: 10⅞. Bacon firm at 10⅞, 14⅞@15; long clear sides 15. Hams quiet; canvased 14⅛@15⅞. Lard firmer; refined tierces 12⅞; refined kegs 13. Whisky steady at $1 19@1 20. Exchange on New York 50@$1 premium; sight $2 50 premium. Cotton—Spot quiet; middling 12⅝; net receipts 102; gross 102.

CHICAGO, August 25.—Wheat quiet and generally higher; regular $1 06 asked August; $1 asked September; 99⅛ October; 98⅞ year; winter $1 06; spring $1 07⅛@8. Corn unsettled and firmer; 77⅞ cash; 76⅞ asked September; 74⅛ October; 66⅛ year. Oats—Cash lower; options firmer; 41 cash; 41⅛ August; 36⅞ September; 36 asked October; 35⅛ year. Rye 67⅛. Barley 88@90. Whisky $1 19. Pork strong and higher; $21 97⅛ cash; $21 22⅛ October; $21 20⅛ January. Lard stronger; 12.45 cash; 12 55 October; 12.32⅛ January.

CINCINNATI, August 25.—Flour strong; family $4 70@5; fancy $5 25@6. Wheat strong; No. 2 red $1 02. Corn easier at 79⅞. Oats weak at 43. Rye strong at 75. Pork strong and higher at $23. Lard quiet at 12⅛. Bulk meats firmer at 9⅞@14. Bacon strong at 10⅞, 14⅞, 15⅛. Whisky active and firm at $1 17. Combination sales, finished goods, 665 brls, on basis of $1 17.

TOLEDO, August 25.—Wheat dull; No. 2 cash or August $1 07⅛; September $1 04⅞; October and November $1 04⅛; year $1 03⅞. Corn dull; high mixed at 80⅛; No. 2 cash 79⅞ asked, August 79⅛; September 77⅛; October 75⅛; year 64⅞. Oats quiet; No. 2 cash 43⅛; August 43⅛; September 37⅛; year 35⅛ bid.

MILWAUKEE, August 25.—Wheat quiet and steady; $1 06 No. 2; $1 03 August; 99⅞ September; 99⅛ October; 85 No. 3; receipts 10,000; shipments 1,00. Corn quiet; 78 No. 2; 76 rejected. Oats weak 42 choice white; 40 white rejected. Rye quiet: 67⅛ No. 1 new. Barley steady; 77 No. 2 September.

DETROIT, August 25.—Flour unchanged. Wheat firmer; cash, August $1 08⅞; September $1 05; October $1 04⅛ bid; November $1 04⅛ bid; year $1 03⅛; No. 2 red spot, Aug. $1 07⅛ bid; No. 2 white $1 01, nominal; receipts, wheat, 24,600; shipments, 18,800.

BUFFALO, N. Y., August 25.—Wheat steady; 1,000 bu. sample Sheboygan, 128,000 bush No. 1 white Michigan $1 12. Corn dull and firm; held at 84. Oats neglected. Canal freights unchanged.

CLEVELAND, August 25.—Petroleum quiet; S. W. 110, 6⅞.

Foreign.

LIVERPOOL, August 25.—Spot wheat and corn better feeling. Wheat and corn to arrive firm and shade higher.

LONDON, August 25.—Weather in England unsettled. Spot wheat firm and fairly active. Western winter 9s 2d; No. 2 spring 9s 4d; No 3 spring 8s 7d. Mixed Western corn firm at 7s 5d. Mark Lane wheat steady; corn firm. Country markets steady. Demand from United Kingdom and Continent moderate for wheat and corn. Receipts wheat past week 686,000 centals, of which 487,000 was American.

LIVERPOOL, August 25.—Bacon—Cumberland cut steady at 70s; long clear steady at 68s 6d; short rib steady at 70s; short clear steady at 71s. Lard—Prime Western firmer at 62s 6d. Shoulders—New dull at 53s. Cheese—American choice dull at 57s.

AN inquest was held to-day on the remains of John Castine, who died suddenly yesterday afternoon at No. 1113 North Sixteenth street. "Death from congestive chills" was the verdict.

DAVIS NOMINATED.

End of the Deadlock at the Piedmont Convention.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

PIEDMONT, MO., August 25.—The balloting was resumed in the Fourteenth Congressional Convention this morning with the same result, but when six ballots had been taken, making it the 441st, Mr. Stark, of Shannon county, moved that there be an hour's recess, as the Livingston delegation was convinced that there was no show for their man and they wished to consult as to whom they would throw their votes. When the convention was again called to order, and on the 452d ballot, a sufficient number of the Livingston delegates came over to

NOMINATE MR. DAVIS.

When Hon. R. A. Hatcher, of Mississippi, moved that the nomination of Mr. Davis be made unanimous, the motion was carried with loud and prolonged applause. A committee of three was appointed to wait upon Mr. Davis and inform him of his nomination. They returned with Mr. Davis, who in a short and appropriate speech, thanked the convention for the honor they had done him. Mr. Davis was followed by Messrs. Moore and Livingston, the other candidates, who accepted the decision of the convention with the best grace possible, pledging their support to the nominee.

WITHOUT A WARNING.

Two Negro Murderers Killed by a Mob in Florida.

JACKSONVILLE, FLA., August 25.—As the train containing two colored prisoners, Savage and James, reached Madison this morning, it was met by about a hundred persons, twelve or fifteen of whom rushed into the train and riddled the prisoners with bullets. The agent of the railroad did not suspect any violence until a short time before the arrival of the train, when he attempted to telegraph each way, but found the wires cut. He then ran up the track and signaled the conductor not to stop, but some one had boarded the train and uncoupled the two rear cars. The prisoners had been convicted of the murder of Frank Patterson in February, 1881, at Madison, in a room where testimony was being taken in the contested election case of Bibee vs. Finley. A new trial had been granted by the Supreme Court and he prisoners were being conveyed from Tallahassee to Jasper to undergo that trial when they were murdered. There is great excitement in Madison over the outrage.

A Serious Accident.

EMPORIA, KAS., August 25.—Last evening about 7 o'clock a Sante Fe east-bound extra stock train struck a cow near the Neosho River Bridge, about three miles from Emporia. The pony truck-wheels of the engine were broken and the train thus ran for 400 yards around a curve on a steep embankment and over the bridge. Upon leaving the bridge the locomotive, five cars of grain and one of stock zigzagged themselves across the road-bed into each other, splintering the cars and tearing up the track bed y. The train contained ten cars of cattle, which were at the rear and were not thrown from the track. The guard-rail on the bridge doubtless prevented a much greater destruction of property. No one was injured. A large force of men are clearing up the wreck and trains will probably pass towards night.

The New Bonds.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 25.—The allotment of the numbers of the new three-per-cent bonds began to-day, and will be continued until all the applications have been disposed of. The allotment was made by chance. The only offers considered to day were those first forwarded, at 10 o'clock a. m. on the 1st of August last. There were about 2,000 packages of this class. It will be several days before the statement showing who are entitled to the low numbers of the new bonds can be prepared.

Coup's Circus Goes to Pieces.

DETROIT, August 24.—Coup's circus, after making brave stands against adverse circumstances, has finally gone to pieces in this city. Attachments amounting to $25,000, representing claims of employes and others, have been put on it here, and the whole concern is in the hands of a Sheriff. Coup has abandoned all attempts to hold the exhibition together. About 200 employes are thrown out of employment.

Very Busy.

DETROIT, August 25.—General Manager Hickson, of the Grand Trunk, and various heads of departments of that road are in the city looking after the arrangement of the affairs of the Consolidated Canada Road, and will remain actively engaged in work to-day and to-morrow.

The Outs Win.

The suit of the present trustees of the First Baptist Church against David Lawson and wife for possession of the house in the rear of the church on Almond street brought an enormous crowd of the church members to Justice Taaffe's court this afternoon. The suit is in the nature of a factional fight 700 of the church members having been ousted by 100 and denied the right of membership, and at every meeting the present members strike off 30 or 40 of the opposition. It was shown that the occupants have not paid rent for several years' furnishing in lieu thereof meals to the pastor and "strange brethren." The case was decided in favor of the defendants, and at its close a scene of wild joy resulted, the sisters yelling and shouting in their glory, while the plaintiffs and their followers hung their heads in shame.

Mr. Hill Declines.

Much interest is being manifested in the approaching election of officers of the Cotton Exchange. Mr. Jerome Hill, of the firm of Hill, Fontaine & Co., leading cotton factors of this city was the most prominently mentioned candidates for the presidency of the Exchange, and his election was assured if he allowed his name to be used. This morning Mr. Hill notified his friends that, after mature consideration, he must decline to be a candidate. The other candidates now in the field are: T. H. West, J. A. Goldman, Thos. J. Meier and A. Mitchell. The fight will probably be over the directory, as the brokers are working hard to have an equal representation on the board with the factors, who are striving just as hard to have the usual majority they have always had.

The Knights of the Golden Rule.

Fifty-two delegates are in attendance at the meeting of this well known society in Druids' Hall to-day. The meeting was called to order at 10 o'clock this morning. The morning session was confined to the transaction of routine business. The election of officers is expected to take place this evening.

THE Coroner held an inquest at No. 4344 North Twelfth street this morning on the body of Edwin J. Lyon, the fireman who died last night. A verdict of death from pulmonary consumption was rendered.

RIVER NEWS.

THE City of Helena, Capt. Flem Calvert, George O. Walton clerk, leaves for Memphis this evening.

THE neat steamer Josie, of the Diamond Jo Line, leaves for St. Paul this evening. R. F. Isherwood commands.

PHIL. ROHAN, of the Fulton Boiler Works, has been confined at home for some days by sickness, but is again out.

MR E. D. FOREL, formerly of the Broadway Foundry, is now proprietor of the Victor Well Auger and Machine Works.

THE Colorado will make two excursion trips to Madison Grove next Sunday. Commodore Manion is determined to keep his word with his friends and patrons, who are assured there will be no delay this time.

THE City of Greenville arrived from Vicksburg and lies up for repairs, after which she enters the New Orleans Anchor Line, to which she will prove a worthy accession. Joseph Bryan will command as usual.

CAPT CLINT. HUMPHREYS, who is to command the new Queen City, in the Cincinnati and Evansville trade, for the past two seasons has been second clerk of the Springer. Charlie Davidson, late second clerk of the Pittsburg, will have charge of the office and be assisted by W. W. Houston.

THE Cincinnati Commercial says: The "living steamboat," which is to form an important feature of the forthcoming Exposition parade, will be called the "City of Cincinnati." In our local mention of the crew and her representatives yesterday an important name was omitted. Capt. Aaron S. Bowen, the pioneer steamboat agent, will represent the business interests of the craft.

THE river is falling, with 11⅛ feet of water by the gauge. There is only 7 feet water to Cairo. There is plenty of freight offering for shipment, but the scarcity of water precludes boats from realizing any profit in the business. The departures for to-morrow will include the Arkansas City, for Vicksburg; Minneapolis, St. Paul; Dora, Clarksville; Jay Gould and barges, and John A. Scudder, New Orleans; Calhoun, Peoria, and Fannie Lewis, Kansas City.

UNITED STATES ENGINEER HOAG, who has charge of the improvements on the Allegheny River, has received instructions from the Treasury Department in regard to his work on the river. His instructions are to use his discretion in the expenditure of the appropriation of $15,000, and to make it do as much good as possible. Mr. Hoag will not be able to do much heavy work owing to the limited appropriation, but he will remove obstructions from the river between Franklin and Pittsburg, and will begin in a few days. He thinks that the Allegheny does not receive the attention from Congress which it deserves owing to its size and importance. Streams which are much smaller receive larger appropriations, which are really not needed.

River Telegrams.

EVANSVILLE, August 25.—Arrived: Fashion, Louisville, 8 p. m.; H. T. Dexter, Cairo, 6 a. m.; Josh V. Throop, Uniontown, noon. Departed: Fashion, Louisville, 12:20 a. m.; B. S. Rhea, Cincinnati, 10:15. Cloudy; fine showery wind from southeast to southwest. Mercury 72° to 80°. River 7 2-10 feet and falling slowly. Business very light.

CAIRO, August 25.—Arrived: City of Baton Rouge, New Orleans, 11 p. m.; Hudson, St. Louis, 10 a. m. Departed: Maude, Memphis, 11 p. m.; Baton Rouge, St. Louis, midnight; Charles Bowen, St. Louis, 5 a. m.; Hudson, Ohio, noon. Cloudy and warm.

MEMPHIS, TENN., August 25.—River falling. Departed: Paris C. Brown, for New Orleans, 10 last night; Belle of Memphis, for St. Louis, 10 a. m.; City of Providence, for Vicksburg, 10 a. m.; Golden Crown, for Cincinnati, noon. Showery.

LOUISVILLE, August 25.—River rose about 2 inches last night and was still rising at noon, with 5 feet 11 inches in canal, 3 feet 9 inches in chute on falls and 1 foot 3 inches over the rocks. Business dull. Weather cloudy and sultry.

WHEELING, W. VA., August 25.—River 3 feet 3 inches and stationary. Arrived: Elaine. Cloudy and windy.

PITTSBURG, PA., August 25.—River 2 feet 9 inches. Weather clear and warm.

CINCINNATI, August 25.—River 8 feet 9 inches, falling; thermometer 84.

Marine.

NEW YORK, August 25.—Arrived: Rhynland, from Antwerp, and Silesia, from Hamburg.

STEAMBOATS.

Upper Mississippi.

ST. LOUIS AND ST PAUL P'K'T CO., U. S. Mail Line.
For Moster's and all way landings.
STR. BALD EAGLE .... Hamilton Master
Leaves every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 4 p. m.

For Clarksville, Louisiana Hannibal, Quincy, La Grange Canton, Alexandria, Warsaw and Keokuk.
GEM CITY .... Burke Master.
Leaves every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4 p. m.

For Hannibal, Quincy, Keokuk, Burlington, Davenport, Dubuque, La Crosse and St. Paul.
Str. MINNEAPOLIS .... Dave Asbury, Master.
Leaves Saturday, August 26, at 4 p. m.

THROUGH TICKETS to all Railroad points. Excursion Tickets to St. Paul, Minneapolis, Lake Minnetonka, Duluth, Marquette, Grand Haven, Thunder Bay, and all summer resorts in the North and East, with the privilege of returning by river, lake or rail. Send for Guide Book, "Upper Mississippi River," giving routes, rates, etc. For through passenger or freight rates, apply at office on wharfboat, foot of Olive street.
JNO. F. BAKER, G. P. A.

DIAMOND JO LINE
Fine and fast passenger packets.
For Hannibal, Quincy, Keokuk, Burlington, Davenport, Dubuque, La Crosse and St. Paul.
Str. JOSIE .... Isherwood Master
Leaves wharfboat, foot of Washington avenue Friday August 25, at 4 p. m.
For freight or passage, apply at office, on wharfboat. ISAAC P. LUSK, Agent.

ST. LOUIS AND CLARKSVILLE PACKET COMPANY.
For Milan, Hastings, Cap au Gris, Falmouth, Clarksville and all Way Landings
DORA .... Alex Lamont, Master.
Leaves Tuesday Thursday and Saturday, at 4 p. m., from foot of Cherry St.
F. SCHWARTZ, President.

Lower Mississippi.

ST. LOUIS AND VICKSBURG ANCHOR LINE. U. S. Mail Line.
For Helena, Greenville Arkansas City and Vicksburg, leave Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Reserving the right to pass all landings the Captain may deem unsafe.
Str. ARKANSAS CITY .... Brolaski, Master
Will leave Saturday, August 26, at 5 p. m.
Packets for Cape Girardeau, Cairo, Hickman and Memphis leave Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Str. CITY OF HELENA .... Calvert, Master.
Will leave Friday, August 25 at 5 p.
Packets for Ste. Genevieve, St. Mary's, Chester and Grand Tower.
Str. E. C. ELLIOTT .... Postal, Master.
Leaves Tuesdays, Thursday, and Saturdays at 4 o'clock p. m.
JOHN BIRD, Agent.

ST. LOUIS & MISSISSIPPI VALLEY TRANSPORT'N CO.
Office on wharfboat, foot of Elm street.
H. C. HAARSTICK, Prest. H. LOUREY, Vice-Prest.
For New Orleans
Str. JAY GOULD and Barges,
Leave Saturday, August 26, 5 p. m.
For freight rates to N O and points in Tex. apply to J. P. BURDEAU Ft. Agt.

FOR NEW ORLEANS AND WAY LANDINGS
The Magnificent Steamer
Str. JOHN A. SCUDDER .... Baker, Master.
Will leave Saturday, August 26, at 5 p. m.
For freight or passage apply on board wharfboat foot of Market st.
JOHN W. CARROLL, Agent.

Illinois River.

CHICAGO FAST FREIGHT LINE
For Hardin, Bedford, Montezuma, Florence, Griggsville Naples, Beardstown, Havana and Peoria.
Str. CALHOUN .... Gray, Master.
Leave Wednesdays & Saturdays, 4 p. m., from Co's wharf-boat, foot of Olive st.
L. F. D'ARCAMBAL Ag't. C. S. ROGERS, Prest.

Missouri River.

Kansas City Packet Company—Star Line.
For Portland, Glasgow, Cambridge Waverly, Berlin and way landings.
Str. FANNIE LEWIS ...... E. W. Gould, Jr., Master
Leaves Saturday, August 26, at 5 p. m.
WEEKLY PACKET TO MIAMI.
DAVID R. POWELL .... Whitlege, Master
Leaves Saturday, August 26 at 5 p. m.
L. F. D ARCAMBAL, Agent.

LEGAL.

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas by a certain deed of trust dated September 4, 1876 Joseph B. Lindsay and Emil B Lindsay, his wife, conveyed to the undersigned the real estate in said deed described as follows to-wit: Beginning at a point in the south line of Warren street one hundred and twenty-five feet east of the east line of Ninth street, thence as with said south line of Warren street twenty-five feet, thence south with the eastern line of lot 190 eighty feet, thence west and parallel with Warren street twenty-five feet thence north and parallel with Ninth street eighty feet to the place of beginning, and being in city block No. 330 of the city of St. Louis; and whereas said conveyance was made to secure certain notes now due, and default has been made in the payment of the principal note therein; therefore, in pursuance of said deed, I will on the 25th day of August 1882, at the east front of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis between the hours of 10 a. m. and 5 p. m. sell said real estate for cash to the highest bidder for the purposes of said trust. JOHN B HIGDON, Trustee.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE—By order of the St. Louis Circuit Court, the undersigned will, on Tuesday, the 22d day of August, 1882, at the hour of 12 o'clock m., at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., sell all remaining uncollected notes, together with books of account of the assigned estate of Wm. Stein, to the highest bidder, for cash. FREDERICK DINGS, Assignee of Wm. Stein.

St. Louis, August 15, 1882.

F. W. GUERIN, photographer,
627 Olive street, St. Louis.
Copying and enlarging from old Pictures. Special attention paid to Crayon work and Pastel.
Medal awarded at the World's Exposition, Paris.

DO YOU HANDLE GRAIN?

Only cost you 40 Cents, Mailed on receipt of price by

Robt. D. Patterson & Co.
316 and 318 North Third Street.

LOCAL NEWS.

BUY your mosquito bars at D. Crawford & Co.'s, the real and only headquarters, who keep an immense stock, both made up and unmade. Large size made-up mosquito bars may be had here for $1 15.

GENUINE BOSTON ART FURNITURE
In St. Louis at Boston Prices.
No extra charge for freight.
GUERNSEY FURNITURE CO.,
500 N. Fourth street, cor. St. Charles.

THE only complexion powder in the world that is without vulgarity, without injury to the user, and without doubt a beautifier, is Pozzoni's.

DR. DINSBEER removed to 814 Pine street, where he will dispense safe medicines, skillful treatment and speedy cures for chronic disease.

Dr Whittier, 617 St. Charles st., St. Louis, A regular graduate, oldest office in U.S. Pays special attention to gentlemen.

Genuine Asphalt Pavements.
Compressed Asphalt Blocks and Tiles, for paving driveways, alleys, breweries, carriage houses, cellars, etc.; solid, dry and clean; delivered in quantities to suit at any part of the city or on board for shipment. Send for descriptive circular.
ASPHALTUM PAVING BLOCK CO.,
720 Chestnut st.

CLOTHING TO ORDER.
Our fall and winter stock of fine woolens is now ready for inspection. Occupying three floors on the *southwest corner of Fourth and Olive streets*, with cutters whose skill has been tested by years of experience, backed by a host of skilful workmen, we are prepared to assure you of reliable goods and moderate prices.
MILLS & AVERILL.

CALL and see Van Biarcom's thirty-five dollar road and business harness. 613 North Seventh street.

Hotel Personals.

John McBride, Toronto, Ont., is at the Lindell.

C. W. Swank and wife, Texas, are at the Laclede.

Col. W. B. Aiken, Paris, Texas, is at the Laclede.

F. W. Smith and wife, Chicago, are at the Laclede.

F. F. Conway, Santa Fe, N. M., is at the Southern.

E. W. Lovely and wife, Peru, Ill., are at the Lindell.

Col. Calvin F. Burnes, St. Joseph, Mo., is at the Lindell.

E R Alexand and family, Ferris, Tex., are at the Planters'.

H. A. Bodine and J. M. Bryant, Chicago, are at the Lindell.

James F. McGannon and wife, Seneca, Mo., are at the Southern.

M. M. Reynolds and wife, Corpus Christi, Tex., are at the Planters'.

W. H Elgin and son and family, Brunswick, Miss., are at the Southern.

N. C. Harden and Wm. A. Jordan, Louisiana, Mo., are at the Planters'.

S. H Moses, Troy, N. Y., and J. N. Terry, Philadelphia, are at the Planters'.

J. J Welder, Miss Dora Welder and Miss Mary Welder, Texas, are at the Lindell.

H. Clopton, Helena, Ark., and J. M. Kelley, Hot Springs, Ark., are at the Southern.

R. M. Nelson, Selma, Ala., and Thomas K. Ewing, Milwaukee, are at the Southern.

Hons. George G. Vest and F. M. Cockrell, United States Senators, are at the Laclede.

J. M. Dawson, Fort Worth, and G. E. Whitney, Newark, N. J., are at the Lindell.

Charles H. Walker, Cincinnati, and W. W. Wigginton, New Orleans, are at the Lindell.

George W. Watson, Hot Springs, Ark., and T. P. Shouts, Centerville, Ia., are at the Lindell.

S. M. Ray, Bolton, Texas, and Archie E. Woods, Columbus, Ohio, are at the Planters'.

James F. Slater, Lexington, Ky., and R M. Luckland, Kansas City, are at the Laclede.

Hon. A. Bell, Second Assistant Secretary of the Interior, Washington, D. C., is at the Lindell.

Rowland G. I. Barnett, business manager New York Ideal Opera Company, is at the Lindell.

W. R. Strong, Sacramento, Cal., and Albert Strong, Rochester, N. Y., are at the Southern.

R. F. Bass and wife, Elkton, Ky., and B. A. Womald and wife, Lafourche, La., are at the Southern.

Brewster Cameron, special agent of the Post-office Department, Washington, D. C., is at the Planters'.

Capt. John Ulrich, Louisville, Ky.; J. J. Andrews, Philadelphia; G M Whitmore and W. H Curran, Chicago; W. D. Cunningham and wife, New York; H.W. Smith, Leadville, and Col. J. S. Ambrose, Jefferson City, are at Hotel Hunt.

IT is the common observation that the standard of natural health and normal activity among American women is being lowered by the influence of false ideas and habits of life, engendered by fashionable ignorance and luxurious living. It is a happy circumstance that Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham has come to the front to instruct and cure the sufferers of her sex.

The Boss Watermelon.

Anybody who thinks that this is a backward season for watermelons could have his doubts removed by calling at this office. Mr. E. C. Smith, of Morley, Scott county, Mo., knows the contrary. This morning a melon was received from him which is of such proportions that it is scarcely safe to state them fully. It is more than four feet in length, eighteen inches in diameter, and weighs over forty-five pounds. Mr. Smith thinks that monster cabbages and big, red roasting ears are well enough in their way, but he would like to see another melon as big and as red and as juicy. He says that the melon is out Pacific's largest thing. In Sedalia address M. A. for that reason he set it aside for the DISPATCH, the greatest newspaper in the West.

SPORTING.

The Browns Cannot Win Even With a First-Class Pitcher.

The Brown Stockings and the Alleghenies again crossed bats at the park yesterday afternoon with the usual result. Dorr, the new pitcher, played one of the best games that has been seen here this season. So effectual was his work that the visitors failed to earn one run during the entire game, and many rounds of well-merited applause were bestowed upon him. His comoanions, with the exception of Sullivan, failed to render him any assistance whatever. The game of the Brown Stockings is, if possible, becoming more miserable as the season wears on. In the third inning the Alleghenies made four runs, all of which were the result of errors made by the Browns, and the remaining three in the fifth inning. Cuinbert in the ninth inning scored the only earned run of the game by a three-bagger to right and came home on a well hit ball from Decker. Taylor, the Alleghenies' catcher, caught and played his usual good game. Driscoll, the pitcher, also played well. At the end of the ninth the score stood 7 to 2, with the visitors on top. Base hits, Alleghenies 7, Browns 9. Errors, Browns 6, Alleghenies 2.

Yesterday at Baltimore, Eclipse 5, Baltimores 1.

At Boston, Boston 4, Detroit 0.

At New York, Metropolitan 4, Trovs 2.

At Chicago, Chicago 5, Worcester 3.

At Providence, Buffalo 4, Providence 0.

The cricket match at Brighton, Staten Island, N. Y., was won by the Staten Island over the Western Association. Score, 114 to 104.

RACING.

At the Poughkeepsie trotting meeting the 2:21 class, first race, was won by J. P. Morrison over Clemmie G Best time, 2:21¾. The second race, 2:23 class, was won by May Thomas in straight heats; Manhattan second. Best time, 2:26¾. Brown Jug, the great pacer, gave an exhibition race against time, ending ring to beat 2:11¾. Fastest time, 2:18. The fourth race, 2:26 class, Owona came in first and Cornelia second. Five heats were trotted. Best time, 2:21.

At Brighton Beach, yesterday, Adalgana captured the first race, one mile; Lena second. Time, 1:49 The second race, one mile, was given to Wakefield; Towanda second. Time, 1:48¾. Pope Leo won the third race, one mile on an eighth; Babcock second. Time, 2:01. The seventh running, fourth race, was captured by Bouncer, Clarissina second. Time, 1:34½. Bob Roy won the fourth race, five-eighths of a mile, in 1:04¾, Garfield securing second place.

The day's races of the Quincy Trotting Association took place yesterday. The first race, 2:43 class, purse $500, had three starters. Maggie Fulton won in straight heats. Best time, 2:30¾. In the second race, purse $500, six started and six heats were trotted, Owen Farley, apparently a dark horse, winning the three last heats easily. Best time, 2:31¾.

The third race, a novel running race, had eight starters; purse $200, $25 to go to the first at the quarter-pole, $50 to the first at the half-mile, and $125 to the leader at the finish. Harry F. took the entire purse. Time, 1:47¾.

NOTES.

The Standards are going to Omaha to play a series of games.

The Dwyer brothers purchased Barnes, by Billet out of Mercedes, yesterday, for $12,000.

Excelsior and Stella Councell, L. of H., play a tournament game at the Brown's park this afternoon.

Smiley, recently released from the Browns, is looking for an engagement in Detroit, but he will hardly get it.

A meeting of the Missouri Bicycle Club is called for Sunday 27, by Capt. Stone for a run to O'Fallon Park.

The American team shot a practice match at Creedmoor yesterday. Col. Howard and J. M. Pollard were added to the International team yesterday.

The new feature of interest in the St. Louis club, the pitcher from Omaha—Dorr—all attract well in future games. He will do the twirling again on Sunday to Sullivan's catching.

The Western Rowing Club, of this city, is endeavoring to have the six-oared barge race for the Faust cup postponed until September 23, in order to give their crew time for proper training.

The St. Louis Cotton Compress Company and St. Louis Cotton Exchange nines played a game of ball at the Red Stocking Park yesterday, in which the latter nine were defeated by a score of 12 to 1.

A pigeon shooting match at Compton Avenue Park was won by Hunt Wilson and John Firrar over Col. Ward well and Dr. Swander. Score, 29 to 27. Hunt Wilson killed his fifteen birds without a miss.

Eli Fusselbach has been playing under the disadvantage of bad health all the season and will take a month's recuperation at Hot Springs. He deserves credit indeed, instead of censure, for much of his work was very plucky under the circumstances.

To-morrow the St. Louis Browns and the Alleghenies, of Pittsburg, will play their fifteenth game at Sportsmen's Park, Grand avenue. Recent events have acted in the nature of an application of turpentine and a match to some of the remaining tallent, and from this point it may be expected that the Browns will continue to win games. To-morrow's affair will be very interesting.

The president of the Missouri Bicycle Club received a letter this morning from the secretary of the Des Moines county Agricultural Society, saying that if a sufficient number of entries could be secured, they would at their annual fair, which takes place at Burlington, Ia., September 19 to 22, have a grand amateur bicycle contest for a gold medal to cost from $100 to $500. He also asked if entries could not be obtained from the West End and Missouri Bicycle Clubs of this city.

A swimming match for $50 a side and the championship of America, distance one mile, was contested on the Susquehanna River, near Oswego, N. Y., yesterday, between Harry Monroe, of Corning, and Geo. H. Wade, of Brooklyn. They were started from the referee's boat at 5:45, both diving. They swam very even and fast for the first half, when Monroe took the lead. He had an advantage over his opponent in a very peculiar stroke, which he only practices when making a spurt. The time was 28m 45s.

The professional sculling match which takes place at Saratoga this afternoon has excited some comment among local oarsmen and the result is looked forward to with considerable interest. The majority pick Wallace Ross for first place, barring accidents and such. George Lee is booked for second place, and said third place will probably be contested between Courtney and Geo. Hosmer. This will afford an excellent opportunity for judging the capacity of Wm. Elliott, the English oarsman, who has been doing considerable talking, but no rowing. The entries are Wallace Ross, Geo. Hosmer, William Elliott, J. H. Riley, G. W. Lee, Fred. Plaisted and Chas. Courtney.

$100.

An elegant silver service of seven pieces will be given away by Fox, the photographer. See explanation in show window, 916 Olive street.

NORTH ST. LOUIS.

The trustees of the colored school at Lowell have leased for a term of two years the old public school house there.

Mr. John Meyer, president of the John Meyer Lumber Company, returned this morning from a business trip to Wisconsin.

Herman Weiz, a butcher, was thrown from his wagon on Nineteenth and Garibaldi streets this morning and severely bruised about the body.

Clay is being hauled from Tenth and Niehaus avenue to build a levee along the Knapp, Stout lumber wharf, foot of Bremen avenue, as a guard against future floods.

Next Monday night Jefferson Lodge, No. 14, A. O. U. W., will give a grand banquet at the Social Turner Hall, Thirteenth and Monroe streets. Concordia Lodge will attend the reception and also the Grand Master, Henry L. Rogers.

CORRECT THE ERROR.

Some one says in your paper of yesterday that there will be no races at the Natatorium on Saturday evening, August 26. This is a mistake. There will be some excellent races and Ladies will be admitted as spectators.

CITY NEWS.

The plumbers met last night at Central Turner Hall to discuss the wages question. There is no likelihood of a strike, as employers are giving good workmen the maximum figure asked.

The Board of Health yesterday afternoon discussed clinical practice at the hospitals. The old system of selecting lecturers and admitting students from all the schools will probably be followed.

John Costine, an old citizen residing with his family at 1113 N. Sixteenth street, died very suddenly yesterday afternoon, without medical attendance. He had been suffering from cold and complained of a throat obstruction.

The stockholders of the Missouri Bell Telephone Company at the approaching meeting are to vote upon a proposition for purchase of a portion of the territory. The movement emanates from a syndicate of Eastern men who are forming a circuit of cities in the southwest, for connection with cities in Kansas.

The trial of James E. Love at the instance of David Trieber, representing one feature of the bucket-shop difficulty, took place yesterday afternoon before a jury in Justice Young's court. All the exciting incidents of the trouble among the partners were reviewed in evidence and a verdict of "not guilty" promptly returned.

Miss Julia Benkendorf, daughter of Dr. Benkendorf, a young adv well known in musical circles, who recently returned from Europe, was married last evening to Mr. Frank Cafferata, the wholesale fruit merchant. Father Kelly, of the Holy Angels Church, tied the knot. There was a reception at the residence of the bride's parents, after which the young couple repaired to their new home, 2635 Caroline street.

Golden's Liquid Beef Tonic means health and strength. *Ask for Golden's, take no other.* Of druggists generally.

AMUSEMENT NOTES.

THE FIREWORKS AT SCHNAIDER'S.

The second display of pyrotechnics, under the auspices of the St. Louis Fire Work Manufactory, was a grand success, surpassing even the grand display of the 19th. Everything moved smoother, the exhibition was larger and the pieces in better position. Prof. Hand's transit as "The Fire King" took place earlier in the evening, and he moved across the garden with great speed, the effect being indescribable. Another display is promised at an early date and the St. Louis Grand Orchestra will assist.

Minnie Maddern opens the season at Pope's next Sunday evening in "Figg's Ferry."

Wayman McCreery's opera of "L'Afrique" is running to fashionable houses at the Pickwick.

The Ford Opera Company continues to draw large audiences at Unrig's Cave, in "The Merry War."

Tom Pastor's Company begins the season of the Grand Opera-house next Sunday in a magnificent bill of attractions.

The People's Theater will open for the fall and winter season to-morrow night, when Hyde and Behman's Consolidation will appear.

All arrangements are complete for the benefit of Miss Chapman and Mr. Denham at Unrig's Cave on Monday night. "The Mascot" will be given.

A testimonial will be given Mr. McCreery at the Pickwick next Monday evening. The New York Ideal Opera Company does not appear until Tuesday evening.

Last of the Season.

The St. Louis Grand Orchestra will give their twenty-fourth and last summer-night's concert at Schnaider's Garden, this evening. The programmes have been all very good and the following choice bill has been selected to close up the summer:

1. Reception March.....V. Schopp.
2. Overture Don Juan.....Mozart.
3. Banquet Quadrille.....Strauss.
4. Le Carnival de Venise.....Dancla.

For four violins (variation brilliante)
Messrs. Schoen, Kleve, Hecks and Nemuth.

5. Nuicht Turchi Potpourri.....Schreim r.
6. Concert Polonaise.....Pizky.
7. Luna Walz.....R. St. Mayer.
8. Tannhauser Potpourri.....R. Wagner.
9. Overture.....Suppe.
10. Galop.....Strauss.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

A chunk of coal 4.4x10 was received at the Denver Exhibition Thursday.

Benj. Walsh, a brakeman, had one leg amputated at Kansas City Thursday.

Hiram Bigg, a brakeman, was fatally injured at Dubuque, Ia., Thursday.

The cotton worm has appeared at Pine Bluff, Ark., but too late to do much damage.

Heavy rains in Northern Texas delayed trains several hours Thursday on all the roads.

Mrs. Mathilda Smith, of Dubuque, Ia., was thrown from a wagon Thursday and fatally injured.

H. J. Hamlin's barn, at Windsor, Ill., was struck by lightning and destroyed Wednesday night.

Right Rev. Leander Streber of St. Martin's Catholic Church, Louisville, Ky., died Thursday at the age of 75 years.

The liquor dealers of Carmi, Ill., will give a prize to the finest baby, under one year, exhibited at the Carmi Fair September 8.

Joseph B. Shirk, mail agent of the Indianapolis and St. Louis Road, was thrown from his car by a lurch at Indianapolis Thursday, and instantly killed.

Frank Vosburg was shot and killed by Reuben Henson on the 21st at West Plains, Mo., because he rescued another man whom Henson was beating.

Fred. Buck, a farmer at Champaign, Ill., was struck by lightning Thursday while sitting in his house. His boots were torn off and his limbs badly burned.

The banking house of J. B. Kelsey & Co., at Versailles, Mo., failed Thursday. President Kelsey was arrested on a charge of receiving funds when insolvent.

A slick young man from Chicago, who made the acquaintance of the wise men at Concord, Mass., has confidenced the banks out of nearly $600 by reason of his acquaintance.

At Shelbyville, Ky., Deputy Sheriff Alex. Julian, a defeated candidate for Sheriff of Franklin county, Ky., killed himself with his revolver while riding in his buggy on Thursday.

James Ruidenbacher, a farmer, committed suicide at Stockton, near Galena, Ill., Thursday, by shooting himself through the brain in a fit of despondency. He leaves $100,000 worth of property.

While attempting to kill Dick Murphy at Cynthiana, Ky., Thursday, J. S. Farrelly accidentally shot Miss Sallie Kannaday, wounding her slightly. Marshal West interfered, when James Kearns, a friend of Farrelly, attacked him and broke two of his ribs. West drew his revolver and killed Kearns. Farrelly was jailed.

"TAKE TIME
BY THE FORELOCK."
Only a few days more of the summer holidays left, and then
SCHOOL BEGINS.
It is fair to presume that the average St. Louis boy is hard on his clothes, and especially during vacation months do seams rip and rents appear. A discouraged parent remarked yesterday: "If I had my boys' pants half-soled with boiler iron they'd wear holes in them in a week's time." Now, we hardly think it is quite that bad, though the little fellows are hard on fabrics. But this season we are FIXED for them, and we want parents and guardians to investigate our claims for a superior article of SCHOOL UITS and SCHOOL PANTS. We will sell low for cash, and satisfy you as to the wear-resisting quality of the fabrics used in building the garments so they will "stand the racket."
School Supply Headquarters
FAMOUS,
Fifth and Morgan Sts.

MULFORD & McKENZIE,
Ticket Brokers,
Are making special rates to Indianapolis, Cincinnati, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, Buffalo and Cleveland. Cut rates to all points.
108 N. Fourth St., and 12th and Poplar.

HASHISH.

A Woman's Experience With a Dose of Indian Hemp.

Special Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

LAS VEGAS, N. M., August 21.—My brain was weary with futile labor, and yet the fierce pain in my heart forbade rest or slumber. Day after day of unremitting brain-work—night after night of sleepless brooding on my life's sorrow, had shaken my nerves, and now, magnetized and soothed by the mere presence of the clear-eyed, quiet-voiced young physician, I took the opiate from his hands unquestioningly—I, who so hated all drugs. Presently a smothering sensation pressed down the ache in my heart and my brain became passively receptive. I was still in my own room, and yet—

How dreadfully the wind blew and how dark was the night! It was awful to be alone in the streets on such a mad night, when the wind seemed a demon whip to scourge the belated wayfarer. How cold I was, and it was so late! Some distant bells chimed the hour of two, and then the sky opened its gates and the rain came down in torrents. I toiled up a narrow, shaking pair of stairs, up and up, until I almost lost my breath, and, pushing open a worm-eaten door, entered a narrow passageway. I could touch the walls on either side of me. And, step by step, in a darkness so dense as to almost smother me, I reached another door which I pushed open. Was I dreaming? I found myself on a veranda of purest marble, with balustrade of precious woods overrun with luxuriant rose vines laden with snowy, fragrant, dew-gemmed blossoms. Before me reached a sea as blue as summer sky and radiant in the brilliant rain of star and moon light. Far beyond my reach and where the moonlight shimmered brightest, stood a marble statue, its pedestal lapped by the perfumed waters. With a cry of mad joy I leaned toward it, for this beautiful statue was the embodiment of my life become tangible. At my wild, glad cry, a breeze rippled over the waters,—a shower of rose leaves fell,—and my beautiful statue, thrilling with warm passionate life, turned toward me and the starry eyes of the young physician were gazing into mine and his quiet voice bade me rest. Rest! How could I rest in such a storm of snow and hail and wind! the snow was so deep, the wind swept through and through me, and the hail stung my skin like fire. How dark the day was, too. Yet, if I could only push open this narrow iron door, I might find refuge and brief breathing space from the storm in which I alone of all the world was compelled to wander. The door yields at last, and I stand in a room stranger than I have ever seen. A glass dome gives light to the windowless room, and the warm sunlight falls on the marble floor and shines on rare flowering plants. Artists in blue blouses and caps are painting at their easels. At the other end of the oblong room sculptors in white linen blouses and red caps are at work. From the rough marble freshly quarried to the finished, perfect statue, stands the work in its various stages. Beneath the dome stands upright a clear, frameless, mirror, and opposite it, the counterpart in size, swings a plain canvas such as artists use. A close look at the canvas shows it a perfect blank, and, turning again to the mirror, I sink to my knees in silent awe; for reflected therein from the apparently blank canvas is a scene of the Crucifixion, as sorrowful as life, as real as death, and the mirror is framed in a wreath of bloody thorns.

A cool hand rests upon my aching brow and the young physician's luminous eyes gaze straight into my soul as he bids me sleep. And I but do not wish to waste this golden moonlit night in slumber. It is June, and the perfume of dew-wet roses sweep through my opened window as I watch the stars. Suddenly, far away—so far that it seems but a tiny point of fire—a star commences to fall. As it comes nearer it grows more and more radiant, "splendid, six-rayed in color rosy pearl," and through soul and body sweeps a mad ecstacy of joy, for the star is coming to me, is falling straight into my heart. The other stars fade away, and even the morn grows dim in my star's radiant light. "It is my star!" I cry in my gladness, when it suddenly turns aside, and, passing behind the moon, its track marked by a rippling wave of light on the moon's surface. And I have lost my star forever. J. M.

THE largest ink house in the world (Thaddeus Davids & Co.) is at 127 William street, New York, and Mr. Geo. W. Davids was induced to employ St. Jacobs Oil in seeking relief from the pangs of rheumatic gout, a disease which he inherited, and which at times proved very troublesome. He has used the remedy with very great satisfaction indeed. It relieved him within twenty-four hours after commencing to apply it of a pretty sharp attack of his hereditary foe. He was therefore disposed to think kindly of it as an extremely efficacious liniment. Mr. Davids further stated that St. Jacobs Oil had been used by members of his family for neuralgia, and in one case for the mumps, with the most gratifying results.

Dr. E. C. Chase,
923 Olive street. Best of teeth $8.

Weather Indications for to day are: Partly cloudy; local rains.

DON'T YOU NEED A DUSTER?
If so, please remember that there is nothing made in this line that can compare with our celebrated
Patent Duster Coat.
An examination of its merits will satisfy any one that it is all we claim for it.
We are the sole owners of the patent for the United States and they cannot be found elsewhere in this city
Don't fritter away your money on the old and inefficient style of garments, but be up with the times and get the newest and best thing out. Come and see it.
F. W. HUMPHREY & CO., Fifth and Pine.

IT MAY BE MURDER.

A Serious Affray in a St. Louis Avenue Grocery.

Last night at about 9 o'clock a row occurred between John A. Kipper, a nineteen-year-old clerk employed in Leonhard Herd's grocery store on the northwest corner of St. Louis and Jefferson avenue, and Joseph Grim, of No. 2895 St. Louis avenue, which may result in murder. Henry, a twelve-year old son of Grim's, and another boy went to the store to buy some goods. A dispute arose between the clerk and young Grim about the price of some articles, and the result was that the two boys were driven from the store. The elder Grim went in and asked Kipper what he meant by beating his son. The clerk made no reply, when Grim attempted to take hold of his arm. At this time Kipper, who had a 22-caliber pistol in his hand, fired two shots, one of which took effect in Grim's right shoulder. A policeman came up and arrested Kipper and called the city ambulance, which conveyed Grim to the City Dispensary. The surgeon in charge probed for the bullet but could not find it. The wound is quite serious and may prove fatal. Pending the result Kipper was locked up on a charge of assault to kill which will be changed to murder if the shot proves fatal.

"I DID have the rheumatism," said Mr. Robert Fletcher, of the Chicago Irish Tribune, "and was cured by St. Jacobs Oil. I think it a wonderful, never-failing remedy."

A Nautical Story.

"Shiver my timbers and blast my tarry toplights, messmates," said Commodore J. M. Thompson yesterday evening as he alighted from the four-horse omnibus in front of the Lindell Hotel and approached a crowd of boarders sitting on the sidewalk, meanwhile hitching up his trousers, "but we came near having a breezy time in that craft beating up from the depot. You see it was as how as this. We was a-bowling along Sixth street under close-reefed tops'ls and everything snug set below and when just off the Laclede Hotel light we tacked to cross the car track. She missed stays and swung round broadside to the wind. Just then a coal wagon came bearing down on us, and I was cock sure that she was goin' to strike us just abaft the mizzen. I stuck my head out of the starboard port and hollered to the first mate on the front seat, 'Avast heavin' there.' Just then he nicely clewed down the larboard wheel horse and the leaders began to pay off beautifully before the wind. The craft luffed and we spun along at the rate of five knots an hour." By this time the enthusiasm of the Commodore was at its highest pitch. "I tell ye, messmates," he continued, "that air episode reminded me of when I was cruising in my yacht last year off Barnegat. It was a thick, nasty night, everything was set aloft and the crew was housed in the forecastle, when—" at this juncture the company rose as one man and proceeded below and the bar. The boys knew that the Commodore was going to spin another of his interminable yarns. They had been there.

WANTED — Twenty-five good saleladies competent to sell trimmed and untrimmed hats, notions, ribbons, etc., at LEUBRIES,
705, 707, 709, 711 and 713 Franklin Av
Apply between 9 and 10 o'clock Monday morning.

The Criminal Judgeship.

The number of candidates for the position of Judge of the Criminal Court is on the decrease. It has been reported that ex-Judge Jones would be a candidate, but in relation to this he to-day said: "I would not under any circumstances whatever accept the nomination if tendered to me, and I unqualifiedly deny the report that I am a candidate." Nemile, M. W. Hagan, and Leverett Bell and Judge Sam Wagner are the four left in the field on the Democratic side and Mr. Joseph G. Lodge most prominently on the Republican.

MR. ARTHUR FISCHER says: "I caught a very bad cold which settled into a severe case of rheumatism. I did not know what to do for it, so I resolved to purchase St. Jacobs Oil for trial. Happy thought. I began applying the Oil, and in two weeks was as well as ever."—[Toronto (Canada) Globe.

CARONDELET JOTTINGS.

Important business to-night at the meeting of Jupiter Lodge, Knights of Honor.

News has been received of the death of Adam Oberly, he being run over by a train in Arkansas. He was for a long time a resident here, possessed considerable property, but his reputation was not one to be envied.

The name, "Home of the Friendless" has been considered by many persons a misnomer, for the inmates of that institution certainly have friends, genuine friends to provide them with such a home. The name as now inscribed upon the entrance gate, "The Old Ladies Home" seems much more appropriate.

Dieckman & Ibers having failed to comply with the terms embraced in the letting of the contract for the new Blow school, it has been re-let, Mr. James Gillick having the contract for the brick work. The main building to be erected this fall will contain nine rooms, the cost being $28,500. The wings to be built next season will contain six rooms each, the entire cost of the building when completed will amount to nearly $70,000.

John Stanley, who practiced law here for some years here is dead, having been shot by an officer at Butler, Mo. He was on one of his periodical sprees when the officer told him to keep quiet or he would be locked up. To this Stanley retorted by saying that if arrested he would kill the officer on sight when released. He was placed in the calaboose and when released procured his pistol and started to hunt up the officer, and when they met both began firing and Stanley received a mortal wound. He will be remembered as a man of many excellent qualities, and but for the one unfortunate habit would have risen to eminence in his profession.

A Heavy Loss.

BUFFALO, August 25. — The loss by last night's fire at the Erie Railway elevator was $300,000; covered by general policy carried by the Erie Railroad.

TROTTING AND PACING MATINEE!

SATURDAY, AUGUST 26th,
First race at 4 o'clock.
Admission 25cts. Ladies Free.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.—Notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of "The Bell Telephone Company of Missouri" will be held and convened at the office of said company, number 417 Olive street, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, on Thursday, August 31st, 1882, at the o'clock a. m., for the purpose of considering and acting upon a proposition to sell the property and franchises of the said company, situated at and in Kansas City, Missouri, and independence, Missouri. Said meeting is now called by the undersigned on the written request of at least five stockholders of said company, who own not less than one-third of the capital stock thereof.
E. A. HITCHCOCK,
President of the Bell Telephone Company of Missouri.
E. A. SMITH, Secretary.
St. Louis, August 21, 1882.

LIMITED PARTNERSHIP.—Be it known that Wightman Breedlove Smith and David R. Francis, each residing in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, have entered into a limited copartnership under the firm name and style of "Breedlove Smith," said Wightman Breedlove Smith to be general partner and David R. Francis is the special partner; and said David R. Francis has actually contributed and paid into said partnership the sum of Fifty Thousand Dollars in lawful money of the United States; and the general nature of the business to be transacted by said copartnership shall be a transacting of general commission business, to be transacted in the city of St. Louis, Missouri; and said partnership shall continue for the period of one year, commencing on the first day of September, Anno Dominae one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and David R. Francis may withdraw annually for his individual use from the means of said partnership an amount equal to one-half the net profits of said partnership.
W. BREEDLOVE SMITH.
DAVID R. FRANCIS.
Witnessed by HORACE F. HARDY.
State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss
Wightman Breedlove Smith, being duly sworn, on his oath says that the matters set forth in the foregoing statement are true.
W. BREEDLOVE SMITH.
Sworn to and subscribed before me this second day of August, 1882. Witness my hand and official seal.
{SEAL} C. D. GREENE, JR.,
Notary Public.
State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
I, Charles D. Greene, Jr., a Notary Public in and for said city and State, certify that on this first day of August, A. D. 1882 before me personally came David R. Francis and Wightman Breedlove Smith, who are personally known to me to be the same persons whose names are subscribed to the foregoing statement of limited partnership parties thereto, and severally acknowledged the same to be their act and deed for the uses and purposes therein mentioned.
In witness whereof I have hereto set my hand and official seal this third day of August, A. D. 1882.
{SEAL} C. D. GREENE, JR.,
Notary Public.
State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss
I, the undersigned, Recorder of Deeds, certify that the within instrument of writing was filed for record in my office Aug. 21st, 1882, at 11:18 a. m., and is duly recorded in Book 55, page 159.
Witness my hand and official seal, date aforesaid.
{SEAL} C. W. IRWIN,
Recorder.

OFFICE of Texarkana Cotton Compress Company, corner Rutger Street and Levee St. Louis, Mo., August 5, 1882. The regular annual meeting of the stockholders of this company for the election of thirteen (13) directors will be held at the office of the company, corner Rutger street and the Levee, on Saturday, September 9, 1882. Polls open from 9 a. m. to 3 o'clock p. m.
C. M. DONALDSON, Secretary.
St. Louis, Mo., August 5, 1882.

OFFICE ST. LOUIS COTTON COMPRESS COMPANY, ST LOUIS June 28 1882.
TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE ST. LOUIS COTTON COMPRESS COMPANY
A meeting of the stockholders of the St. Louis Cotton Compress Company is hereby called, and will be held at the office of said company at the corner of Rutger st and the Levee in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, on SATURDAY the 26th DAY OF AUGUST, 1882 from 9 o'clock a. m. to 3 o'clock p. m. of said day. The object of said meeting is to vote upon a proposition to increase the capital stock of said St. Louis Cotton Compress Company from one million dollars to one million two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.
WM. McKENZIE, J. D. GOLDMAN,
C. M. DONALDSON, I. M. WIENER,
T. H. WEST, JAMES L. SLOSS,
M. C. HUMPHREY, J. N. STEGALL,
WM. F. OBEAR, R. B. WRIGHT.
GEORGE D. FISHER,
Directors.

OFFICE St. Louis Cotton Compress Company, St. Louis, Mo., August 5, 1882.—The regular annual meeting of the stockholders of this company for the election of eleven (11) directors will be held at the office of the company, corner Rutger street and the Levee, on Saturday, September 9, 1882. Polls open from 9 a. m. to 3 o'clock p. m.
C. M. DONALDSON, Secretary.
St. Louis, Mo., August 5, 1882.

OFFICE OF MOUND CITY MUT. F. & M. INS. CO.,
ST. LOUIS, August 15, 1882.
NOTICE TO MEMBERS.—The directors of this company have ordered an assessment of 7½ per cent on all premium notes up to and including No. 9,303, being for all policies in force January 1st, 1882, payable on or before the 20th day of October next, at the office of the company, 600 Olive street. CHARLES H. ALEXANDER, Secretary.

LEGAL.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Charles E. Parker and Anna Jane his wife, by deed of trust of date the first day of April, 1876, and recorded in book No. 549, p. 44, of the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate, situate in said city of St. Louis, to-wit: Lot number three of the subdivision of block N six hundred and forty-two of said city, now in what is known as Chambers, Christy & Wright's addition to said city, containing a front of twenty-five feet on the north line of Chouteau street by a depth of one hundred and sixty feet nine inches to an alley fifteen feet wide, the east line of said lot is fifty-two feet ten inches west of Twelfth street as per plat of said subdivision; in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed of trust described, and whereas one of said notes has become due and remains unpaid. Now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes and in pursuance of the conditions in said deed of trust, I, the undersigned, will, on
MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, A. D. 1882,
between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and four o'clock p. m. proceed to sell said property described at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, at the Real Estate Exchange, as provided in said deed of trust, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, for the purposes of said trust.
L. A. MOFFETT,
Trustee.
St. Louis, August 16, 1882. 107

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas John H. Voss and Rosa, his wife, by deed of trust dated the 2nd day of July, 1881, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, in book 672, page 188, did convey to the undersigned in trust a certain lot of ground in block "D" of the Gordon Tract, being lots number one, two, three and four of city block number 362, commencing at the intersection of the west line of Fifteenth street and the southern line of Cass avenue, and running thence west along the southern line of Cass avenue ninety-eight feet, thence south along a line parallel to Fifteenth street one hundred and fifty feet to a alley, thence east along the northern line of said alley seventy-eight inches to Fifteenth street, and thence north along the western line of Fifteenth street one hundred and thirty feet to Cass avenue, the place of beginning; which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed of trust described. And whereas one of said notes has become due and remains unpaid. Now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes and in pursuance of the conditions in said deed of trust, I, the undersigned, will, on
MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, A. D. 1882,
between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and four o'clock p. m. proceed to sell said property described at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, at the Real Estate Exchange, as provided in said deed of trust, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, for the purposes of said trust.
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